The Bombay Gazette.

No. 128,017—New Series. BOMBAY :—WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1890.

BRANCH OF THE YAL ASIATIC SOCIE

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS GUIDE

CONTAINING

the Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
Corrected up to March 1889.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Pres
PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

CUTLER, PALMER'S CLARETS.

As supplied to over 100 Messes, Clubs, &c.

Qts.	pts.		Qts.	pts.
12-8	7-0	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	12-8	7-0
22-0	12-0		22-0	12-0
25-0	13-8	Dinner—St. Julien, La Rose and Palme	25-0	15-0
28-0	15-0		28-0	18-0
31-0	18-0	After Dinner—Chateau Rauzan, Lafitt	34-0	18-0
38-0	20-0		38-0	20-0

"C. P. & Co.'s stock and selection of Claret are the largest, and rank as the finest in India."

CUTLER, PALMER & CO., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Friday.
B.L. THAMES......	4113	800	W. A. Seaton......	10th Jan.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell ..	17th „
B.L. GANGES	4206	800	T. L. Allerton......	24th „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne ..	31st „
B.L. ORIENTAL	5500	1000	E. Stewart	7th Feb.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell....	14th „
B.L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	21st „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne...	28th „
B.L. PENINSULAR..	5500	1000	W. J. Webber ..	7th Mar.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell.....	14th „
B.L. SUTLEJ.........	4205	800	W. D. Worcester..	21st „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne..	28th „
B.L. MASSILIA	4918	1000	C. Fraser	4th Apr.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell...	11th „
B.L. PEKIN	3929	600	P. Harris..	18th „
† ASSAM	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	25th „
B.L. COROMANDEL	4500	800	I. REEVES	2nd May.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell..	9th „
B.L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4029	800	G. W. Atkinson	16th „
† ASSAM........	3038	500	G. W. F. Browne	23rd „

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain	On or about 1890.
MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	18th Mar.
ORIENTAL	5500	1000	R. Stewart	12th Apr.
PENINSULAR ..	5500	1000	W. J. Webber....	13th May.

The steamers marked B L proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London, by the mail route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a. m. on day of sailing.

COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain.	On or about 1889.
SUTLEJ	4205	800	W. D. Worcester..	16th Jan.
MASSILLIA....	4918	1000	C. Fraser...	30th „

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 2nd Jan. 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay.

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	
PO...................	..	...	10th Jan. 1890.
DOMENICO BALDUINO.	5,000	800	1st Feb. 1890.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	20th Feb. 1890.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	10th Mar. 1890.
DOMENICO BALDUINO..	5,000	800	1st April 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG

Steamer.	To sail.
BISAGNO...................	On the 8th January 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Dec. 20, 1889.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger..	4,600	750	1st Feb. 90
POSEIDON.........	L. Lemisica....	4,800	650	5th Feb. 90
IMPERATRIX..	F. Egger	4 600	750	1st March.
IMPERATOR.......	C. Bechtinger ..	4,600	750	1st April.
IMPERATRIX ..	F. Egger.........	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger..	4,600	750	1st June.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 1

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI...	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals,

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
ELEKTRA.........	A. Lussich..	4 000	600	10th Jan 90

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Mossowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MEDUSA	G. Mettel..	3,500	550	21st Jan. 90

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street. Bombay, 26th Dec. 1889.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 12th January 1890 at 3 p.m. FOR
and ADEN in connection with the
bound and the Steamer
and Mauritius.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ARABIA," 1,080 tons, at 11 a.m. on 12th January, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY. 8th January.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,615 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 9th January, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S. S. "HENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 11th January.

FOR RAN GOON.

THE S. S. "SIRDHANA," 2,697 tons, on or about 9th January.

THE S. S. "BYCULLA," 1,464 tons, on or about 13th January.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.

THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 15th January.

The undersigned are prepared to accept Marine Risks on the Indian Imperial Marine Insurance Company, Ld.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 7th January, 1890. Agents.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY of DUBLIN," 5,000 Tons, Captain J. SWAN, will SAIL for LIVERPOOL on or about the 16th January 1890. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two berth Cabins (on deck), amidships. Baths, Punkahs and every comfort for First-class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.
Bombay, 26th December 1889.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
PASSENGER SEASON, 1889-90.

MESSRS. THOS. COOK & SON have pleasure in inviting the attention of Members of the Civil and Military Services, who may desire to take advantage of the new and much improved Second Saloon accomodation of the P. & O. Company's Vessels, to their system of Registration of Forward bookings, by which the names of intending Passengers are registered, and from which parties are selected and grouped together in specially selected Cabins.

For further particulars and dates of sailing of Steamers of the P. & O. and other Lines see Cook's "Oriental Travellers' Gazette," containing Telegraphic Code, post free on application to

THOS. COOK & SON,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
11, Old Court House Street, Calcutta.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER & CO.'S GLADSTONE BAGS.

Plain Hide or Black Leather, with Extra Clips and Nickel-Plated Mounts. Lined inside with Stout Brown Holland.

18in. Plain Hide. 20in.
Rs. 27. Rs. 32.
18in. 22in. Black Leather 26in. 28in.
Rs. 24. Rs. 34. Rs. 50 Rs. 63.

Gladstone Bags, The New Expanding, in Black Leather.

18in. 22in. 24in.
Rs. 27. Rs. 42. Rs. 50
22in., Plain Hide, Rs. 45.

Ladies' Dress Bags, Leather lined inside. Do not collapse and are very Roomy.

18in. Plain Hide 20in.
Rs. 40. Rs. 45.
20in. Black Leather. 22in.
Rs. 45. Rs. 50.

THE BEACONSFIELD BAG.

Plain Hide, lined with Stout Brown Holland, with Pocket for Boots, etc., and a separate Tray for Linen. Opens Square and is a very Capacious Bag. 24 in., Rs. 57.

Gladstone Bags, lined with Brown Holland, Fancy Stout Cloth outside, Nickel Mounts and Leather Straps.

22 in. 24 in.
Rs. 27. Rs. 29.
16 in., with outside Pocket, Rs. 19.

Ladies' Gladstone Bags, Plain Hide, Leather lined inside, Nickel Mounts. 21 in, Rs. 45.

Brief Bags, 16 in, Rs. 21-8.

Courier or Money Bags, with improved Locks and Nickel Mounts, assorted sizes, in Waterproof Canvas and Roan Leather. Rs. 5 to Rs. 11-8.

TREACHER & CO., Limited.
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

POCKET DRESSING INSTRUMENTS.

	Rs.	a.
SETS—Containing Bistoury, Probes, Abscess Lancet, Scalpel, Dressing Forceps, Scissors, Gum Lancet, Suture Needles and Silk, in Shell Handles ....Per set	20	0
SETS—Containing same as above, but in Horn Handles ... .Per set	15	0
SETS—Containing in addition Caustic case, and Director, in shell Handles ....Per set	25	0
SETS—Containing in addition extra Bistoury, Female Catheter, Scalpel and Bistoury, Spatula, Exploring Trocar, Artery For- Knife and Gum Lancet,		

STATIONERY.

TREACHER & Co., Ld, import STATIONERY and WRITING MATERIALS of every description direct from the Manufacturer, and are thus enabled to offer Goods at the Best Prices. A few lines of Special Value are quoted below :—

IMPERIAL TREASURY STATIONERY.

An excellent paper for [illegible]. It is sufficiently glazed to render the passage of the pen agreeable, whilst its hardness, closeness, and evenness of texture ensure its availability for use during the wet season.

	Rs.	a.
Queen and Albert Paper, extra thick, per box of 5 quires ....Re. 1-8 and	1	12
Small and large 8vo. and large 4to., extra thick, per box of 5 quires...Rs. 2, Rs. 2-12, and	5	4
Oblong and Square Envelopes, all sizes, per box of 100 ....Re. 1-2, Re. 1-4, Re. 1-6, and	1	10

FANCY AND TINTED STATIONERY.

For Invitations, &c., very fashionable for local Correspondence.

IMPERIAL TREASURY REP.

	Rs.	a.
Grey, Green, Rose, and Neutral Tints, also White, Albert, and Small 8vo. Paper, per box of 5 quires ....Rs. 2-2 and	2	8
Square Envelopes, per box of 100...Re. 1-12 and	2	8

IMPERIAL TREASURY VELLUM REP.

	Rs.	a.
Albert and Small 8vo. Paper, per box of 5 quires ....Rs. 2-4 and	2	8
Square Envelopes to match, per box of 100, Re. 1-12 and	2	0

SUPERFINE THICK CREAM-LAID ALDINE.

	Rs.	a.
Albert and small and large 8vo. Paper, per box of 5 quires............Re. 1-6, Re. 1-10, and	1	12
Square Envelopes for Albert and Small 8vo. Paper, per box of 100 ....Re. 1-4 and	1	6
Oblong Envelopes for large 8vo. Paper, per box of 100	1	10

AZURE-LAID ALDINE BANK.

	Rs.	a.
Large 8vo. Note Paper size, per packet of 5 quires	1	4
Large 4to Letter Paper size „ „	2	8
Oblong Envelopes, per box of 100	1	4

THE MANDARIN PAPER.

Of a rich Orange Colour with a fine hot-pressed surface.

	Rs.	a.
Albert and small 8vo., per box of 5 quires, Rs. 2 and	2	4
Envelopes to match, per box of 100, Re. 1-12 and	2	0

BASKERVILLE VELLUM WOVE BANK STATIONERY.

	Rs.	a.
In boxes containing 5 quires of large 8vo. Paper and 100 Envelopes, per box..........................	3	4

BASKERVILLE VELLUM WOVE GLAZED NOTE PAPER.

	Rs.	a.
Small 8vo., per box of 5 quires	2	4
Square Envelopes to match, per box of 100......	1	12

CABINETS OF STATIONERY.

	Rs.	a.
Each containing 4 quires Paper, Grey, Granite, and Cream Repped, and 100 Square Envelopes to match	1	12

EXTRA SUPERFINE THIN WATER-LINED SATIN PAPER,

FOR FOREIGN AND INDIAN POSTAL CORRESPONDENCE,

Presents the advantages of agreeable surface, resistance to the action of damp, substantial texture, and availability for Inland Correspondence.

	Rs.	a.
Small and large 8vo. and large 4to Paper, per packet of 5 quires......Re. 1-6, Re. 1-8, and	3	0
Oblong and Square Envelopes, per box of 100, Re. 1-4, Re. 1-6, and	1	

PRINCE OF WALES PAPER.

	Rs.	a.
A thin Opaque Paper, with Water-lined Ruling, Medium 8vo and 4to Paper, per packet of 5 quires .... Re. 1-6 and	2	0
Oblong and Square Envelopes, per box of 100, Re. 1-2 and	1	4

THE TRANS-OCEANIC NEW PARCHMENT BANK STATIONERY.

	Rs.	a.
A thin tough Paper for Inland and Foreign Correspondence. In boxes containing 30 Sheets of Paper and 15 each Square and Oblong Envelopes ....per box	1	8

THICK CREAM-LAID OVERLAND STATIONERY.

	Rs.	a.
In boxes containing 48 Sheets of Note Paper and 24 each Square and Oblong Envelopes, per box	1	6

TURKEY MILL BANK WRITING PAPER
For Mercantile Correspondence.

	Rs.	a.
Large 4to. Blue Wove, ruled faint, per packet of 5 squires	4	8

EXTRA THICK MOURNING STATIONERY.

Narrow, Medium, Broad, and Extra Broad. In boxes containing 48 Sheets of Paper and 48 Square Envelopes.

	Rs.	a.
Albert Superfine Cream-laid	1	8
Small 8vo. do.	1	12

CHIT STATIONERY

Of good quality, at reasonable prices.

	Rs.	a.
Albert and small 8vo. Paper Creamlaid, per packet of 5 quires.....................Re. 1-2 and	1	6
Lily Opaque Paper, thick and extra thick, per packet of 5 quires ....Re. 1-2 and	1	6
Oblong and Square Envelopes, per box of 100, from As. 14, Re. 1, and	1	4

BUFF ENVELOPES
For General Office use.

	Rs.	a.
Size 5¼ by 3½ in., per 1,000, Rs. 3-8 ; per 5,000,	16	0

BLOTTING PAPERS.

	Rs.	a.
Thick White, extra Absorbent ....per quire	1	4
„ Pink „ .... „	1	4
Camden, Linen-faced .... „	2	8

Samples for actual reference as to quality and style, with Prices, will be furnished to Mofussil Constituents upon application.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

KEMP & CO.'S AERATED WATERS, IN SYPHONS.

Per Dozen,—Soda, Rs. 1-8 ; Lemonade, &c., Rs. 3.
Syphons allowed for on Return.

KEMP AND CO. LD., BOMBAY.

THE SEASON 1889-90

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

HAVE the pleasure to announce the arrival of the following NEW GOODS :—

FOR COLD WEATHER WEAR.

	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.
Warm Rugs, all Wool	13	8 to	38	0
Real Austrian Rugs.		...	33	0
Scotch Mauds	13	8 to	35	0
Real Whitney Blankets, White or Scarlet ...per pair	18	8 to	25	0
Real Eider Down Quilts	25	0 to	45	0
Do. Pillows	6	8 to	8	8
Best Feather do.		...	8	8
Best Wove Flannel Sleeping Suits ...	12	0 to	16	0
Best Wove Flannel Shirts	7	8 to	8	8
Warm Gloves... ...	1	8 to	2	8
Kid Gloves, Lined, Spring Fastening.		...	4	8
Do. (Ladies)...		...	4	0
Warm Dressing Gowns............	18	8 to	25	0
wns	15	8 to	18	8

	Rs.	a.	Rs.	a.
Cardigan Jackets ...	10	8 to	15	8
White Cashmere Mufflers	3	0 to	3	8
White and Coloured Wool Mufflers ...	3	0	...	
Real Scotch Lambswool Under Shirts	6	8 to	7	8
Real Scotch Lambswool Pants	6	8 to	7	8
Stout Brown Merino Vests ....each	7	8 to	8	8
Do. Pants „	7	8 to	8	8
Shetland Lambswool Socks ......per doz	25	0	...	
Ribbed Hand Knitted Half Hose, per doz.	30	0	...	
Woven Cholera Belts	2	12	...	
Warm Overcoats ...	45	0	to 55	0
Ulsters, very Warm.	45	0	to 55	0
Warm Cheviot Suits, from	38	0	to 50	0

ORPE & Co.,

Y'S
AMPS
SE.

ANY, Ld.
Camp & Bhoodwar Peth.

O.'S

ISTLETS
frequenters of
Lawn-tennis
cles, and cause
r.

LD.,

FOR BRIEF CORRESPONDENCE.

CHIT PAPERS,—48 Sheets, with Envelopes to Match, Re. 1.

CORRESPONDENCE CARDS.—50 Tinted Cards with Envelopes, Rs. 1-2.

UNION STATIONERY.—2 Quires, White or Tinted, Re. 1.

CREAM-LAID NOTE.—5 Quires, 8 annas. Envelopes to match, Re. 1 per 100.

KEMP & CO., Ld., BOMBAY.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5 Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard. Single, Rs. 15; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done

'XMAS AND NEW YEAR

NOVELTIES! NOVELTIES!! NOVELTIES!!!

IMPORTANT!

Before deciding on your CHRISTMAS and NEW YEAR GIFTS, do NOT FAIL to inspect the really Superb and Artistic Designs now on view at Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld.

The GEM and GOLD Jewellery is unsurpassed for large selection, beauty of design, and moderate prices.

Messrs. MARCKS and Co., Ld., are also showing some very pretty WRISTLET Watches, which have a reputation for moderate price, combined with thoroughly sound movements.

			Rs.	a.
Ladies' Gold Keyless Watch, fine movement and with Engraved back		...from	45	0
Ditto	ditto	in Silver ....from	28	0
Ditto	ditto	in Nickel Silver ....from	20	0

The Wristlets for above, cost Rs. 2-8 extra.

An extensive stock of well-selected useful Jewellery, suitable for LADIES and GENTLEMEN, including various patterns in Gold-handled Penknives, Compasses Charms, Pencils, Silver Cigar and Cigarette Cases, Match Boxes, Ash Trays, &c., &c.

The stock of GOLD CHAINS, BROOCHES, BANGLES is very extensive, and consists of all the best patterns.

The SILVER and ELECTRO WARE and CUTLERY is Magnificent—thoroughly well selected, and of the best Sheffield Manufacture, and at Sheffield Prices.

THE STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE

MESSRS. SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE'S

"STANDARD INDIAN SQUARE"

IS the best Pianoforte ever constructed for the Indian climate. It has all the good qualities of the world-famed "Grand Sympathetic Square," which the Makers, after years of research, trials, and alterations, have succeeded in transforming to the Most Perfect Piano specially made of or extremes of climate like that of India.

Notwithstanding the transformation has been effected at considerable outlay, it has been decided not to increase the Price, which will be the same as that of the "Grand Sympathetic Square," viz.

FOR CASH, RS. 780.

Twelve monthly-hire payments..	...Rs. 72 per month.
Twenty-four do. do.	...Rs. 38 per month.
Zinc-lined packing case	..Rs. 25 extra.

The weight of the Piano when packed complete is 11 *maunds* 30 *seers.*

ADDRESS :

MARCKS & COMPANY, LD.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE PIANOFORTES OF
MESSRS. SCHIEDMAYER AND SOEHNE, STUTTGART,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

PHOTOGRAPHS! PHOTOGRAPHS!!
"AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES."
A VERY DESIRABLE OPPORTUNITY.
LIQUIDATING AND CLOSING BUSINESS.

P. VUCCINO & CO., having DECIDED TO CLOSE their BUSINESS on the 31st March, 1890, will during the interim take Sittings in the very highest style of Art at the following low charges :—

	Half Doz.	Doz.	2nd Doz.	2nd Half Doz.
CARTES...........................Rs.	8	12	7	4
CABINETS .... „	15	20	15	8
PROMENADE .... „	18	28	18	9
BOUDOIR .... „	20	30	20	10
PANEL .... „	30	50	40	20
IMPERIAL .... „	40	60	48	24

N. B.—Any Lady or Gentleman who may wish to obtain their Negative Plate already taken by P. VUCCINO and Co., can now obtain the same at a very moderate rate. Also the valuable Collection of Negative Plates of Ajunta Caves taken by the late Major Gill. Views and Panorama Plates of Bombay.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.

P. VUCCINO & CO.,
PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTISTS, BOMBAY.

PILSENER BEER.
KAISER BREWERY.
BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).

THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.

First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.

Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.

In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.

Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.

N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the label without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY.
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE COMRIGAR, Sub-Agent.

Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or reference for payment in Bombay.

Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and discount to the Trade.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOVELTY THEATRE,

UNDER THE SOLE DIRECTION OF
MR. J. B. FERRELL.
FOR A SHORT SEASON ONLY.
COMMENCING
SATURDAY NEXT JANUARY 11TH.
FERRELL'S.
COMEDY AND BURLESQUE COMPANY,
In a round of the Latest London Comedies and Burlesques.
SATURDAY NEXT, JANUARY 11.
The most successful farcical comedy—The
"ARABIAN NIGHTS."

ARABIAN ARABIAN ARABIAN ARABIAN ARABIAN	As produced at the Comedy Theatre, London, for upwards of 400 Nights. Pronounced the funniest Comedy ever written.	NIGHTS NIGHTS NIGHTS NIGHTS NIGHTS
ARABIAN ARABIAN ARABIAN	Mr. J. B. Ferrell as "Artaur Hummingtop."	NIGHTS NIGHTS NIGHTS
ARABIAN ARABIAN ARABIAN	Mr. A. C. Seymour as Joshua Gillibrand."	NIGHTS NIGHTS NIGHTS
ARABIAN ARABIAN	Miss Maggie Ford as "Rose Colombier" (The Gutta-percha girl) (Her first appearance in Bombay.)	NIGHTS NIGHTS
ARABIAN ARABIAN ARABIAN ARABIAN ARABIAN	Curtain rises at 9-15 p.m. precisely.	NIGHTS NIGHTS NIGHTS NIGHTS NIGHTS

"THE ARABIAN NIGHTS."
NOTICE.

The following Comedies and Burlesques will be produced in the course of the season :—"Mamma," "The Don," "Sweet Lavender," "My Sweet-heart," "Pygmalion and Galatea," "Lurline," Illtreated Il Trovatore.

Reserved Seats at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

PRICES OF ADMISSION AS USUAL.
Doors open 8-30. Curtain rises 9-15. Carriages 11-15.

Sole Proprietor ....Mr. J. B. FERRELL.
Musical Director.........MONS. RIVIERE.
Business Manager ......ALLAN HAMILTON.

COLUMBIA SKATING RINK

opposite the Victoria Terminus.
1st GRAND FANCY DRESS
AND
NATIONAL BURLESQUE COSTUME CARNIVAL,
FRIDAY JANUARY 10TH 1890
UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE
of their Excellencies
LORD & LADY REAY
(not presence.)

A slight alteration will be made in the programme as to previous advertisment,

THE COLUMBIA CHALLENGE BAND, and the POPULAR VOLUNTEER BAND WILL PLAY THROUGHOUT THE WHOLE EVENING.

Doors will open 8-15. Skating to commence at 8-25.

10 o'clock, The Brilliant Grand March of costumed Skaters.

11 o'clock Mr. H. A. SIMMONS will give an EXHIBITION of ORNAMENTAL SKATING FINISHING with the wonderful feat of jumping.

OVER 8 CHAIRS on an ordinary pair of Skates.

During the Grand March costumes will be judged for two most handsome, original costumes worn by Ladies, Gentlemen and children.

11-30. SKATES WILL BE REMOVED AND DANCING WILL BE KEPT UP UNTIL 12-30.

A SPLENDID DANCING PROGRAMME OF 10 SELECTIONS. ALMOST ALL OF THE ELITE OF BOMBAY HAVE PROCURED tickets. Positively NO ONE WILL BE ALLOWED to SKATE OR DANCE EXCEPT THOSE in fancy dress or Burlesque costume, and only a limited number in full evening dress. Names and costumes must be registered at the Rink office in advance.

No tickets to be sold at the doors.

Secure tickets at once. Over half of THE SEATS ALREADY TAKEN.

Admission—Rs. 4. Second Row reserved Rs. 5. Front seats reserved Rs. 6.

ON SUNDAY, JANUARY 5,
WAS PUBLISHED
THE SIXTH NUMBER OF
"ANGLO-INDIA."

CONTENTS :

What India wants.
Wasted Power.
The Naval Service of India.
One cause of some modern errors.
Kate Broadstairs.
Verandah Colloquies.
The Baron, The Babies and the Servants.
The Millionaire's Secret.
A Born Coquette.
London Letters, Latest Intelligence.
The Books of the Day, etc., etc.

WILL SHORTLY APPEAR
DRAMAS OF LIFE,
A SERIES OF SHORT STORIES
BY
GEO. R. SIMS,
DAGONET.

To give our readers an idea of the varied bill of fare which this unique series will present to them, we may remark that the FIRST SIX STORIES will be respectively entitled as follow :—

No. 1 THE MILLIONAIRE'S SECRET.
" 2 THE CROSSING SWEEPER.
" 3 UNCLE FROM AMERICA.
" 4 THE SUICIDE'S LEGACY.
" 5 THE MURDERER'S WIFE.
(Conclusion of "The Suicide's Legacy.")
" 6 (HUMOROUS.)

The following Stories of this important series will similarly display a wide range of subjects, the Author's forte being the ability to make his audiences, (and his readers), laugh and cry alternately.

NOTICE.
RATE OF SUBSCRIPTION
TO
"ANGLO-INDIA."

Twelve Rupees per Annum.
Seven " Six Months.
Four " Quarter.

Address "ANGLO-INDIA" OFFICE.
4, WATERLOO STREET,
CALCUTTA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SWITCHBACK RAILWAY.

MOON-LIGHT BAND,
ENTRANCE AND RIDE 4 ANNAS.
ON THURSDAY 9TH Inst.
GRAND NAVAL, MILITARY, AND VOLUNTEER NIGHT.
PROMENADE CONCERT from 9 to 10 p.m.
DANCING from 10-15 to 12.

The Band of the Marine Battallion will be in attendance, and will play a Choice Selection of Music.

ADMISSION.
Gentlemen...Re. 1.
Lady and Gentleman.............................. " 1.

Tickets can be had at the office of Switchback Railway, Hornby Road.

Secure your Tickets at once.

FRAMJEE CAWASJEE INSTITUTE.

NATIVE MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT
By USTAD MANOVERKHAN and SONS,
The Celebrated Musicians from Jodhpore.
SATURDAY, 11TH JANUARY, 9 P.M.
REDUCED PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Reserved..........Re. 1 | Unreserved..........As. 8

Tickets to be had at the Dufter Ashkara Press, the Native General Library, and from the following Members of the Committee :—

Mr. SHAMRAO VITHAL.
KHAN SAHEB MANOCKSHAW DHANJEESHAW.
SURGEON-MAJOR K. R. KIRTIKAR.
Mr. KASSIMALL ALLRAZA.
Mr. KAIKHOSHRO. N. KABRAJEE.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, will be held in the rooms of the Chamber, Graham's Buildings, on WEDNESDAY, 15th January, 1890, at 4 p.m., to transact the following business :—

I. To receive the report of the out-going Committee.
II. To confirm the nomination of the members of the new Committee made in accordance with Sections 12 of Rule VII.
III. To amend Rule II of the Chamber regarding the election of members.
IV. To elect new members ; and to transact any other business that may be brought forward.

By order of the Committee,
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.
Bombay, 7th January 1890. Chamber of Commerce.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AT MEETINGS called for THURSDAY 9th inst. motions to the following Effect will be moved :—By Thomas Blaney, Esq : That the Corporation approve and sanction the modifications and alterations of the terms of the contract for the construction of the Tansa Duct as per details already circulated. By E. B. Carrol, Esq., : That the Corporation approve the action of the Municipal Commissioner and the prompt manner in which the Pawai water-scheme was placed before the Corporation as soon as the deficient rain fall at Vehar in the monsoon of 1889 was apparent, and that the Corporation will not at present sanction any expenditure upon Keoari, Ewar, or any other projects as a permanent addition to the water supply. By Javerilal U. Yajnik Esq. : That a Committee be appointed to consider and report upon the list of new offices exceeding Rs. 200 per mensem prepared as per schedule, and also upon those below Rs. 200 a month. By DINSHAW E. WACHA Esq. (1). That as the inclusion of the estimated opening Cash Balance of five lakhs in the Detailed Statement of Income and of the estimated closing balance of Rs. 107,106 in the detailed Statement of expenditure has the effect of concealing the deficit of Rs. 8,92,891, for the ensuing year, the Budget estimate be referred back to the Standing Committee, and that the Committee be asked to prepare an amended Statement showing how the above deficit can be met, &c. (2). That the Health officer's quarterly Reports be submitted to the Corporation not later than six weeks from the date that they become due.

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Municipal Secretary.
Bombay, Municipal Offices, 7th January 1890.

NEW REMEDIES.

JUST UNPACKED BY THE UNDERSIGNED.

SANTHA.—A Digestive Extract of Tea. Made instantly in Cup or Teapot. Is absolutely the only Tea free from the injurious effects of Tannin, and is the only safe Tea for WEAK DIGESTIONS.

The *Lancet* of May 4th, 1889, says :—" The preparation of this Tea Extract, for such it avowedly is, is founded on true scientific principles, and Santha Tea deserves careful consideration. In Santha the Aroma and the Caffeine are preserved, and the Tannin is neutralised and rendered innocuous."

The *London Medical Recorder* of Feb. 20th, 1889, says :—" This is decidedly a new departure in dietetics. . . . well adapted for the use of Tea Worshippers and others, whose digestive apparatus, resent the indigestion of the ordinary Infusion. . . We have examined the Tea from which the Extract is made, and can certify that it leaves nothing to be desired."

Per Bottle, Re. 1 and Rs. 2-4.

KOPTICA.—A new Herbal Extract ; a speedy complete and Permanent Cure for NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, RHEUMATIC GOUT, TIC-DOLOREUX, CRAMP and PAINS in the JOINTS, FLESH, and NERVES.

Per Bottle Re. 1.

F. S. MADON AND Co.,
CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS,
MARKET, BOMBAY.

BASEL "MISSION" (BALMATHA.) PANES

FOR SINGLE AND DOUBLE COTS of superior texture and most approved designs, famous for neatness and durability.

	Fringed on two sides. Rs. a.	Fringed, on four sides. Rs. a.
For Single Cots, white ....each	4 8	5 0
" " brown, khakee, green, or indigo blue .... "	5 0	5 8
" " Turkey red, or Turkey lilac.............. "	6 0	6 8
" " white with broad Turkey red borders.............. "	5 12	6 0
For Double Cots, white .... "	7 8	8 0
" " brown, khakee, green, or indigo blue.................. "	8 0	8 8
" " Turkey or Turkey lilac... "	9 12	10 0

Can be had from the DEPOT, No. 27, Hummum Street.

J. NEUBERG.
5, MEADOW STREET,
BOMBAY.

CIGARS AND CHEROOTS.

From a long experience both practical and experimental as a general

TOBACCONIST

I am warranted in assuring my constituents and the

PUBLIC IN GENERAL

Of my ability to give entire satisfaction as to character and quality of my

SPECIALITIES

and stock in trade.

FRESH SUPPLIES.
ADDITIONAL BRANDS.
NEW CATALOGUE.

SMOKERS' REQUISITES.

Replete with all the latest novelties affording an unrivalled selection.

J. NEUBERG,
5 MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that from the 1st January, 1890, the BUSINESS hitherto conducted in MY NAME will be CARRIED on under the style of

MACBETH BROS. AND CO.,

to whom all business communications should be addressed.

JOHN B. K. MACBETH,
41, Tamarind Lane, Bombay.

INDIAN IMPERIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS to the above Company and are prepared to accept Marine risks on the most favorable terms.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE, & Co.,
Agents.

ESTATE LATE F. H. RICHMOND, P. W. T. B. AND N. W. RAILWAY.

ANY PERSON indebted to, or having claims against the above estate, will kindly intimate the same within one month, to the undersigned, after which date no claims will be entertained.

MRS. E. S. RICHMOND, Executrix.
Mrs. Richmond, Railway Quarters, Ajmere.

NOTICE is hereby given that the PARTNERSHIP lately subsisting between us, the undersigned BHANJI TULSIDAS and JEEVA CHUTOOR, carrying on business as dealers in aniline dyes and other articles, under the name, style, and firm of VUSSONJI JEEWA has been DISSOLVED by MUTUAL CONSENT as from the 5th day of January 1890.

As witness our hands this 5th day of January 1890.

ભાણજી તુલસીદાસની સહી.
જીવા ચતુરની સહી.

MRS. NORVILLE'S THEATRICAL AGENCY, BOMBAY.

DRESSES for PLAYS, COMIC OPERAS or FANCY DRESS BALLS, sent on hire to any part of India.

Manuscripts of unpublished plays, &c., comprising some of the latest London successes, to be had on hire. Terms on application.

Address :—Mrs. NORVILLE, care of Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

EVERY MAN

INTERESTED in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for a valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure, nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent for three stamps. Address Mr. E. NORTON, 249½, High Holborn, London Eng.

NEW BOOKS BY G. A. HENTY.

WITH LEE IN VIRGINIA.—A Story of the American Civil War. With 10 full-page Illustrations by GORDON BROWNE, and 6 Maps. Crown 8vo., cloth elegant, 6s.

BY PIKE AND DYKE.—A Tale of the Rise of the Dutch Republic. With 10 full-page Illustrations by MAYNARD BROWN, and 4 Maps. Crown 8vo., cloth elegant, 6s.

ONE OF THE 28TH.—A Tale of Waterloo With 8 full-page Illustrations by W. H. OVEREND and 2 Maps. Crown 8vo., elegant, 5s.

BLACKIE & SON, London.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY.

THE SECOND ANNUAL EXHIBITION of PICTURES, &c., will be OPENED to the Public by H. E. THE GOVERNOR, on WEDNESDAY, 12th February, 1890, at the Secretariat.

On TUESDAY EVENING, 11th February, a CONVERSAZIONE will be held for a Private View of the Exhibition, open only to Members of the Society and Lady Friends.

The latest date for receiving Framed Pictures and other Exhibits, is February 3, 1890. For Prospectuses and other particulars, apply to the HONORARY SECRETARY,

L. R. W. FORREST,
Bombay.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY,

INCLUDING
MYSORE STATE RAILWAY.
NOTICE.
REDUCTION OF FIRST AND SECOND CLASS FARES.

FROM and after 1st January 1890, the ordinary First-class Fare will be reduced from 18 to 12 pies per mile, and the ordinary Second-class Fare will be reduced from 9 to 6 pies per mile, upon this Railway.

Except in special circumstances and on special occasions, Return Tickets will not be issued.

JAS. CRAIK,
Traffic Manager.
Traffic Manager's Office, Dharwar, 16th December 1889.

NOTICE
TO MILL OWNERS AND OTHERS.

I HEREBY give notice that Messrs. NORRIE MITCHEL & Co., of Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay are no longer my Agents, for any purpose whatsoever.

I have appointed as my Agents for the Bombay Presidency, Messrs. SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co., Engineers &c., of Bombay, who are empowered to act for me and on my account in all business transactions, and to whom all inquiries respecting my machinery, etc., should now be addressed.—Dated this 29th day of November 1889.

SAMUEL BROOKS,
Cotton Machinist.
Union Iron Works, West Gorton, Junction Iron Works, Newton Heath, Manchester.

WITH reference to the above ADVERTISEMENT all information and particulars respecting Machinery &c, manufactured by Mr. SAMUEL BROOKS will be furnished by us on application.

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE and Co.,
Engineers and Machinery Importers, Khetwady, Bombay

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
SUIT NO. 78 OF 1883.

ASLA NANJEE and GULBA NANJEE, respectively of Bombay, Marwadi Inhabitants residing in Fanaswadi, without the Fort of Bombay..Plaintiffs.

vs.

RAKHMABAI, wife of NARAYEN HARRICHUNDERJEE of Bombay, Hindoo Inhabitant, residing at Borebhat Line, without the Fort of Bombay, and CHARLES AGNEW TURNER, Official Assignee, and Assignee of the estate of the said NARAYEN HURRICHUNDERJEE, an Insolvent.. ....Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above suit and bearing date the Ninth day of March, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-nine, the following immoveable property WILL BE SOLD by Public Auction, before Charles Edward Fox, Esq., Commissioner of this Honourable Court, at his office in the Court house, on WEDNESDAY, the Twenty-second day of January, One Thousand Eight hundred and Ninety, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon,

PARTICULARS.

All the estate and interest of the abovenamed plaintiffs Asla Nanjee and Gulba Nanjee, and of the abovenamed defendants Rukhmabai, wife of Narayen Hurrichunderjee and Charles Agnew Turner, Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of the said Narayen Hurrichunderjee, an insolvent or any of them in all that piece or parcel of land or ground together with messuage, tenement or dwelling house or chawl, built and standing thereon situate without the Fort walls of Bombay, in an Oart called Borebhat, and on the western side of Borebhat Lane in the subdistrict of Bombay, containing by admeasurement one hundred and twenty eight square yards, be the same a little more or less and which said land is registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue for Pension and Tax under old No. 679, and new No. 8,069 old survey N . 516, and new survey No. 7,722, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal Taxes under No. 636 and bounded as follows that is to say on or towards the north by Oart of A. G. Dega, on or towards the south by the said Borebhat Lane, on or towards the east by the property of Dhakoul Govindjee, and on or towards the west by the property of Wittoba Bhugwan Panday, and which said land and premises were formerly in the occupation of the tenants of one Bhowanibaii daughter of Gungadher Luxumonjee, and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the first defendant.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani, Attorneys and for the Plaintiff's abovenamed, National Bank Buildings No. 20 Esplanade Road, Fort Bombay.—Dated this 22nd day of November, 1889.

CHARLES E. FOX.
Commissioner.

SIMPSON & CO.,
COACH BUILDERS & HARNESS MAKERS
BILLIARD-TABLE MANUFACTURERS,
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT
TO H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, K.G.,
K.G.C.S.I,
AND
H. H. THE NIZAM OF THE DECCAN,
G.C.S.I.,
201, MOUNT ROAD,
MADRAS.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY, Rs. 48 for one year, 25 for 6 months, 13 for 3 months, Rs. 6 per month in advance postage extra.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON & Co., Bombay, are now supplying Seventy Military Messes and Twenty Clubs with the finest Vintage WINES from the following well-known Houses :—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN, Pall Mall, London.
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS, Pall Mall, London.
CHRISTOPHER & Co., Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO, Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET & Co., Epernay.
HEIDSICK & Co., Rheims.
AYALA & Co., Cheteau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY, Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS, Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT, London.
LEACOCK & Co., Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON & Co., Madeira.
COCKBURN SMITHES & Co., London.
VAN ZELLERS & Co., Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG, Worms-am-Rhein.
NATHANIEL JOHNSTON & SONS, Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS, Bordeaux.
JAMES CATHCART & Co., Leith, N.B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co., London.
HUNGARIAN GOVT. CELLARS, Budapest.
H. T. CRESWELL & Co., Gibraltar.

Price List on Application
TO
PHIPSON & CO.,
BOMBAY.

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,
Custom House Road,
SOLE AGENTS AND IMPORTERS
OF

CROFTS' Very Old Tawny Port Wine.
GONNE CROFT & Co.'s Finest Old Scotch Whiskey.
DAVID SMITH & Co.'s Scotch Whiskey.
ARDEONAIGH Whiskey.
GLEN MUCHKIN Whiskey.
STANLEY and GRIMMS' Clarets, Chablis, Sauterne, and Burgandies.
JULES GRIMMOND Three Stars Brandy.
THIERRY & Co.'s Cognac (extra fine quality) Brandy.
T. HINE & Co.'s Fine Old Pale Cognac Brandy.
GENUINE Allasch-Doppelt Kummel.
LAGARDE & Co.'s Saumer, &c., &c., &c

CROFT, WELLS & Co.,
BOMBAY.

FOR SALE at the Godowns of the Undersigned :—

Duc de Montebello Champagne ..qts. Rs. 40 per dozen.
Do. Do. pints Rs. 42 per case of 2 doz.
Bruder Kleinoscheg Graz.
Dry Burgundy Red Champagne, quarts Rs. 30 per dozen.
Messrs. Cossart, Gordon & Co.
Madeira Choice Reserve...quarts Rs. 30 per dozen.
Old Particular ... " Rs. 25 do.
Selected ... " Rs. 20 do.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL
ON THE WAY TO KHANDALLA
IS NOW OPEN AND READY FOR VISITORS
UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

A First-class Hotel and splendidly situated on the Hill, with a good western and all round view and within an easy distance from the Railway Station. A Lawn Tennis Ground has been made close to the Hotel for Visitors.—A new Grand Sympathetic Piano for general use.

Apply to the
MANAGER, LANOWLI GYMKHANA, HOTEL.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The CHEAPEST material ever offered, from the BEST makers.

		Rs
BRUSH DYNAMO,	16 Arc Lights (2,000 candle-power each)..	800
Do. do.	10 " " do.	500
EDISON do.	65 Incandescent Lamps, (20 c. p.)...	400
GRAMME do.	20 Arc Lights of 500 c.p. each or 200 Incan. Lights of 20 c. p.	500
GRAMME DYNAMO,	10 Incandesent Lamps of 20 c. p...	180

GASSNER Dry Cells. No Chemicals. Always ready. Lasts for ever.*

INCANDESCENT Lamps, 3, 5, 10 and 20 c. p.
INSULATED CABLE, from 6 annas per yard.
Do. WIRE " 1 anna "

F. FISCHER & Co.

MESSRS. F. AHRLE & Co.

PHOTOS taken in Fancy Dresses, Worn at the Carnival, at the Skating Rink on the 10th inst., or any other Fancy Dress Ball during the season at greatly reduced rates, for all sizes and groups in a most artistic style and arrangements suiting to the character of the costume, at our well known studio above

MESSRS. SOUNDY & Co.,
Esplanade.

FANCY STAT
The Bom
16, ESPLA

Canvas Note
lity ....
Calico Note
Brown Holl
Do. d
Do.
Grey Calic
Floral Not
Botanic N
Autumn L
Ivy Co
"Just a fe
Assorted ..
Primrose,
Times Cor
Royal Nur
Cinderella
Canvas Sh
Coin and I
Parcel Pos
Fascinatio
Saratoga
Three Vo
0-24 Cabi
British Li
Old Saxon
Assorted
sponde
Imperial
Athole a
Extra F

BADHAM, PILE & Co. LD.,

DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS AND NAPKINS.

IMPORTANT INDENTS NOW TO HAND.
RICH FLORAL PATTERNS DOUBLE DAMASK TABLE CLOTHS.

2 yards by 2 yards.	2½ by 2 yards.	2 by 3 yards.
Rs. 11-8.	Rs. 13-8.	Rs. 14-8.

RICH DAMASK NAPKINS—Patterns to match Cloths, per dozen, Rs. 11-8 and Rs. 14-8.
HEMMED READY FOR USE.

BOMBAY, POONA AND SECUNDERABAD.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache, relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.

CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma.

CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.

CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.

CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.

From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33 Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. "Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery. Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our personal observation during many years. In Choleraic Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is A DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours Symes & Co., Members of the Pharm. Society of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists."

CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne ; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say, had been sworn to.—See "The Times," July 13 1864.

Sold in bottles at 1s 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.

CAUTION.—Beware of Piracy and Imitation. Sole Manufacturer:—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33, Russell Street Bloomsbury London.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL $7,500,000
RESERVE FUND $4,400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS $7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE, HONGKONG.

COURT OF DIRECTORS :
Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.
Deputy-Chairman—H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq.

Hon. John Bell-Irving.
W. G. Brodie, Esq.
T. E. Davies, Esq.
J. F. Holliday, Esq.
Hon. B. Layton.
S. C. Michaelson, Esq.
J. S. Moses, Esq.
L. Poesnecker, Esq.
N. A. Siebs, Esq.
E. A. Solomon, Esq.

Chief Manager—G. E. NOBLE, Esq.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING Co., LD.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

Amoy.
Bankok.
Batavia.
Bombay.
Calcutta.
Foochow.
Peking
Hankow.
Hiogo.
Iloilo.
Lyons.
Manila.
New York.
Hamburg
Penang.
Saigon.
San Francisco
Singapore.
Tientsin.
Yokohama.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent. on daily balances.

On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent. Terms for shorter periods on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China, and Japan.

DAVID JACKSON,
Acting Agent.
Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at Mangoe Lane, Calcutta

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
CAPITAL ....£3,200,000.
LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.

LONDON OFFICE, 32 Threadneedle Street, E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.

X. CASTELLI,
Rampart Row, W. Manager.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. LIMITED.

PAID-UP CAPITAL...... £ 584,400.
REST...... .... " 152,000.

LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.

DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest :—
FIXED, for 12 months .... 5 per cent. per annum.
" " 6 " .... 4 per cent. "
and for other periods subject to special arrangement.

INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balance.

DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

SECURITIES received for Custody ; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.

A Baggage and Agency Department in London has been added for the convenience of Eastern Constituent, and West End Branch has been opened at 25, Cockspurs St, Trafalgar Square.

G. W. F. PLAYFAIR,
Manager.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and IGUTPURI HOTEL, Igutpuri.

These HOTELS are spendidly situated, and within easy distance from Railway Stations. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.—Apply to

INSURANCES.

GUARANTEES AGAINST EMBEZZLEMENT.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE : ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities and remain in India.

THE Association provides security for the Intromissions and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Secretary.

COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY.

FIRE LIFE AND MARINE.
CAPITAL—£2,500,000.
FUNDS EXCEED—£1,950,000.

THE above Company INSURES almost every description of FIRE and SEA RISK and accepts LIFE PROPOSALS at advantageous rates on the shortest notice.

WALLACE & Co., Agents,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED 1834.
LOW RATES OF PREMIUM
REDUCED BY
ANNUAL CASH BONUSES.

No other Company in India can render such a Record of Substantial Cash Bonuses paid Annually to its Policy-holders for a period of Half a Century.

KING, KING & Co.,
Agents and Secretaries,
Bombay Branch
1st May 1889.

ORIENTAL LOAN ASSOCIATION, Limited.

ADVANCES made on approved Personal Security at moderate interest, repayable by convenient instalments in connection with Policies in the Oriental Life Office.

For Prospectuses, Proposal Forms, and further particulars, apply to

D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Managing Director.
Albert Building, Bombay.

SWIFT & FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK.
Price 8 Annas,
CAN BE HAD AT

THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona,
" COOPER, MADON and Co.,
" THACKER, SPINK and Co, Calcutta
HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	13 pct.	938
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	990
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	14 do.	900
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	125
Hong. and Shanghai	60,000	$125	All		255
National Bank	37,330	250	125	5 do.	185

PRESS COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Akbar Cotton	300	1,250	1,250	Rs. 75	1,125
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 20	
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	700
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	280
Bellary	620	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	405
Brook's Cawnpore P.	0	20	20	Rs. 16	105
Bombay Cotton Press	100	2	125	Rs. 20	127½
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 55	365xd.
East India Press Co.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,225
English Press & Mfg.	400	250		Rs. 30	190
Fort Press Co.	150	8,500	8,500	Rs. 0	1,325
French Press Co.	300	500	500	Rs. 80	505
Harvey & Sabapathy	450	500	500	Rs. 25	415
Khangaum Cotton Press Co	240	450	All	Rs. 45	370x1
Manmar Manfg. Co.	1,400	250	250	Rs. 25	200
Mercantile Press	1,500	125	125	Rs. 0	55
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 50	410
New Berar Cotton Ginning & Press Co.	1,350	500	500	Rs. 45	510
New Indian Press	4,000	125	125	Rs. 11	80
New P. of W. Press	600	500	All	Rs. 40	310
Sabapathy Press Co. Ld., (Bellary.)	500	500	500	Rs. 50	500
Sind Press Co.	400	2,600	750	Rs. 50	470
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co.	100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 120	1,150
Sassoon Press Co.	800	500	50	Rs. 25	515
Volkart Press	605	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	575
Khamgaum Manfg. Co	400		250		600

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Ahmedabad S. & W.	1,308	1,000	1,000		1300
Albert Edward Mills		[illegible]	50	R	300
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	2	80
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,900	500	500	...	280
Ahmedabad Ginning	700	1,000	1,000	..	—
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,890	125	125	..	..
Ambica S. & M. Co.,	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	—
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	480
Bellary S. & W. Mill	875	500	500	Rs. 22	495
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	600	500	500	Rs. 25	400
Bombay National Mfg Co., Ld.	700	1,000	1,000		560
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 3	675
Berar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	Rs. 0	130
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,500	500	500	Rs. 55	910
City of Bombay Mf'g. Ld	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	975
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,000	70	70	Rs. 2	665
Connaught Mills Ld.	810	0	50	Rs. 1	635
Coorla S. & W. Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	485
David Mills Co., Ld.	1,600	500	Rs. 40	Rs. 25	480
hun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	900
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,415½	500	500	Rs. 2	615
ramjee Petit S. and gor Mfg. Co., Ld.	250	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	590
Gordon S. & Mf'g. Co.	700	150	15	Rs. 2	130
Guzerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited		1,000	1,000	—	...
Guzerat S. & W. Co.,	420	1,000	1,000	...	83
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	760
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,500	500	500	...	625
Hinganghat Mill Co.,	700	575	500	Rs. 37	725nom
Hyderabad Deccan S.	700	1,000	1,000	0Rs. 30	680
Indian Mfg Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	0Rs. 50	940
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,300	500	500	Rs. 2	475
amshed Mfg. Co.,	1,600	25	25	Rs. 1	300
James Greaves Mill	1,300	500	500	Rs. 2	640
Jaffer Ali S. & W. Co., Ld., Original	600	500			100
Increased	1,483	25	2	Rs. 1	
Jubilee Mfg. Co Ld.	—	900	1,000	—	700
Jewraj Balloo S. & W.	1,100	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	875
Khandesh S. & W.	750	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	590
Khatow Makanjee S.	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	630
Lakhmidas Khimjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	790
Leopold S. Bleaching	2,500	0	100	Rs. 5	153
Madras United S.	600½		1,000	Rs. 100	1,950
Mahaluxmi S. & W.	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	525
Maharaja Mysore S.	4,500	100	100	Rs. 7	10
Mazagon S. & Mfg.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 5	110
Morarjee Goculdas S.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 75	1,560
Maneckjee Petit Mfg.	4,050	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,100
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	630
National S. & W. Co	600	1,000	1,000	...	250
Oriental S & W. Co.,	5,720		625	Rs. 12½	345
People of India S.	1,000	50	250	Rs.	60
Presidency Mills Co.,	743	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	1,095
Prince of Wales S.	2,189		125	...	10
Queen S. & W. Co.,	790	1,000	1,000	Rs. 60	700
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld	641	1,000	1,000	Rs. 5	1,090
assoon S. & W. Co., Ld.	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	[illegible]
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,710	50	50	...	500
Sholapore S. & W. Co.		10	1,000	Rs. 60	1,275
Soonderdas S. & W.	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 35	415
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs. 15	270
Swadeshi Mills Co. Ld	4,000	500	500	..	265
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	650
Sun Mills Ld	1,300	250	250	..	260
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,000	Rs. 25	375
Veeramgaum S. & Mfg	800	500	500		..
Venishunker Luxmishunker Cotton Mill Co., Ld.		500	..	Rs. 20	500
Western India S.	1	1,000		Rs. 25	445

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	825
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	850
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 90	1,050
Prince of Wales	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,750

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
G I. P. R. Gt 5 per ct	...	£10	All	at 5 p.c	2,550
B. B. & C. I. R. Guarant'd 5 per cent	...	£ 18	...	at 5 p.c	142

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Shares.	Amt.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
Alcock Ashdown	1,000 750	200 150	200 150	10 p.ct	215 165
Badham Pile & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 14	142
Bapty Co., Ld.	625		185	Nil	56
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.		00	0	6 p.c.	600
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	620
Bombay Ice Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	83
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	130	Rs.	3,250
Do. (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	45	Rs.	82½
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c.	106
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500	...	...	150
Cooper, Madon Ld	3,000	100	100	Rs.	5
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	40 nl
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	177½
Geyer & Co, Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Suretyship As.	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	11½
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Limited	12,000	25	25		5½
Kurrachee Lighterage	500	256	250	...	75
Kemp & Co., Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26½	358
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	75
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	13 p.c.	70
Napier Foundry	500	100	100	...	[illegible]
Oriental Government Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	210
Oriental Loan Asso.	5,000	20	20	8 p.s.	20
Port Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 20	372½
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	Nil	65
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs.	102
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	100
Southwell and Austin	1,000	...	95	...	80
Telephone Co., Ld.	19,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	12
Treacher & Co., Ld.	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,265
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100		Rs. 10	130
Western India Flour	,000	1	125	Nil.	35
M Mcdy & Co					34
Bhownugger City P. & M. Co., Ld	550	250	250	Rs. 15	230½

It is not often that one hears of an estate realising a higher price than was formerly paid for it but the other day the Blagdon Barton property near Paignton, in South Devon, was sold for £25,500, whereas thirty years ago it was bought for £18,000.

The Welsh and Celtic Societies held a joint meeting in the Scots Law class-room of Edinburgh University, three weeks ago, to hear an address by Professor Rhys, of Oxford University, on "The Origin of the Holy Grail." Dealing with the idea of the Grail, it was, he said, supposed to be a holy dish in which Joseph of Arimathea had collected the blood of Jesus on the Cross, and he had, according to the story, brought it the West. This vessel had all kinds of powerful virtues—to feed in a miraculous way all those who were deemed worthy of it with sweetness and ineffable delights; it healed the sick and wounded of all their ailments; and it even kept old age in perennial check. It went about by a ministration of angels, but at the time of the advent of the Pagan Saxons to this country it disappeared. It was, however, known to the wise, through the gift of prophecy, that it would be found in the days of Arthur, whose knights were to make a diligent and perilous search for it, and they were to succeed in "achieving the quest" of it, as it was termed, and bring it back again. It was supposed to be in the keeping, wherever that should prove to be, of a king called Peleur, or of his brother Pelles, for the romances associated the Grail sometimes with the one and sometimes with the other. The Grail became the subject of no end of romance, and an inexhaustible theme for an astounding mass of pious twaddle of a very materialistic nature—not at the hands of the Celts, but of the Normans and the French, who became the means of disseminating the Grail literature far and wide.]

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Bombay Legislative Council, 3 p.m.
Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m.
Music at the Switchback Railway, 8 to 11 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink, 5 to 7-30 p.m. and 8-30 to 11 p.m.

Vessels arrived.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Karagola (s), from Karachi; and Clitus (s), Melbourne.

Vessels sailed.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Charen Wattana (barque), for Singapore and Bangkook; and Busheer (s), Marmugoa, &c.

Postal Notice.—Mails for the Persian Gulf close at Kurrachee at 5-20 p.m. to-morrow.

Victoria Dock.—The s.s. Clitus entered and the s.s. Busheer left the dock yesterday.

Postal Notice.—Mails for Singapore and Hongkong, per extra s.s. Bisagno, will be closed at the General Post Office at 4 p.m. to-day.

Nusserwanjee Manockjee Native Dispensary.—The following is the statement for the month of December:—Daily average attendance, 208; admission, 2,044; prevailing diseases, fever and dysentery.

Theft at Modykhana.—Dhurmodass Munordass, residing at No. 13 Modykhana Street, Fort, reports the theft of two silver *lotas*, valued at Rs. 35, from his room, on Monday last.

Municipal Executive Engineer.—Mr. Rienzi Walton, the Executive Engineer to the Bombay Municipality, having returned from sick leave, resumed charge of his duties on Friday last.

Theft at the Shamsett Street Fair.—Noor Mahomed Hoosain reported the theft from his temporary stall at the Shamsett Street Fair, of two cardboard boxes, containing gilt chains, shell purses, and gilt buttons, of the collective value of Rs. 145-12 on Monday last.

Sent Home.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday, Charles Ainsworth was placed before Mr. Cooper charged with being a vagrant. The man said he had no place to live in, and wanted to go home. His Worship ordered him to be sent to the Government Workhouse.

The Powai Water Works.—Mr. Ollivant, the Municipal Commissioner, ; Mr. Walton, the Executive Engineer; and Mr. Tomlinson, in charge of the water-works, proceeded on Saturday to Powai, to inspect the locality of the proposed new water-works in that village, as an auxiliary to the Vehar Lake. They returned to Bombay in the evening.

Fatal Accident on Boardship.—An inquest was held by the Coroner yesterday at the Morgue, respecting the death of Futeh Mahomed, a day-labourer aged 30 years. On Monday evening while deceased was working in the hold of the s.s. Dora Foster, at present lying in the harbour, he was accidentally struck by some iron rails that were being lowered and killed on the spot. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

Sir Tharia Topun.—On Sunday afternoon, a meeting of the leading members of the Khoja community was held at the Mooljeebhoy Jivraj Library, under the presidency of Mr. Kurimbhoy Ebrahim, to concert measures for presenting an address and giving an evening party to Sir Tharia Topun on his recent nomination to the British knighthood. It was resolved to call a general meeting of Mussalmen of all denomination to be held on Sunday next, when steps will be taken as to what form the entertainment should take.

Theft at the Null Bazaar.—Essoo Hussain *alias* Sirdarkhan Hussamkhan, was charged yesterday by Inspector George, at the Girgaum Police Court, before Mr. P. Ryan with stealing two annas in copper money from Luximon Janoo, while at the Null Bazaar Fish Market, on Monday evening. The accused was arrested by a Municipal sweeper and a fisherman while in the act of stealing the money, which was tied in the corner of complainant's dhotur, and was handed over to the police. Essoo Hussain, on pleading guilty to the charge, and also admitting one previous conviction, was convicted and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

Children's Entertainment at Colaba.—A pleasant evening's entertainment was yesterday provided for the children of the Royal Artillery at the house of Major Stopford, Commanding R. A. There was a sumptuous tea Christmas gifts, a Christmas tree, magic lantern, fireworks, parlour, games, &c. All present seemed to enjoy themselves exceedingly. Mrs. Stopford, Miss Montgomery, and the R.A. Officers were present, among whom were, Majors Stopford and Lugard, the Adjutant, Captain Eardley Wilmot, Captains Slater and Phipps-Hornby and Lieutenants Phillips, Williamson, and Robertson, were untiring in their efforts to put the little ones at their ease, and they were, no doubt, amply repaid by the smiling happy faces which everywhere surrounded them.

The Switchback Railway.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Vol. Rifle Corps, at the Switchback Railway, from 8 to 11 o'clock this evening:—

Overture	Banditen Streiche	Suppe.
Polka	Amorspfeil	Knoblooh.
Valse	Les Sirenes	Waldteufel.
March	Suite	F. Lachmer.
Mazurka	Teresina	Faust.
Quadrille	The Times	C. Coote, Junr.
Valse	The Officers	C. Coote, Junr.
Cavatina	Polinto (I Martini)	Donizetti.
Polonnaise	Der Fackelzug	Faust.
Galop	Von Haus Fin Haus.	Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

The Riot amongst the Arab Horse-dealers.—At the Girgaum Police Court yesterday, Superintendent Crummey charged seven of the Arab horse-dealers named Yessub Rashid, Ahmed Mahamood, Mahamood Ahmed, Hoosain Abdoola, Abdool Mahdi, Abloola Latiff Salay, and Mirza Abdool before Mr. P. Ryan, under section 147 of the Indian Penal Code, with riotous conduct on Monday afternoon last, at the commission stables of Oomer Joomal, at Bellasis Road. The case for the prosecution went to show that accused Nos. 1, 3, and 4., Yessub Rashid, Mahamood Ahmed, and Hossain Abdoola, were the originators of the riot and were the principal aggressors, and the other four accused, who interfered in the matter, took part in the riot as a right in self-defence. The Magistrate convicted the whole of the accused and fined accused Nos. 1, 3, and 4 Rs. 10 each, and ordered the whole of the accused to be bound over in a sum of Rs. 200 each in their own recognizance, and one surety each in a like sum for their future good behaviour for a period of six months.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

The following was the parade state on the 6th inst:—

Distribution.	Field Officers.	Capts.	Lieuts.	Staff Sergts.	Sergts.	Buglers.	Rank & File.	Total.
A Company	1	1	...	1	1	...	27	31
B "	1	...	...	...	2	...	6	9
C "	...	1	...	...	...	...	7	8
D "	...	1	...	...	3	...	22	26
E "	...	1	...	1	2	...	11	15
F "	...	...	...	...	1	...	20	21
G Cadets	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
H Cadets	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2
I Cadets	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	6
K Cadets	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	3
L Cadets	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1
Army Staff	...	1	...	1	...	...	6	8
Staff & Band	...	...	...	...	1	...	27	28
Total	2	5	1	3	12	...	135	158

The following officers were on parade:—Lieut.-Col. the Hon'ble L. H. Bayley, Major Brown, Capts. S. W. C. Leathem (Adjutant), Baird, Nicholson, Lund, and Place; and Second-Lieut. Kenny.

DIVINE SERVICE.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Service will be held on board the s. s. City of Dublin in the Prince's Dock this evening at half-past seven o'clock. Captains, officers, seamen, and others are cordially invited. The Bethel flag will be hoisted.

"PHOSPHO," a most agreeable beverage and valuable nutritive-stimulant. Rs. 2-8 per dozen. PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

IMPORTANT JUDGMENT TO FREIGHT BROKERS.

Yesterday at the Small Cause Court Mr. W. E. Hart, the Chief Judge, delivered the following judgment in the suit of Messrs. Ritchie Stuart & Co., *versus* Soonderdas Dhurumsey.

Mr. Brown of Messrs. Hore, Conroy, and Brown, appeared for the Plaintiffs, and Mr. Rustomjee Patel for the defendant. His honour in the course of delivering judgement, said:—The plaintiffs, the firm of Messrs. Ritchie Steuart and Co., abandoning the excess of Rs. 78-4-9, due to recover Rs. 2,000 as certain expenses in respect of 1,100 tons of iron rails, for which the defendant, Soonderdas Dhurumsey, had granted them a shipping order under which he required them to ship per s.s. Indra. The total of their claim of Rs. 2,078-4-9 is made up of Rs. 1,590-12, which they charge for the hire of lighters detained more than two days alongside the s.s. Indra with their goods on board awaiting shipment, computed at the rate of As. 6 per ton burden per diem; and Rs. 487-8-9 the cost of re-landing, storing, conveying, and shipping by a subsequent steamer, on which the defendant granted them a second shipping order for that quantity, 157 tons, which had been shut out from the Indra. It will thus be seen that no part of the claim is for damages by reason of a breach of contract to supply freight. That is a class of action of not unfrequent occurrence in this Court, but to it the present action does not belong, as, admittedly, the full amount of the stipulated freight of 1,100 tons has been found by the defendant for the plaintiffs under the two shipping order's which he has granted to them. I dismiss this suit, and I certify the defendant's professional costs Rs. 135.

MR. MACLEAN'S GUIDE-BOOK.

We have received from the *Bombay Gazette* office a copy of the fifteenth edition of Mr. Maclean's "Guide to Bombay," which will be very useful to residents there, and travellers generally, as a book of reference in connection with all matters of local interest. In a modest introduction to this edition we are informed that "the Guide and Directory for the year 1890 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the unprecedented progress made in the city in recent years." The book might be conveniently carried in one's pocket, though it deals with a variety of subjects, and is crowded with minute and varied details. We acknowledge that the volume before us is something more and something better than a mere guide book. The first four chapters on geography and history, population, trade and industry, government and revenue, written by Mr. Maclean, are perhaps the most interesting portions of the book, and possess some attractions which do not ordinarily belong to guide books. The book is certainly very readable; its style is pleasant and easy, especially when the writer deals with descriptions of scenery, sport, excursions from Bombay and Native festivals. The present edition has been carefully revised and provided with all the most recent information obtainable before the commencement of 1890. As a frontispiece the Guide-Book has a sketch of the new municipal buildings, Bombay, and preceding it are two maps of Bombay and India, showing the lines of railways, telegraphs, and dawk routes, which will be of essential service to the traveller; they will enable him at a glance to select the best routes. Since the late increase in the facilities for travel afforded by the wide extension of railways the number of English tourists in India in the cold months has greatly increased. A fresh impetus has thus been given to the enterprise of the traveller. There must therefore be a demand for a Guide book like Maclean's among tourists in search of concise information in a compact form. . . . Part II of the Directory gives the most recent information as to the railway fares and the time of arrival and departure of trains from Bombay to "places in India and abroad", and as far as can be ascertained, details of proposed movements of the mail steamers for the year. It also gives a list of the principal European inhabitants, and details of public departments, leading mercantile firms and miscellaneous professions and trades. Our description of this useful hand book has been very inadequate, but such inadequacy has been inevitable, for it embraces such a variety of topics, that it is impossible to do justice to it in a short article. The table of contents has a most orderly and systematic appearance, and the information most useful to travellers has been summarized in a way that gives it a peculiar value.—*Deccan Herald.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

Gazette of India, January 4.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

H. E. the Govr-Genl has been pleased to nominate the Hon. Rao Bahadur Krishnaji Lakshman Nulkar, C. I. E., to be an Additional Member of the Council of the Govr-Genl for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

The services of the officers named below are placed at the disposal of the Chief Commissioner of Burma for employment as Assist Comdt and Offg Assist Comdt, respectively, in the Military Police in Upper Burma:—Lieut H. Des Vœux, Beng S. C., 1st Beng Cav; and Lieut T. A. Fischer, Bo S. C., 5th Bo L. I.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Col H P Peacock, Ben Cavy, Political Agent of the 1st class, is appointed to officiate as a Resident of the 2nd class, and as Resident in Meywar, with effect from the date of assuming charge, vice Major Fraser, and during the absence on furlough of Col S B Miles, or until further orders.

Col W J W Muir, Ben S C, Political Agent of the 1st class, is, on return from privilege leave, posted as Political Agent in Ulwar.

With the sanction of H M's Govt, the Govr-Genl in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Senhor Francisco Meyrelles do Canto Castro, Consul, as Consul-General for Portugal in British India at Bombay.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

The Govr General in Council has been pleased to appoint the Hon Dr. Gooroo Dass Banerjee to be Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta in succession to the Hon. Sir W. C. Petheram, Kt., Q. C., resigned.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Mr. J. W. H. Sandell, Chief Supt attached to the office of the Accountant Genl, Bombay, is appointed Comptroller of the Post Office, with effect from the 1st Jan, 1890.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The undermentioned officer is brought on the establishment of paid Aides-de-Camp to the Queen, with effect from the 20th Nov, 1889:—Col W Luckhardt, C B, Bombay Staff Corps, vice Col E F Chapman C B, R A, promoted to the rank of Major-General.

The Viceroy and Govr-Genl has been pleased to make the following appointment on H. Excy's Personal Staff:—To be an Extra Aide-de-Camp.—Lieut G C Lister, 4th Battn, the King's Royal Rifle Corps.

The undermentioned officers appointed by the Secy of State for India probationers for the Indian Staff Corps, are posted to the Madras Staff Corps, with effect from the dates of their arrival in India:—Lieut H W B Johnson, Liverpool Regt; Second Lieuts W McG Armstrong, York and Lancaster Regt; A B Murray, R A, and A Playfair, Royal Irish Rifles.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate under the leave rules for the staff corps; the leave to have effect in India from the date of being struck off duty till the date of sailing; the specified period to count from the date of leaving India:—

Capt A Hildebrand, R E, Military Works Dept, for one year.

Lieut O W Carey, Bengal Staff Corps, for 182 days.

Col A N Phillips, Bengal Infantry, has been granted by the Secy of State for India an extension of furlough (m c), for three months.

The following promotions are made, subject to H M's approval:—To be Colonels in the Army—Lieut-Col G Alexander and T O Wingate, Bengal Staff Corps, 30th Dec, 1889.

RETIREMENTS.

Major Joseph Seymour Biscoe, Beng S C, has been permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 8th Nov 1889, subject to H M's approval.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The following officers of H M's Navy have been appointed by the Secy of State for India to the Marine Survey of India, as Assist Surveyors, 1st class, with effect from the afternoon of the 16th Dec 1889, the date of their arrival in India:—Lieut G S Gunn, and H H Douglas.

RESIGNATION.

The undermentioned Assist Engineers of the Indian Marine are permitted to resign their appointments from the dates specified:—Mr D A Sheret, 10th Jan 1890; Mr J M Austin, 17th Jan 1890; Mr M Boyle, 23rd Jan 1890; Mr R E Roberts, 5th Feb 1890; and Mr J Crombie, 8th Feb 1890.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Mr R A Cordner, Ex Eng, 1st grade, N-W Provinces and Oudh, is appointed to officiate as a Sup Eng, vice Lieut-Col G T Skipwith, R E, appointed offg Chief Engr.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—January 5.

Jones, Surgn, Bo, I M S, on duty, from Ahmedabad.
Ervington, Lieut, Bo, 1st Bo Grs, on duty, from Ahmedabad.
Sees, 2nd Lt, Bo, 2nd Durham L I, on duty, from Poona.
Lloyd, 2nd Lt, Bengal, 4th Hy. L Inft Cont, on duty from Poona.

January 6.

Corkcraft, Lieut, Bo, Exam Native Language, from Poona.
DeSalvo, Lieut Bo, 2nd R Dublin Fusls, on duty, from Ahmedabad.
Huddart, Capt, Bengal, 1st Lancaster Regt, on leave. from Calcutta.

January 7.

Drury, Surgn Major, Bengal, Ms Staff, on leave, from Deolali.

DEPARTURES.—January 3.

Mason, Lieut, Hyd Cont, 4th Cav, on leave, to Bolarum.

January 6.

Mosse, Surgn, Bo, Medical Staff, on duty, to Deolali.
Schofield, Lieut, Bengal, 4th Punj Infy, to join for duty, to Kohar.

January 7.

Kelly, Capt, Ms, 7th Hussars, to join for duty, to Secunderabad.
Cooper, Major, Bo, L N Lanc Regt, to join Regt, to Mhow.
Hawks, 2nd Lieut, Bo, L N Lanc Regt, to join Regt; Mhow.
Huddart, Capt, Bengal 1st Lancaster Regt, to join for duty to Deolali.
Drury, Surgn-Major, Bengal, M Staff, to join, to Deolali.
Beaufort, Major, Bengal R A, on duty to Quetta.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY,
Commanding, Bo. Vol. R. Corps.

Bombay, 8th January, 1890.

1. Time-table of Practice and Competition for the Bayley Shield and Wyer Cup:—

January 1890.	Bayley Shield. 150, 300 and 500 yards, seven shots each distance. 150 yards, 4 shots kneeling, and 3 standing; 300 yards, 4 shots kneeling, and 3 standing; 500 yards, 4 shots prone and 3 kneeling.	Wyer Cup. 700 and 800 yards, ten shots at each distance. Position any.
Monday, 13	D Co. Practice	A Co. Practice
Tuesday, 14	E do	C do
Wednesday, 15	B do	L H do
Thursday, 16	F do	A Co. Competition
Friday, 17	D Co. Competition	C do
Saturday, 18	E do	L H do
Monday, 20	B do	D Co. Practice
Tuesday, 21	F do	E do
Wednesday, 22	A Co. Practice	B do
Thursday, 23	C do	F do
Friday, 24	L H do	D Co. Competition
Saturday, 25	....	E do
Monday, 27	C Co. Competition	B do
Tuesday, 28	L H Co. do	......
Wednesday, 29	A Co. do	F Co. Competition

2. There will be Company drill for "D." Company under the officers at 5-30 this evening behind the Town Hall. Dress: Mufti with rifles, etc. Tram fares will be paid.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

3. Members are requested to complete their class-firing at an early date.

4. There will be drill at the Riding School for all members on Thursday, the 9th inst., at 7 a.m. Plain clothes.

5. The Squadron will parade on Saturday, the 11th inst., near the Remount Stables, Kennedy Sea Face, at 7 a.m., and dismiss at the General Parade Ground. All arms to be worn.

By order,
T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain, and
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS
By Major G. W. Roughton, Commanding
Bombay Vol. Artillery.

For the week commencing 7th January 1890.

1. The following drills will take place this week:—

~~On Friday, 10th, 7 a.m.—Gun-drill in the Arsenal~~ Compound.

Friday, 10th, 6-30 p. m.—Squad-drill at Head-quarters. Recruits and proficiency class are particularly requested to attend these drills.

2. The Proficiency class will meet at Head-quarters this evening at 6-30.

3. There will be practice with the "Nolan Range Finder" on the Oval, this morning at 7.

4. The Signalling Class will meet on the Oval at 7 a.m. on Saturday.

5. There will be class-firing on the Coorla Range on Friday morning. Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 5-30 a.m. (local time). An Instructor will be present.

6. On Saturday, the 10th instant, there will be gun drill on Middle Ground Fort Parade at the Apollo Bunder at 4-15 p.m. Dress, uniform and helmets without ball, badge or chin-chain.

7. There will be a Battery Committee meeting at Head-quarters on Thursday next at 6-30 p.m.

By Order,
ARTHUR LESLIE, Captain,
Acting Adjutant, B. V. A.

DAILY IMPORTS.—January 7.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

City of Dublin s—3 packages plate glass, A Noorbhoy; 50 cases acid, Nuthoo Mooljee; 52 cases acid, Byramjee Nusserwanjee.

Europa s—15 cases soap, Hajee Mahomed and Co.

Clan Macdonald s—43 cases ale, Phillips and Co.

FROM GLASGOW.

Britannia s—59 hogsheads ale, C H B Forbes and Co; 101 cases whisky, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee; 100 cases whisky, D Dadabhoy; 6 cases confectionery, C Allibhoy; 3 bales papers, T M Tuzkhanjee; 100 drums linseed oil, Richardson and Cruddas; 82 bales printing paper, A Essoofally; 175 cases whisky, Jamsetji Framjee.

Europa s—123 casks beer, F Naye; 50 hogsheads ale, A Jewanjee.

City of Dublin s—111 packages printing paper, S A S Dawood.

FROM LONDON.

Clyde s—3 cases whisky, The National Bank of India; 35 cases port invalids, Cutler, Palmer and Co; 2 cases soap, Jaffer Allurukhia.

Sutlej s—18 cases champagne, &c, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

Peshwar s—15 cases sherry, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

Peninsular s,—20 cases claret, 2 hogshead wine, 5 cases brandy, and 25 cases champagne, Phipson and Co; 2 hogshead port, F Hormusjee; 35 cases champagne, &c, S H Postwalla; 3 pipes port wine, 110 cases stout and ale, 14 cases cheese, ham and bacon, 100 cases beer and 25 cases provision &c., Treacher and Co; 22 cases claret and port, Cutler, Palmer and Co; 55 cases port wine, &c, D Cowasjee 27 bales papers, *Times of India*; 42 cases medicine, J Hussonbhoy; 15 bales printing paper, *Bombay Gazette*; 12 cases soap, Manockji Petit Mills; 10 packages papers, S M S Dawood; 11 cases biscuit, Nursee Mooraji, 3 cases provision, &c, Finlay, Muir and Co.

Kerbella s—20 cases portwine, Phipson and Co.

Clan Macdonald s—1 hogshead whisky, R Ramchundra and Co.

Henzada s—411 cases window glass, N Lallmya; 8 cases oilmanstore, &c, M M Valljee; 11 cases plate glass, A Noorbhoy; 5 cases biscuit, T Bagabhoy; 12 drums varnish, the Mazagon Mills; 40 drums varnish, S S Narielwala; 80 bales straw boards, the Bombay D and M Co.

Abeona s—11 packages medicine, M Amercy and Co; 5 cases biscuits, C Allibhoy; 51 cases medicine, &c, Phillips and Co; 4 cases medicine, Bull Bewan and Co.

Thames s—20 cases brandy, R Ramchundra and Co.

FROM ROTTERDAM.

Peninsular s—70 cases geneva, P Cowasji Shroff and Sons.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Aston Hall s—545 cases brandy, D Cowasjee Umrigur.

FROM CHARANTE.

Peninsular s—60 cases brandy, D Dadabhoy; 101 cases brandy, J Framjee; 156 cases brandy, D P Batha and Co.

FROM BREMEN.

Peninsular s—53 cases beer, Wm Bell and Co.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Po s—1,200 barrels cement, Volkart Brothers; 7 cases saffron, D Lala; 4 cases saffron, K Ludha.

Labourdonnais s—8 cases saffron, B and A Hormusjee; 3 cases saffron, Volkart Brothers; 14 cases saffron, W Sala; 7 cases saffron, S Narayen and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Po s—46 cases claret, &c, L G Inzoli.

THE WEATHER.

Bombay, Jan. 7.—Observations taken at 8 a.m.—Explanation of Columns in the Table.

1. The barometric readings are all corrected to Calcutta standard and reduced to the same temperature (32°) and also of the sea-level. The 2nd column under the head "Pressure" gives the difference between the barometer reading of to-day and yesterday at each station, and + prefixed to the number implies that the barometer has risen and—that it has fallen.

2. The 2nd column under the head "Wind" gives the average motion of the air in miles per hour during the past 24 hours, and is obtained by dividing the total number of miles of wind registered by an anemometer during the previous 24 hours by 24.

3. The temperatures given in the table are of the air in the shade, or in a small shed with open sides, and a thached or straw roof. The maximum (max.) and minimum (min.) temperatures are the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours preceding 8 a. m. The 6th column under the head "Temperature" gives the mean of the maximum and minimum temperature, and is approximately the mean temperature of the day. The 7th column gives the difference (with the proper sign) between the mean temperature of to-day and yesterday.

4. The humidity is given as a percentage expressing the rate of the actual amount of moisture in the air to the amount required to saturate it.

5. The amount of cloud is expressed in terms of the number 0 to 10, 0 denoting a cloudless and 10 an overcast sky.

6. The last column under the head "Rainfall" gives the difference with its proper sign between the actual rainfall from 16th May to date and the average rainfall for the same period.

Stations.	Barometric Pressure.			Wind.		Temperature in Shade.						Rainfall.		
	8 a.m.	Change in past 24 hours.	Variation from mean of day.	Direction.	Rate per hour.	8 a.m.	Maximum of past 24 hours.	Minimum of past 24 hours.	Variation from mean of day.	Humidity, 8 a.m.	Cloud.	Past 24 hours.	Since 1st Nov. to date.	Variation, 1st Nov. to date.
Delhi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	30·128	+ ·023	— ·018	N W	2	54·1	76·5	45·7	—0·6	80	...	...	0·01	—0·66a
Jhansi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jacobabad	30·111	+ ·032	— ·049	Calm	1	48·5	81·4	45·1	+4·7	69	9	...	...	...b
Karachi	30·071	+ ·008	— ·083	N E	6	53·0	82·6	55·5	+2·8	69	...	...	0·03	—0·03b
Ajmere	30·216	+ ·023	+ ·002	Calm	1	46·7	82·7	44·8	+1·7	62	...	...	...	—0·23b
Deesa	30·090	+ ·106	— ·040	E	...	60·3	90·6	51·0	—0·2	33	...	...	...	—0·15
Rajkot	30·066	— ·002	— ·052	S E	3	64·5	88·5	58·0	+6·9	42	...	...	...	—0·35
Neemuch	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indore	30·178	+ ·010	+ ·030	Calm	1	57·4	83·2	45·2	—5·5	69	...	...	...	—0·67
Saugor	30·143	+ ·016	— ·021	S S W	2	57·8	79·3	50·9	+0·3	45	...	...	...	—1·62a
Jubbulpore	30·198	+ ·015	+ ·010	E S E	1	47·5	77·9	40·9	—6·5	75	...	...	...	—1·23a
Hoshangabad	30·187	+ ·035	+ 0·13	E	4	51·9	80·3	47·8	—4·1	67	...	...	...	—1·31a
Khandva	30·169	+ ·032	+ ·036	E	2	52·8	85·2	47·5	—4·9	44	...	...	...	—1·07a
Raipur	30·131	+ ·024	+ ·009	N E	2	59·7	81·0	54·3	—0·6	69	...	...	6·01	—1·07a
Nagpur	30·157	+ ·018	+ ·019	Calm	4	59·6	81·7	52·2	—3·0	53	...	...	...	—1·65a
Amraoti	30·098	— ·008	— ·024	E N E	5	63·4	83·6	55·9	—1·9	41	...	...	...	—1·86a
Akola	30·162	+ ·025	+ ·024	E	4	56·9	84·5	44·7	—8·9	54	...	...	...	—1·40
Surat	30·079	+ ·017	...	N E	F	63·0	90·6	56·0	—1·2	72	...	...	...	—0·18b
Malegaon	30·175	+ ·035	+ ·020	W N W	3	56·4	85·9	47·0	—5·8	51	...	...	...	—1·40a
Bombay	30·068	+ ·024	+ ·003	E	9	70·3	85·0	69·0	+0·2	70	...	...	...	—0·87a
Poona	30·139	+ ·027	+ ·018	Calm	7	62·7	85·0	49·5	—6·5	49	...	...	...	—1·66a
Sholapur	30·138	+ ·006	+ ·029	E S E	7	68·7	84·7	53·6	—5·0	55	...	...	...	—1·79a
Ratnagiri	30·067	+ ·035	+ ·040	E S E	8	76·8	91·9	66·9	—0·7	46	...	...	...	—0·80a
Belgaum	30·087	+ ·023	— ·002	E S E	4	63·3	80·3	56·4	—2·8	67	1	...	0·34	—1·66b
Goa	30·043	+ 0·45	...	E N E	5	73·0	81·0	71·0	...	95	...	...	0·04	...a
Karwar	30·027	— ·001	— ·008	N E	2	70·9	89·3	65·9	—1·5	74	...	...	...	—3·14a
Mangalore	30·037	+ ·040	— ·007	E	3	71·0	87·8	67·4	—2·9	71	...	...	3·58	—0·11
Calicut	30·014	+ ·030	— ·021	E N E	5	68·9	86·2	65·2	...	85	...	...	4·08	—3·33a
Cochin	30·025	+ ·013	+ ·020	Calm	M	74·1	89·2	68·3	—3·2	72	...	...	8·94	—1·65a
Bangalore	30·103	+ ·007	— ·025	N	4	59·0	74·2	54·9	—2·4	86	7	...	1·26	—3·21a
Secunderabad	30·162	+ ·042	+ ·009	Calm	3	59·1	80·6	55·6	—2·2	79	...	...	0·79	—1·30a
Masulipatam	30·090	+ ·025	+ ·015	N	3	68·9	82·5	64·2	—2·5	82	...	...	4·02	—4·25b
Bellary	30·124	+ ·032	+ ·030	Calm	3	68·5	83·4	...	...	68	...	...	0·66	—1·64a
Cuddapah	30·087	+ ·025	...	S W	...	70·8	84·5	64·4	...	76	...	...	3·73	—3·20a
Madras	30·053	+ ·014	— ·036	N	11	74·2	85·7	73·2	+4·1	88	10	0·01	15·32	—8·64c
Coimbatore	30·066	+ ·016	— ·020	N N W	3	71·6	84·4	67·3	+2·1	85	3	...	1·66	—4·17b
Trichinopoly	30·038	— ·001	— ·033	N W	5	71·4	86·5	62·4	—5·3	80	10	...	5·15	—4·90b
Negapatam	30·020	+ ·002	— ·027	N N W	7	72·7	81·9	71·2	—0·8	92	10	...	15·12	—16·18d
Colombo	29·991	+ ·001	— ·016	N	5	83·0	86·5	72·0	...	95	1	...	15·92	—5·06b

In column Wind rate per hour, L = Light, M, Moderate, F = Fresh, S = Strong, H = Heavy.
a Fine clear weather. *b* Fine weather with passing clouds. *c* Sea smooth. *d* Sea rough.

Summary.—During the past 24 hours, there has been a general slight to moderate increase of pressure at all stations except Rajkot, Amraoti, Poona, Karwar and Trichinopoly, at which stations the barometer has fallen slightly. The distribution of pressure remains practically unchanged, but the gradients in Gujarat, Rajputana, Central India, and generally to the southwards of latitude 20°, more particularly on the Coromandel Coast, have increased moderately. The variations of pressure from the normal are nowhere large, but in Gujarat, Sind and Rajputana the barometer is relatively very much below the average and the abnormals indicate the formation of a barometric depression in the Arabian Sea to the westwards of Cutch and Karachi. Winds are northerly in the Madras Presidency, north-westerly in the North-West Provinces, and north-easterly or south-easterly in other districts and were fresh at Madras, moderate at Bombay, Poona, Ratnagiri and Negapatam, and light at all the remaining stations. This morning's observations show a moderate increase of wind velocity at Madras, Negapatam, Karwar, Goa, Belgaum, Bombay, Hoshangabad and Karachi. The maximum temperature is slightly below the mean of this season at Mangalore, Secunderabad, Masulipatam, Sholapur, Bellary and Coimbatore, and continues to be above it over the rest of the country, the excess being very considerable in Sind, Rajputana and Gujarat. The highest maximum readings above 90° were recorded at Rajkot, Surat and Ratnagiri. Nights are hotter than usual in Sind, Rajputana and also locally at Rajkot, Madras and Coimbatore, but are, on the contrary, cool for the time of year in all other districts. The lowest minimum last night was 41° at Jubulpore. Humidity has risen at some few stations, and in the Madras Presidency and Sind the rise appears to be general. Skies are very cloudy to-day in Southern India, Mysore, and also in Sind. Very light rain has fallen at Madras, but there has been none elsewhere. In Southern India, the general increase of moisture and cloud proportion are indications that light local rain may be expected. In Sind also the prospects of rain appear to be improving and in other districts fine clear weather prevails generally.

S. H. C. HUTCHINSON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The B I S N Co's s s Busheer, 538 tons, Captain W H Rothwell, sailed yesterday for Marmugoa &c, with a general cargo.

The s s Clitus, 1,588 tons, Captain J D C Arthur, arrived in harbour yesterday morning from Melbourne, with 500 tons of coals and the following passengers:—Mr Baldack, Mr Tallack, Mr Kenny, Mr Mc Kenzie, Mr Anderson, Mr Princeps, 9 grooms and 343 horses. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Ritchie, Steuart and Co.

The B I S N Co's s s Karagola, 507 tons, Captain J C Tice, arrived in harbour, yesterday from Karachee *via* Kathiawar Coast, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr Lambert, Mr Kirk, Mr Chook, Lieut. Britten, Mrs Allen, Miss Cooper, Mr, Rhaun, Mr M Shanker, Mr Ganjun and friend, and 404 deck passengers.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—January 7.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. City of Dublin	2150	Swan	A	Sir C Forbes & Co.
" Clan Macdonald	1716	Rule	B	Finlay Muir & Co.
" Kt of St John	2218	Bevis	C	K Nixon & Co.
" Deccan	2022	Bray	E	Hajee C. Joosub.
" Durham	2130	Mathews	L	J Mackintosh & Co.
" Sullamut	2114	Webber	N	H A L Baladina.
" Labourdonnais	1271	Sibilet	O	M Maritimes Co.
" Idaho	2401	Brotherton	P	F Muir & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Britannia	1991	Brown	2	W & A Graham & Co
" Po	1931	Anfossi	3	F Bozzoni.
" Bisagno	1499	Valle	4	F. Bozzoni.
" Thames	2101	Seaton	5	P. & O. S. N. Co.
" Lombardy	1570	Langborne	6	P. & O. S. N. Co.
" Elektra	209	Lussich	8	A-H Lloyd's S N Co.
" Busheer	589	Simpson	9	M Medacalf.
" Nuddea	1932	Stofford	10	B. I. S. N. Co.
" Europa	1443	Jones	12	K Nixon & Co.
" Aston Hall	2251	Fowler	13	E. Bates & Co.
" Kt. Errant	2240	Mathews	16	K. Nixon & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	From.
7	Karagola (s)	Tice	Karachi, Jan 4.
	Clitus (s)	Arthur	Melbourne, Dec 13.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
7	Busheer (s)	Rothwell	Marmugoa, &c.
	Charen Wattana	Paterson	Singapore & Bangkok.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday:
Steamer Idaho, for Antwerp.
" Mirzapore, for Aden, &c.
" Arabia, for the Persian Gulf *via* Karachi.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Dec. 31	Coconada s	Callins	Rangoon, Dec 21.
	Fulwood sp	McNeah	Havre, July 26.
Jan. 1	Bhundara s	Blake	Singapore, Dec 25.
	Port Augusta s	Hogg	Hongkong.
	Rohilla s	Horne	London, Nov 28.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 31.—Steamer Culna.
Jan. 1.—Steamer Aska.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
Bombay, 6th January, 1890.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·929
Temperature of the Air	75·5
Wet Bulb Thermometer	66·7
Dew Point	62·2
Relative humidity of Air	·638
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10).	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a. m., next day)	85·0
Maximum do. do (read at 8 a.m.)	67·5
General Directions of Wind.*	E, ENE, E, NW, NNW, N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	230

* From midnight to midnight.

The Swazi Queen-Regent has proclaimed, by Mr. Shepstone's hand, her acceptance of the Commissioners' proposals and authority. The Roman Dutch law, as administered in South Africa, is to be the common law where the whites are concerned. The Committee's charter remains unabrogated.

CAMP AND TRAVELLERS' REQUISITES complete. Illustrated List on application.—PHILLIPS and Co. Ld., Bombay and Poona.

DAILY EXPORTS.—January 7.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

City of Dublin s—350 bales wool, 14 bales gunny rags, Nursey Khatow; 125 bales wool, G Kessowjee.

Sullamut s—60 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co.

Aston Hall s—2,000 cwts wheat, Tod Durant and Co.

Clan Macdonald s—87 bales wool, Tod Durant and Co; 6,562½ cwts bonemeal, E C Nanjee.

FOR LONDON.

Thames s—20 bales skin, M Shapoorjee and Co; 11 bales hides &c, H Jamall; 26 bales skin &c, C Jooma and Co; 94 bales goat skin &c, Esmall Gungjee and Co; 44 bales skin, W and A Graham and Co; 28 bales skin, P Maloobhoy and Co; 45 cwts olibanum, C Soomer; 4 cwts gum and 130 bales hemp, John L Kersten; 999½ cwts myrabollams, David Sassoon and Co; 175½ cwts olibanams, and 120 cwts gum, Sewjee Pragjee; 611 lbs cocoanut, D B Khan and Co; 60 cwts olibanum, Jetha Malsee; 250 cwts gum, Joseph Soares; 80 cwts gum, H Datoo; 394 cwts olibanum, Rowjee Lallchund; 330 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 8½ cwts fishmaws, Abdoola Mowjee: 35 cwts gum, Nurpal Mawjee; 125 cwts olibanum, A Coorpal; 4 bales cotton, The Bombay Co; 20 cwts mother-o-pearl shell, E Passianee and Co; 24 bales skin, H M Abbas; 21 bales skin, Joosub H Ahmed and Co; 23 cwts gum, D Chuganlal; 9 bales hides, Pestonjee Eduljee.

FOR HAVRE.

Kt Errant s—125 bales cotton, George Lockhart and Co; 1999½ cwts linseed, Tod Durant and Co; 4,002 cwts linseed, David Sassoon and Co; 800 cwts horns, Volkart Brothers.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Europa s—100 bales cotton, George Lockhart and Co; 300 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co.

FOR BARCELONA.

Britannia s—100 bales cotton, Glade and Co.

FOR BREMEN.

Ehrenfels s—110 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

FOR GENOA.

Po s—1000½ cwts linseed, A Blascheck and Co; 700 cwts gingellyseed, and 200 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 2,001 cwts linseed, Tod Durant and Co.

FOR HULL.

Kt Templar s—26,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co; 4,000 cwts wheat, Tod Durant and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Ehrenfels, s—165 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Dora Forster s—330 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 200 bales cotton, William Bell and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Kt of St John s—220 bales cotton, The Bombay Co; 220 bales cotton, T G Young and Co; 925 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co; 2,001 cwts linseeds and 1,000½ cwts rapeseed, J C Bushby and Co.

Idaho s—6,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co; 210 bales cotton, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Bisagno s—150 cwts. opiate, and 187½ cwts olibanum, Quan Lun o 000; 143 cwts kismis, and 13 cwts angoor, H Adum Esmall and Co; 1½ cwts ivory, M M Esobhoy; 4 cwts peacock feather, Yoo Lun Ching.

Lombardy s—50 bales twist, P F Talati; 75 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon; 66 bales twist, J Peerbhoy and Co; 80 bales twist, H Mooltanchund; 55 bales cotton, H Adum Esmall and Co; 100 bales cotton, Currimbhoy Ebram; 25 bales twist, N J Sassoon; 120 bales twist, Framjee Sands and Co; 15 cwts kismis, M H E Ellias; 129 bales cotton, Tata and Co; 30 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Lombardy s—50 bales twist, J Peerbhoy and Co.

Bisagno s—50 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon.

FOR KOBE.

Bisagno s—50 bales twist, F D Panday and Co.

Lombardy s—60 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 50 bales twist, N J Sassoon.

Floriline!—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s. 6d., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of Farringdon-road, London.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Dawks ready laid from Poona direct, and also from Wathar, can be had at moderate charges. Apply to Burjorjee Perosbaw, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

KIDD AND SHADBOLT'S" WHISKEY as supplied to the Clubs. A fresh shipment just received by PHIPSON & Co., Bombay Agents.

TOBACCO.—Havelock's and Tennant's, in STICKS of 4s and 6s to a lb. in Bond or Retail for sale. Trial orders solicited.—HANI HORMAZ SHERIAR, Cigar and Tobacco Merchant, No. 3, Rangari Mohla, opposite Crawford Market, Bombay.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS! Just arrived from China and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMALLY, China Bazaar, Meadow Street, Fort Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now Open the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Under European management.

WANTED 10 NEW GALLOWAY TUBES. Apply stating price to the MOFUSSIL COMPANY, Limited.

RIPON MAHABLESHWAR—Mr. G. C. Aitken says:— "I am well satisfied and I have had a comfortable Bedroom. The Table has been liberal. This hotel has also the advantage of being more conveniently situated than any other on the hill."

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!!—The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," *Bombay Gazette* Office.

WANTED by a firm importing Continental goods, a good INDENT CLERK who could influence large orders. Liberal terms according to qualification. Apply to V., care of this paper.

SALE of MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS and BOOKS: This day, at 2 p.m., by Messrs. SORABJEE CAWASJEE and Co., at Medow Street, Fort, below Mr. N. M. Petit's Office.

THE SALE of late Mr. BEST'S valuable furniture, piano, &c., to-day at Malabar Hill.—Pictures and plants to be SOLD TO-MORROW, at 7-30 a.m.

CUT BACON 11as. lb; Chinese Fruit Leaches, 6 as. lb.; Billiard Rubber Cushions, Cues, Tips, Balls, Cheap at PARAKH and SONS, 18 Forbes Street.

DISAPPOINTED CUSTOMERS.—Please Note our new stock of May-flower tea sets for 12 persons, 27 pieces just to hand. Price Rs. 7-11. Apply sharp. SHROFF BROTHERS.

SUPERIOR CEYLON TEA—Rose Pekoe Flowery Orange Pekoe and Pekoe at Rs. 1-3, 1-1, 1 and annas. 14 per lb. respectively. These teas are highly appreciated by those who try them. DANTRA and Co., Tea Merchants 33, Church Gate Street, Fort Bombay.

AN ENGLISH LADY educated in France and Brussels will hold classes for English, French, and Singing. Terms very moderate. 411, Bombay Gazette.

EDUCATIONAL.—A LADY can confidently recommend Halifax House, Kingston Hill. Surrey, England, as a most desirable home for girls from India or the Colonies. The greatest care and attention are given to the health, training, and education of each pupil by the Misses Hansell.

SHAPOORJEE & Co., General Purveyors and Bazaar Agents, (Established 1871.) No. 3, Crawford Market, and No. 40, Meadow Street, Bombay.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply "P.," care of this office.

PANCHGANI HIGH SCHOOL—RE-OPENS, January 16th. Applications for Boarders to be made to the Revd. E. S. BURGESS, PANCHGANI.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

STANDARD POLICIES.—Premiums moderate. Conditions liberal. Every facility for the despatch of business. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

'BREACH CANDY.—UNFURNISHED HOUSE, to let from 1st April 1890. Apply to R. BRANSON, HighCourt.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a first-class upper-storied and most comfortable Hotel in Poona. Rooms are bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate sitting-room. Terms moderate.

JOHN Y. LANG, Esq. (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—During the late epidemic of fever at Delhi, I sent up from Bombay a supply of Dr. Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture, and our Staff, which was prostrated by fever, derived immediate benefit from its use. Orders for Batliwalla's Ague-Pills or Mixture may be addressed to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co. and Phillip and Co., at Re. 1 each.

PATENT SELF DIGESTIVE BREAD, can be had to order, at PEARSE'S, Church Gate Street.

ROSES and other choice FLOWERS of the season, carefully packed and forwarded by rail. THOMAS BROMLEY, Valentine Lodge, Sangum, Poona.

PERRIER JOUET "B" BRAND CHAMPAGNE in Magnums, Quarts and Pints.—Apply to LYON & Co., Sole Agents.

STONEY'S PATENT "SILENT" PUNKAH PULLEYS, perfectly noiseless, in stock.—F. W. SHALLIS, Engineer, Marine Street, Bombay.

SEWING MACHINES, Tricycles, Bicycles &c., of the finest make, with all the latest improvements.—H. GEYER and Co., Ld., Bombay.

PEDOMETERS to measure within a yard the distance you walk daily. In a neat silver crystal case at Rs. 35, 40 and 45 at MARCKS and Co. Ld., Bombay and Poona.

THE only Firm who undertake repairing and Tuning Patent Aristons and keep repairing materials in stock is STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED, a choice selection of LADIES' SATIN SHOES in various Colors and the New Brown Russia Shoe for evening wear.—BADHAM PILE & Co., Ld.

PHOTOS by FRED. AHRLE are unequalled in Finish, and are made of the best materials obtainable, and they are reasonably priced. STUDIO, Esplanade Road, opposite Bombay Club.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

FOR SALE.—A pair of coupled Horizontal High-pressure Condensing ENGINES. Makers, Hick, Hargreaves and Co. Also Four Lancashire Steam Boilers. All in good order and can be seen at full work at the Goosery Cotton Mills, Calcutta.

A. & B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 25, Medows Street, Bombay.

HANDSOME, HANDY, and STRONG WALKING STICKS of RICHEST quality MALACCA canes with handsomely carved SILVER MOUNTINGS. Prices, Rs. 5 to Rs. 12.—JEHANGIR CURSETJEE COWASJEE, Watchmaker and Jeweller, 97, Medows Street.

FOR SALE,
BEST WHITNEY BLANKETS,
GUARANTEED PURE WOOL,
In White or Scarlet, and in various sizes.
JOHN ROBERTS AND CO., Ld.,
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS
AND BILLIARD-TABLE MAKERS.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. C. A. GRAVES,
SURGEON DENTIST.
(TWELVE YEARS WITH THE LATE MR. E. M. WALTON.)
27, MEDOW STREET,
OPPOSITE NEUBERG & Co.

S. N. KOYAJI'S
AID TO THE STUDY OF ALGEBRA
With solutions of the Bombay Previous Examination Papers (1876-88).
Price Rs. 3—Full cloth.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"
Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried,

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.

AGENTS WANTED.

JEHANGIR J. CURSETJI, M.D.
L.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.M.,
SURGEON-OBSTETRICIAN AND AURAL SURGEON.
Late Clinical Assistant at the Royal Ear Hospital and Hospital for Diseases of Women, London,
CAN BE CONSULTED FOR
DISEASES OF THE
EAR, NOSE AND THROAT,
From 3 to 5 p.m.
10, CHURCH GATE STREET.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES
ARE CUT ON APPROVED SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE AXIS OF THE CRYSTAL.

IN MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES it is not only the pebbles which are perfect. Special attention has also been given to the construction and finish of the rames to ensure the pebbles being placed exactly in the proper position for efficiently correcting the particular anomaly of refraction for which they are designed.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES stand unrivalled, and command the highest price, but for those who desire it, we supply also ordinary glass and Pebble Spectacles at Rs. 3 and Rs. 6 per pair, respectively.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, Ld.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 1, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF MILL STORES, HARDWARE, MACHINERY, SHIP-CHANDLERS' GOODS, &c.

Under instructions from The Prince of Wales Fire Insurance Company, Limited, Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co. will resume sale from Lot No. 240, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 8th inst., at 12 oclock noon, (and on the subsequent days until all lots are sold) at No. 3, Apollo Street Fort, (in the Building in the lane of the old English Hotel).

Catalogues are published and the property on view.

BONA FIDE SALE.

SALE of valuable and handsome household furniture, best platedware, rich cut glassware, handsome procelainware, choice garden plants, tents, &c, &c,

Under instructions, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 11th January, 1890, at 1-30 p.m. at Dady Sett Hill, Breach Candy, the whole of the above household furniture, &c, the property of E. C. K. OLLIVANT, Esq., C. S. C.I.E.

Catalogues published. Property on view.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT VITHALWADY.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant, at 4 p.m. Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of Mr. Cursondas Vulubhdas and Bai Devkavahoo, the executor and executrix of the late Mr. Dwarkadas Vasanji, the assignees of the right, title, and interest of Mr. Ramchunder Hemraj in a certain indenture of mortgage and two indentures of further charges, dated respectively the 7th day of October. 1882, the 3rd day of April, 1884, and the 6th day of June, 1888, the first two having been executed by Hunsraj Curson, now deceased, and the last by his only son Nurotam Hunsraj, by virtue of the power conferred by the said indentures of mortgage and deed of further charges, and on account and risk of Nurotam Hunsraj.

All that piece or parcel of Fazendary land or ground, with the messuage, tenement, or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being in Vithalwady, on the north side thereof in the sub-district of Bombay, formerly assessed by the Collector of Assessment under No. 83, and under. No. 82, and now Ward No. 1,630 and street No. 7173 and 75, and containing by admeasurement two hundred and thirty-four and one-third square yards, be the same little, more or less, and bounded as follows: That is to say, on or towards the east by a passage for passing and repassing, on or towards the west by the property formerly of Parsee Dossabhoy Jeewanjee, and now of the said Narotum Hunsraj, on or towards the north by a public passage, and on or towards the south by the said Vithalwady Street, which said premises formerly were, and now are in the occupation of the said Narotum Hunsraj and his tenants with their appurtenances.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.

Bombay, January 8, 1890.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
7, MARINE STREET.

NOTICE.

THE sale of the Ginning Factory at Bharai, advertised to take place to-day, is POSTPONED until further notice.

SALE OF FRESH ARAB HORSES AT THE STABLES OF SHAIK ESSA BIN CURTAS, BELLASIS ROAD, BYCULLA.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY next, the 9th inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co, are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the stables of Shaik Essa bin Curtas, Bellasis Road:

A number of handsome fresh Arab horses consisting of hunters, chargers, and hacks, the property of Arab dealers proceeding to their native country.

On TUESDAY, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Cumballa Hill School, No. 2, Cumballa Hill, the valuable and handsome French-polished blackwood and teakwood, plain and carved household furniture. best platedware, rich crockery and glassware, China and Japanese flower vases, rich table ornaments, Hink's kerosine oil lamps, carpets. also school benches, desks, tables, boards, &c., the property of the late Mrs. A. E. HURST.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before sale.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT TRIMBUCK PARASHRAM STREET, WITHOUT THE FORT.

On SATURDAY the 18th inst., at 4 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises by order of the mortgagee, Nowrojee Heerjeebhoy Mistry, and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor, Jaynabai Binte Shaik Karim Soobedar, in pursuance of the power of sales given in the Indenture of mortgage dated the 3rd day of October 1888, and subject to the Indentive of second mortgage dated 1st December 1888, and made between the said Jaina bi binte Shaik Korim Soobedar and Mistry Ahmed Hajee Khamissa, therein called mortgagors of the first part, the said Nowrojee Heerjeebhoy Mistry therein called surety of the second part and Moorar Govun Jugdis therein called morgagee of the third part to secure the sum Rupees 1,000 with interest for the same at the rate of Annas 14 per cent per month, and also subject to the Indenture of further charge dated 29th June 1889, and made between the said Jainabi binte Shaik Karim Soobedar and Mistre Aumed Haji Khamissa therein called Mortgagors of the first part, Nowrojee Heerjeebhoy Mistri therein called surety of the second part, and Moorar Govun therein called Mortgagee of the third part to secure the sum of Rupees 500 with interest for the same at the rate of Rupee one per cent per month: all that piece of Government leasehold land together with the messuage or dwelling house, now in course of construction situate without the Fort of Bombay at Trimbuck Purashram Street, and on the western side of 2nd Pattan street in the registration sub-district of Bombay, assessed by the Collector of assessment under old No. 79 and C Ward No. 7,886, Street Nos. 81-83, and 78-80. 2nd Pattan Street containing by admeasurement 85 square yards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 6,665 and bounded on the North by a passage and the property of Rustonjee Nowrojee, on the South by the property of Leeladhur Callianjee and Co., on the East by the 2nd Pattan Street, and on the West by the said Trimbuck Parashram Street.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.

Bombay, January 8, 189

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

TUESDAY EVENING, JAN. 7.

CONSOLS advanced ⅛ per cent. in London yesterday, say to 97⅛; but the rates of discount come unchanged. The price of Silver was unaltered, both according to Reuter and private telegrams, at 44⅛d. per oz.; but Rupee Securities were ⅛ per cent. lower, both in Fours and Four-and-a-half per cents., at £68½ and £71⅝, respectively. Indian Sterling Loan was unchanged at 107½. The Indian Council placed four extra lakhs of Bills on Calcutta at 1s. 4 31-32d., and the same amount of Wire Transfers on Bombay, at 1s. 5 1-16d., the rate obtained for the former being the same as that of the extra allotment made last Wednesday, and 1-16d. higher than that of the regular sales; while that at which the Transfers were placed is 3-32d. higher than was obtained at last week's regular allotments, and 1-32d. above the price of the extra sales on Wednesday and the following day. The Exchange Bank's buying rates on India at 30 days' sight is still quoted by Reuter at 1s. 4 11-16d. French Rentes were unchanged in Paris yesterday at 87¾; but Exchange on London was two centimes lower at francs 25·23½.

The Wheat market was quiet, but the only change in quotations wired is a decline of ½d. per cental in No. 1 Soft White on the spot in Liverpool, at 7s. 2d. ex-quay. Linseed and Rapeseed are quoted as before.

Cotton in Liverpool closed firm; Surats quiet, the total sales having reached 12,000 bales, of which 800 were Surats. Spot prices were unchanged all round; but American Arrivals were 1-16d. higher in all positions, excepting the most distant, in which the advance was only 3-64d. per lb. The total day's Imports was 20,000 bales. The Manchester market was firmer, but without much doing.

An advance of 7 points took place in April Futures in New York yesterday at 10·36 cents; but the spot price was still unaltered at 10½ cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were again 23,000 bales, and the total from the 1st September 1889. now gives the following comparison with the figures of the two previous years:—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Monday's Receipts	23,000	35,000	23,000
Two days' do.	46,000	61,000	27,000
Since 1st Sept. '89	4,366,000	3,870,000	4,152,000

Locally we have had a firm market for the staple, and a large business, summing up over 6,000 bales of ready new stuff, has been reported; but in prices generally there has been no quotable change. The largest purchases have been of Julgaum, at Rs. 204½-7; Dhulia, at Rs. 196-7; and Bengals, at Rs. 178-97; but considerable parcels of Barsee, at Rs. 225-30; Karanja, at Rs. 212-29; and Hinganghat, at Rs. 240 have also changed hands; as well as smaller lots of Oojein, at Rs. 197-203; Akola, at Rs. 212; and Ginned Oojein, at Rs. 221 per candy. Contracts for about 1,000 bales of "Good" and "Fully Good" Bhownugger are also reported for May delivery, at Rs. 204 and Rs. 218, respectively.

WHEAT.—Export enquiry has fallen off a good deal to-day, and only a moderate business has transpired; but the feeling keeps steady, and our quotations are quite unchanged.

SEEDS have been taken to a small extent, and a weaker feeling with regard to *Linseed* has sent that description down one anna per cwt., say to Rs. 6-8 to Rs. 7-2 per cwt. Otherwise the market is steady and sales are unaltered.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay on Sunday and yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton..................................	14,169	bales.
Wheat..................................	41,576	cwt.
Linseed	3,207	,,
Rapeseed..............................	3,744	,,
Gingelly	15,793	,,
Poppy seed..........................	552	,,
Ground Nuts	5,838	,,
Castor Seed..........................	2,069	,,

FREIGHTS may be called firm, but with not much doing. Some business is reported for next month's shipment to Hull at 20s. 6d. per ton; and to Antwerp for the same time and at the same rate.

EXCHANGE opened strong this morning, and advanced during the day to 1s. 5 1-16d. for Bank Telegraphic, the scarcity of money with the Banks being much felt. A considerable amount came out in ready Merchants' Bills at 1s. 5 9-32d., and afterwards at 1s. 5 5-16d., and forward at lower rates; but there has been but little enquiry for the Bank media of remittance. We quote closing rates at:

Bank Bills on Demand	...1s. 5 1-16d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic	...1s. 5 3-32d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sight	...1s. 5 7-32d.	,,
Credits do.	...1s. 5 5-16d.	,,
Francs do.	...1·81½	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER, in view of the state of money market, and influenced also by the settlement in Calcutta to-day, has been weak, at a further decline in rates, and after some fluctuations, Fours both for Money and Account settled down to 96⅞, but at closing the cash price was called 96¾. For the other Paper 102 is still the nominal quotation.

SHARES.—The downward movement in Cotton Mill shares continues, and a further decline in rates, ranging from Rs. 5 to Rs. 30 per share has taken place at our quotations. Albert Press shares are Rs. 10 lower at our quotations. Bombay-Burma Trading shares are Rs. 25 for the first issue, and Rs. 12½ for the others, at Rs. 3,250 and Rs. 812½ respectively.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

HONGKONG, JAN. 7.

The Italian steamer Bormida left here for Bombay to-day.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, JAN. 6.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed firm. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera	4½d.

The Manchester Market was firm, but not much doing.

7 lbs. Shirtings	5 1½
8½ ,, ,, ...	6 4
40s Mule Twist	9½
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight ...	1s. 4 11-16d.
2¾ per cent. Consols for account	97⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	87½
4 per cent. Rupee paper	68½
4½ per cent. ,, ...	71⅝
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107½
Bar Silver..	44⅛d. per oz

THERMOMETER READINGS.

MONDAY NIGHT, JAN. 6.

10 p.m.	71·4

TUESDAY, JAN. 7.

6 a.m.	69·9
10 a.m.	74·8
2 p.m.	82·2
4 p.m.	81·2

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Jan. 7.—Barometer has fallen in one or two stations in the south of the Peninsula, Rajkot and Moulmein. Elsewhere the pressure has risen. Increase is greatest in the Punjab. General disturbance is unaltered, high pressure of area is overlying on the North-west and Central India; lowest pressure over the Bay. Wind directions are also unchanged. Easterly gale has prevailed in Diamond Island. Temperature has changed irregularly, but has risen in Madras. The weather has become overcast in Madras, and unsettled weather is approaching that coast from the Bay. Rain possible there to-morrow, while elsewhere the conditions are settled and fine.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. 6th Jan. 1890.

—	Maximum Time.		Minimum Time.	
	H.	M.	H.	M.
From Calcutta	2	15	...	2
,, Kurrachee ...	...	17	...	4
,, Madras.... ...	...	24	...	1

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

GRIFFITHS—January 1, at Cawnpore, Mrs Gilbert S Griffiths, of a son.

HOLME—January 1, at Rurki, the wife of C H Holme, of a son.

LEES—December 30, at Chuprah, Sarun, the wife of R O Lees, Assist Supdt, Govt Telegraph Dept, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

FRENCH—READ—January 1, at St Paul's Cathedral, by the Rev Welbore McCarthy, Hugh Davis French (Forest Department), fourth son of the Rev Frederic French, of Worlingworth Rectory, Wickham Market, to Edith Charlotte, fourth daughter of the late Capt C M Read, 16th Regt.

JUDGE—COOKSON—December 26, at St James' Church, Calcutta, by the Rev J A Ottley, Alfred Herbert, third son of James Judge, of Maidstone, Kent, to Loraine Dorothea, eldest daughter of Thomas Browning Cookson.

DEATHS.

CHAPMAN—December 30, at Naini Tal, Sarah Valentine Chapman, widow of the late William Henry Chapman, Proprietor, late Victoria Hotel.

GORDON—December 23, at Madras, Edward Francis Gordon, Executive Engineer, D P W, aged 36 years.

McALESTER—December 29, at Rosa, Rhoda Susannah, the beloved wife of E L McAlester, Rosa, N W P.

The Bombay Gazette

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 8, 1890.

WE publish in another column a speech by Major-General Trevor, the Chairman of the Bombay and Baroda Railway Board, in which the case for the Godhra-Rutlam extension is put with a cogency which the Secretary of State cannot fail to recognize. The present position of the project may be very briefly stated. After having in one form and another been perseveringly pressed upon the attention of the Government for nearly twenty years, the project received the sanction of the Secretary of State last August, subject, however, to the understanding that the work was not to be carried out until the financial position of the Government of India, who are to lend the money for the undertaking, permits of it. This may mean many things; we fear that the least likely amongst them is an immediate prosecution of a scheme which the Government of Bombay, the responsible railway administrators in India and in England, and the commercial community on this side of the country, have heartily and repeatedly approved of. Nevertheless, the subject is one in regard to which Lord Cross is not likely to be indifferent to public opinion, still less to such well-informed and responsible opinion as that which found expression from the chair at the meeting of the Bombay and Baroda Board three weeks ago. The evidence as to the necessity and the profitableness of the enterprise comes from all directions, and possesses various degrees of authority. Perhaps none of it is more weighty than that which the Directors of the Bombay and Baroda Railway have supplied in having at various times themselves offered to construct the extension to Rutlam, to add it to their own undertaking, and to raise the capital for it in three-and-a-half per cent. debentures. In declining the offer the Secretary of State has followed a line of policy to which, whatever may be said of it upon its merits, he has been committed less perhaps by his own inclinations than by the example of his predecessors. The India Office, rightly or wrongly—wrongly as many of us think—do not favour the appearance of Indian public bodies, whether they be Port Trusts, Corporations, or guaranteed railway companies, as borrowers in the English money market. They look upon them as competitors who, if a footing were once conceded to them, might some day stand in the way of Government. Hence their refusal four or five years ago to allow the G. I. P. Railway Company to raise additional capital for the Barsi Road extension. Their fears seem to us to be groundless, for the largest sums that Indian public bodies are likely to ask for from the London money market would be drops drawn from an ocean which half the Governments in the world have failed to exhaust. However, while we in Western India are anxious to keep the Secretary of State in remembrance of our requirements, we do not ask for any departure from the settled policy of Government upon so important a matter of Imperial finance as this. Lord Cross has decided against the raising of the capital for the Godhra-Rutlam extension by the Bombay Baroda Company, and there is no desire here to appeal against that decision, no matter how much its policy may be questioned. What we are anxious about is that having once decided in favour of the principle of the line, the Secretary of State should leave to his successor the carrying out of an exceedingly useful project, the credit of the execution of which ought rightly to be added to the record of Lord Cross's service to India.

Undoubtedly a serious difficulty was brought into view when the Secretary of State intimated six months ago that the financial condition of the country necessitated delay in this work. But if we turn to General Trevor's argument we shall find weighty reasons for not too rigorously applying to this particular case the general considerations in favour of postponing expenditure which would apply to ordinary additions to expenditure and State liabilities. We are not asking for an outlay upon public works, or upon any State service the return to which would be only in public convenience or in a merely contingent profit. The difference between an expenditure upon objects of that kind, and upon an undertaking reasonably assured of an early profit, is very cogently pointed out by General Trevor. There is a railway programme to which the Government have given precedence over this project, and the execution of which is likely to be a burden to the Budget during the next three years. Three of the railways projected in it are for protective purposes; one is a military line. None of them can be recommended on commercial grounds, but the necessity for them is not challenged, and we do not, in the presence even of such a programme as this, complain that it is easier to get acceptance for a scheme that entails loss upon the Government than for one that will pay. We do say, however, that the claims of protective and military railways upon the resources of Government ought not to obscure the claims of enterprises of an entirely different nature, support for which is asked for on altogether different grounds. General Trevor boldly traverses the argument implied in the Secretary of State's decision when he urges that what may be a reason against the extension of non-productive lines, is not a reason against extensions capable of justification on commercial grounds. The justification in this case is of a two-fold nature. First, there is the experience of the existing lines in Guzerat and the regions beyond, supplying a strong inference in favour of the commercial success of this project. General Trevor's observation on that point come briefly to this. In 1869 the 308 miles of the Bombay and Baroda system that were then open yielded a gross revenue of £445,391, and a net revenue of £130,988, equal to an interest of one and three-quarters per cent. upon the capital, then amounting to nearly seven and a half million sterling. The ordinary passengers carried in that year numbered 16,98,951, and the goods handled amounted to 141,717 tons. At the end of twenty years the mileage had increased to 461 miles, or about fifty per cent. The gross revenue, however, grew in the same period to £1,208,067, or 171 per cent.; the net revenue to £688,393, or 425 per cent.; the passengers carried numbered nearly ten and a quarter millions, or five hundred per cent. more than those in 1869, while the goods tonnage—1,023,129 tons—showed an increase of not less than 620 per cent. The dividend of 1¾ per cent. earned in 1869 had meanwhile grown to 7¾ per cent. It is not to be wondered at if a railway administrator who has such a splendid experience as this to descant upon takes a hopeful view of a project for bringing a new area within the same system, and tells the Secretary of State that in delaying his sanction to it he is not only standing in the way of an enterprise of great public utility, but is depriving Government, who would be partners in the transaction, of a substantial source of profit. The other reasons urged in favour of the scheme are well-known here, and they are well-known in the India Office. The Bombay Government have been abundantly satisfied by them that the line is necessary, and the whole commercial community in Guzerat and in Bombay have expressed this view with all the strength of a conviction derived from trade experience.

As to the profitable nature of the enterprise, the evidence upon this point may be summed up in the observation that the more detailed and searching the enquiry into the traffic potentialities of the district to be traversed the more promising the results are. When Major Bisset's data and conclusions were submitted two years since to Mr. Little, the Superintendent Engineer of the Northern Division, the result was to show that the railway estimates were in most points too moderate. But we apprehend that this part of the case was closed on the day that the Secretary of State gave his sanction to the line, and that what now remains to be done is not so much to prove the necessity of the project as to invite the Secretary of State's attention to the inconvenience and loss that may result from delay in giving effect to his own excellent intentions. One consideration is of so strictly personal a kind that we know it will have little weight with him, but it is a reason which has a large place in the minds of those of us in India who have watched with interest his career at the India Office. Just as Lord Randolph Churchill will be best remembered in India for having insisted upon the immediate execution of the Bengal-Nagpur scheme, so Lord Cross may earn the regard of the people of these parts by hastening the execution of the Godhra-Rutlam line. The keen and practical interest which he has shown in the development of the Indian wheat trade gives ground for a weightier appeal to the Secretary of State. Has due consideration been given at the India Office to the danger of a serious obstruction of the trade through the inadequate outlet for it which the Rajputana-Malwa Railway supplies? No one doubts that the maximum carrying power of that railway has been reached. In 1886 there was a serious obstruction on the Ajmere-Sabarmati section, which nearly led to the railway being compelled to suspend the receipt of traffic at Delhi. This may occur again at any time, and Lord Cross, considering the interest that he showed last year in the encouragement of the wheat export trade, must be the last man in the world to contemplate such a contingency with indifference. Besides this, if the project is half as remunerative as General Trevor calculates, each year's delay involves loss not only to the company of whose *rezeau* the line would form part, but to the Government itself as a profit-sharer. The advocates of this scheme are not amongst those to whom Sir Frank Adam referred when, from the chair of the Chamber of Commerce last year, he spoke of people who hold that "so great are the benefits derived from railways that not even the fear and risk of large and rapid extension leading to fresh taxation should deter Government from constructing on a large scale." There is no such disregard of financial responsibilities in the advocacy of this scheme; but there is a reasonable conviction that a scheme as capable of defence on commercial grounds as this is, should not be treated as one which would yield so early a return to the outlay upon it. If the Government, even after making a liberal deduction from General Trevor's estimates, are satisfied that the scheme will pay, it would require a much more unsatisfactory state of the Budget than now exists to warrant indefinite delay in carrying it out. We are unable here to deal with General Trevor's reference to the bearing of railway extension upon the general question of the sterling debt and the problem of exchange. But his observations on that point are important, and we shall content ourselves for the present with calling attention to them.

IT seems now to be understood that Mr. Ollivant will retain the Municipal Commissionership until April, and possibly till May, in view of the important matters in progress which he has initiated, and require his supervision in their present stage. It is obviously desirable, for instance, that while Mr. Baldwin Latham is in Bombay, and afterwards when his recommendations have to be considered, the experience of Mr. Ollivant shall be available to the Corporation and the Government. As we stated some months since, Mr. H. A. Acworth, who served an apprenticeship to the duties of the office as Deputy Municipal Commissioner in 1885, will succeed Mr. Ollivant when the latter takes over political charge of Kathiawar from Mr. Lely.

A VERY remarkable man, Mr. Joseph Pulitzer, proprietor of the *New York World*, passed through Bombay on his way to Ceylon and the further East, a few days since. Mr. Pulitzer who is travelling to be away from the cares of one of the greatest newspaper establishments in this or any other world, is armed with a very potent talisman—a special passport granted him by the United States Government. It is the two hundred and first of the sort issued since the Great Republic was founded. The last issued was, we believe, that held by General Grant, when making the tour during which he visited Bombay. It was the intention of Mr. Pulitzer and his party to spend the cold weather in India, but a change of plan has taken them instead to Colomo *en route* for China and Japan.

A LEGISLATOR who professes to speak with the confidence of prophetic vision states that next year will bring one hundred and fifty Members of Parliament to India, to see the country while exchanging an inclement winter for a pleasant and enjoyable cold weather. This anticipation seems to be based on the belief that so many have made the trip and find it easy and comparatively inexpensive, that the desire to visit India when its climate is at its best, while that of England is most rigorous, is becoming more and more widely diffused. Colombo has quite recently become a house of call for the increasing number of tourists going eastward to China and Japan, or southward to Australia. These numbers are certain to be augmented. The competition between the British mail service between Vancouver's Land and the countries which we in India regard as "the remoter East," and the great American mail boats from San Francisco to Japan and China, reduces the cost of girdling the world, and tends to familiarise people with the idea of making long voyages and seeing strange lands. An ever-increasing percentage of globe-trotters will take India on their way, and for them Bombay will, of course, be the most convenient place of call when going or returning. The competition of the continental mail services with our own will also swell the number of travellers who come to India, by reducing the cost and multiplying the facilities for a tour combining health with the gratification of an intelligent curiosity.

ALTHOUGH there has been some talk for a long time past of Mr. Stead leaving the *Pall Mall Gazette*, writes our London correspondent, the authentic announcement that he ceases to be connected with that journal at the end of the present month, and that he is to start a periodical on his account, came as a surprise even to his own friends. Rumour says that he hoped to start a new daily, and many who, while they do not agree with all his views, consider him to be perhaps the smartest living journalist, are inclined to think that the *Review of Reviews* may blossom into a morning paper. If the support of great names is any criterion, Mr. Stead's venture ought to prove a success. A monthly periodical that besides other attractive features publishes the cream of the best articles of all the other leading magazines of Europe, ought at any rate to be welcome in India and in other distant parts of the Empire. Mr. E. T. Cook, who succeeds Mr. Stead in the editorial chair, has been first assistant since Mr. Milner forsook journalism for politics, subsequently exchanged for official life. He has artistic tastes, and is a devoted worshipper at the Ruskin shrine.

THE Council of the Governor of Bombay for making laws and regulations meets in the Secretariat this afternoon at three o'clock, when consideration will be resumed in detail of the Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to Salt and Salt Revenue throughout the Presidency of Bombay,

---

THE Earl of Kerry and Lord Fitzmaurice, sons of His Excellency the Viceroy, Lord Lansdowne, who arrived here by the P. and O. Mail steamer Mirzapore on Monday, visited the Parsee Tower of Silence that afternoon and left for Calcutta by the Jubbulpore Mail Train at 10 p.m., on Monday night.

THE attention of our readers is called to an advertisement in another column announcing a native musical entertainment by Ustad Manoverkhan and Sons, the celebrated musicians from Jodhpore. The entertainment is to be given in the Framjee Cawasjee Institute, and will doubtless, as on the last occasion, draw large audiences of lovers of native music.

Truth writes: "Italians of the lower classes are quite free from snobbery, as a rule, and are accustomed to perfect freedom and equality—at least, in their own churches. Why, therefore, should the seat-keeper at the English church have been so agitated at the fact that Lord and Lady Dufferin and Ava, with their family, arriving when the service was just going to begin, sat down in seats near the door in order not to disturb the congregation, instead of marching to the "front reserved seats," where their ambassadorial prayer-books awaited them? Lord Dufferin and his family acted, as usual, with perfect good taste, but the keeper of the prayer-books could by no means keep his equanimity under this revolutionary state of things. Is the spirit of Jeames catching?

A NEW BRAKE for railway carriages has been tried on the London and North-West Railway at Birmingham, and will soon be brought into practical use on a line in Russia. The principle of the electro-magnet is ingeniously applied in arresting the motion of every wheel in a train, and the force can be applied throughout a train within a second and a half. This is a gain in time of application compared with the vacuum brake, but we are quite in the dark as to the difference of power exerted. This invention, we may be certain, will be applied to the trains on English railways.

Two members of the Vienna Military Veterinary Institute have introduced an improvement in the use of the laryngeal mirror for horses. The ordinary mirror, which at its outer end has an incandescent electric light, is introduced into the nostril, and at once makes visible any symptoms of nasal mucus, and other diseases which call for the prompt isolation of the animal. The operation has proved possible even in the case of obstinate horses, and a quiet animal will submit to it without resistance.

THE new Auditorium at Chicago, which Madame Patti opened three weeks ago is the first theatre ever built with a "falling roof." The full house holds about 8,000 people. But if a simple theatrical entertainment is to be given, or the audience is not expected to be large, by a couple of windlasses a false roof is lowered, covering the top gallery, or even the two higher tires, so that the ordinary upper boxes become the gallery, and so forth. The invention is intended for places where land is valuable and height is no object. In a city whose houses show plenty of "ancient light," the utility of the scheme would probably be less obvious.

IN architecture, a dome is a spherical or other figured concave eiling, over a circular or polygonal building. The oldest dome known is that of the Pantheon at Rome, which was constructed under the Emperor Augustus, and is still perfect. It is 142½ feet in internal diameter, and 143 feet in internal height. This is the broadest of all domes. The loftiest dome at present in the world is that of St Peter's Cathedral at Rome. It is 330 feet in internal height, and 139 feet in internal diameter. In point of height the Duomo of Florence comes next; it is 310 feet high by inside measurement. The dome of St Paul's Cathedral in London is 112 feet in internal diameter, and 215 feet in internal height.

REPORTS have reached Paris concerning a lamentable occurrence at Yakutsk, in Eastern Siberia. Some 30 exiles under administrative order—that is to say, who had not been condemned by any law Court or tribunal—were to proceed to some more distant stations. The temporary Governor, Ostashine, had issued new rules which, if carried out, would, for a journey through the Polar wastes of Siberia, result in the death of a great many of the travellers. A joint petition was therefore drawn up by all the exiles, requesting the restoration of the old *regime*. The exiles were told not to present themselves in a body at the Government offices, but to wait for the reply in a private house. Here, however, a subordinate officer of police came and ordered them to go in a body to the Government House. The exiles hesitated in the face of these contradictory orders, and the police and soldiers suddenly losing patience, attacked and fired upon them. The soldiers were rendered all the more brutal by the fact that some of the exiles had pistols, and made some slight show of defence. One policeman was killed, according to his own dying statement, accidentally by the soldiers, and the Governor Ostashine, who came up during the disturbance, and an officer were wounded. Of the exiles, six were killed out-right, including one young woman, Madlle. Goarevitch, and nine wounded, Madlle Zoroastroff being among the latter. Under the pretext that the drawing up of petitions against an official decree constituted an act of insurrection a Court-martial was held. All the exiles were condemned to long terms of penal servitude, and there were sentenced to death. They were subsequently hanged. One among them, named Bernstein, who had been struck by four bullets, had to be carried under the gallows in his bed. When the rope had been put round his neck, the bed was removed, and he was left hanging.

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

HER MAJESTY 'S HEALTH.

LONDON, JAN . 7.

It was officially stated last night that although able to perform her ordinary daily duties, the Queen has lately been suffering a good deal from rheumatism, which renders it impossible for her Majesty to undergo the fatigue and exposure which the ceremony of opening Parliament in person would entail.

THE ANGLO-PORTUGUESE DISPUTE.

THE BRITISH ULTIMATUM.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

Lord Salisbury has addressed a despatch to Portugal in which he states that unless British claims in Nyassaland are conceded, our diplomatic representative will be withdrawn, and possibly more serious results will accrue.

THE SPREAD OF INFLUENZA.

LONDON, JAN. 6*

Influenza continues to spread in Europe and in America.

Several of the doctors and nurses in various London hospitals have been attacked.

Lord Raleigh is among the latest sufferers.

The epidemic is still spreading in the provinces in England. In London its ravages have assumed alarming proportions.

In America half the students of Baltimore University are affected, as also are many soldiers in the garrison at Halifax.

STILL SPREADING IN THE PROVINCES.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

The number of fatal cases of influenza continues to increase.

Numerous cases are reported to have occurred among the police of Bradford, Kent, and Dublin, the Post Office and Telegraph servants of Belfast; the soldiers of the Carlow and Hounslow Garrisons, and workmen of the Woolwich Arsenal.

LATER.

Influenza is universal throughout Great Britain. Victims are reported among the workmen at the Waltham powder factory, the boys of the Exmouth and Salisbury training ships, among the troops at Windsor and Aldershot and police generally.

THE EMPRESS AUGUSTA.

LONDON, JAN. 6.*

The condition of the Empress Augusta is less hopeful.

BERLIN, JAN. 7.

The Empress Augusta is pronounced to be dying and has received the last sacrament, the Emperor and all the Imperial Princes being present during the solemn ceremony.

JAN. 7, 5 P.M.

The Empress Augusta is dead.

THE CLEVELAND STREET SCANDAL.

LONDON, JAN. 6.*

The hearing of the charge against Mr. Newton, solicitor, of conspiring to defeat the ends of justice in connection with the Cleveland Street scandal, was proceeded with to-day.

The general tenour of the evidence went to prove Lord Arthur Somerset's implication in the offences alleged to have been committed in the house in question.

DESTRUCTION OF A THEATRE BY FIRE.

BRUSSELS, JAN. 7.

The Theatre de la Monnaie here was destroyed by fire early this morning.

The adjoining block of buildings is endangered.

THE BELGIAN STRIKES.

BRUSSELS, JAN. 7.

The miners have become incensed at the refusal of the owners to comply with their demands.

LATER.

The block of buildings adjoining the threatre has been saved through the energies of the firemen, two of whom however have perished in the flames.

MAJOR WISSMANN'S EXPEDITION.

LONDON, JAN. 6.*

Telegrams from Zanzibar report that Major Wissmann after two hour's fighting, captured the fortified position held by Bwanaheri.

Fifteen Germans were wounded in the engagement.

Many of the enemy were killed.

Much looted property was recovered.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

Bwanheri is not yet subdued. With a force of three thousand men behind him, he still defies Major Wissmann.

* Delayed in transmission.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS].

THE QUEEN AND THE DUBLIN CORPORATION.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

The Dublin Corporation, by a large majority, have negatived the motion to invite her Majesty the Queen to visit Dublin next summer for the purpose of opening the Museum; the Nationalist members fearing that their consent to the motion would be treated politically and place them under the auspices of the detested Government.

THE CLEVELAND STREET SCANDAL.

The hearing of the charge against Mr. Arthur Newton, solicitor, and his clerk in the Cleveland Street case was resumed yesterday, when boys concerned in the scandals, testified to bribes having been offerred to them to decamp.

It was also elicited that a warrant for the arrest of Lord Arthur Somerset was only issued on the 12th of November.

THE ANGLO-PORTUGUESE DISPUTE.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

The *Times* states that Lord Salisbury has sent a further Note to Portugal, in which he threatens immediate diplomatic rupture, and even more, unless Portugal gives prompt satisfaction to Great Britain for Major Pinto's actions.

HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN'S HEALTH.

LONDON, JAN. 7.

It is officially notified that H. M. the Queen, although well and perfectly able to perform her duties, has latterly been suffering a good deal from rheumatism, and is therefore unequal to the fatigue of opening Parliament in person.

THE HON. MR. CHILDERS, M. P.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 7.

The Right Honourable Mr. Childers and Mrs. Childers returned from Darjeeling to-day, and were the guests of Sir. Charles Elliott during their few hours' stay. They leave again by to-night's train for a tour in the North-West Provinces.

ENTERTAINMENT IN HONOR OF PRINCE VICTOR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 7.

The entertainment in honor of H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor was a not unqualified success. The crowd was greater than on the day of landing, but arrangements inside the enclosure was very defective. Accommodation for seventeen hundred was provided in the pavilion, but three times that number found their way into it. European ladies were hustled by persons that had no business there, while the upper ten and their wives were standing outside the shamiana. Men and women crowded into it without tickets. Electric lights in the pavilion burnt dimly and served to make darkness visible. Decorations were of the scantiest kind. At about a quarter to seven the Prince and the Viceregal party arrived. They were met at the entrance of the reception pavilion by a deputation consisting of the executive committee, headed by Sir Jotendro Mohun Tagore, chairman, and were conducted to the dais; the massed military bands playing the National Anthem. The Calcutta Mounted Rifles furnished a guard-of-honour. A feeble attempt was made to give cheers, but there was no response. The entertainment commenced by a nautch by a group of dancing girls, followed by the performance of vocal and instrumental music. The exhibition of native jugglery was very much admired, as they deserved to be. Instead of the ten minutes allotted to them, they performed for close upon half-an-hour, to the great amusement of the distinguished company. Theatrical performance of Sakuntala or the Fatal Ring was admirably rendered. The scenery executed by a native artist was especially fine. An exhibition of Indian quarter-staff play descriptive of an attempt to hunt down a thief who ultimately made his escape, were both exciting and amusing. The Thibetan play and dance might have been left out with advantage, as it fell flat upon the audience. The entertainment closed with the Khyberee sword-dance round a bonfire. This was very much appreciated. Scores of mountaineers formed a circle, wildly gesticulating with swords flashing in the air and moonlight gleaming upon them, which presented a weird appearance. After the Khuttack dance the Viceregal party adjourned to the refreshment room, from whence they returned to the dais, when the chairman of the Executive Committee presented garlands, atar, and pan, and having conducted the distinguished guests to their carriages, the entertainment came to an end. The grounds outside the enclosure were brilliantly lighted, including the fort, which presented a splendid appearance. In the whole length of Chowringhee only two houses were lighted, but the trade was well to the front. Old Court House Street was literally in a blaze.

THE TABRIZ CONSUL-GENERALSHIP.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JAN. 7.

Colonel Stewart, who has been officiating for General Maclean at Mashad, has been appointed Consul-General at Tabriz in succession to Mr. Abbot, who has retired.

THE SIKKIM-TIBET NEGOTIATIONS.

The Amban was to reach Darjeeling yesterday to meet Mr. Hart. The Sikkim-Tibet question is now practically settled, and the terms of the agreement between England and China only remain to be formulated.

CHANGES IN THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF'S STAFF.

Colonel Pole Carew, the Commander-in-Chief's Military Secretary, proceeds home shortly. His place will be taken by Lieut.-Colonel Nicholson, at present Assistant Adjutant-General at Army Head-quarters.

MR. H. S. KING, M. P.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, JAN. 7.

Mr. H. S. King, M.P., arrived here to-day and is staying with his Excellency the Governor.

THE ROSS DIVORCE CASE.

The suit filed by Mr. Ross, of the Civil Service, against his wife and Mr. Clerk, was placed upon the list for settlement issues this morning. But as the defendants had not yet filed their written statements in answer to plaint, hearing was adjourned.

RECOGNITION OF POLICE ARRANGEMENTS.

H. E. the Governor has written thanking the police for the arrangements during H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor's visit that the Prince was thoroughly satisfied with the arrangements.

EXPOSURE OF TELEGRAPHIC DELAY.

A flagrant case of delay in forwarding press telegrams has been exposed by the *Madras News.* Telegrams accepted at Mount Road office between 8 and 9 in the evening were refused by the head office, instructions being given to forward copies by a messenger. The messenger arrived at the head office at midnight.

BOMBAY HORSE AND CATTLE SHOW.

THE joint honorary Secretaries to the Horse and Cattle Show, which is to be held in connection with the grand Fête in honour of Prince Albert Victor's visit to Bombay, have addressed the following circulars to probable exhibitors :—

HORSES.

Sir,—We are directed by the Committee of the Fête to be held in honour of the visit of H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor of Wales, to ask your assistance in providing a show of the best horses in the whole of India, on the occasion of His Royal Highness's return to Bombay in March next. It is proposed to divide the classes into the following, each class being again subdivided according to the amount of support received:—English thorough-breds and half-breds; Australian and other Colonials, Arabs, Persians and country-breds; and harness horses, hunters, chargers, and hacks of all sorts.

The Committee hope you will accord them your support by exhibiting as many as possible of each class and, in order that the necessary arrangements can be made, will let them know as soon as possible how many animals and of what class you will be able to send.

CATTLE.

Sir,—We are directed to ask your assistance in providing a show of the best cattle of the whole of India, at Bombay, on the occasion of the visit of His Royal Highness Prince Albert Victor of Wales, in March next.

2. It is proposed to divide the classes roughly as follows, and the Committee hope you will accord your support by exhibiting, or securing the exhibition of, as many really good animals of each class as you can :—

A.—Bullocks, cows, or bulls of the various Indian breeds (as of Sind, Mysore, Guzerat, Kathiawar, Nellore, Southern Maharatta Country, Deccan, &c.); or (a) of recognised crosses between Indian breeds.

B.—Bulls, bullocks, or cows imported into this country (as from Aden, England, France, &c.); or (b) crosses of Indian with imported stock.

C.—Buffaloes for working, breeding, or milch purposes.

3. The Committee trusts you will let it know, as soon as possible, how many animals, and of what class, you expect to be able to send, to enable it to make the necessary arrangements and to issue further information.

The following is a list of members of the Horse and Cattle Show Committee :—Chairman—Brig.-General W. T. Budgen. Committee—Cols. Rawlins and H. L. Nutt; Major J. Humphrey; Col. F. J. Wise; Messrs F. Stockinger and Pryce Weedon; Dr. A. C. Gaye; H. H. Akbar Shah; Messrs. Framji Dinshaw Petit, T. M. Filgate, Piercy Benn, Dinshaw B. Lam, Damodar Goculdas, Umar bin Jamal Vuyani, Vanmalidas Parshotum, and Reg. Gilbert; Capt. J. Hext, R.N.; Mr. Fazulbhai Visram, Major Webb, Messrs. Tribhowandas M. Nathubhai, Ali bin Amir, Sulleman Abool Wahad, Esau bin Curtas, K. M. Shroff, J. L. Symons, N. S. Symons, G. A. Kittredge, C. L. Weber, Goverdhandas D. Tejpal, Jalbhai Ardeshir Sett, and Mansukram Surajram; Capt. A. Phayre, Vet.-Surg. J. Anderson, Dr. R. J. Baker, Messrs. Bhagwandas Narotamdas, A. M. Gubbay, S. A. Nathan and M. M. Bhownuggree, C.I.E. Honorary Secretaries—Messrs. H. C. Burder, J. H. Steel, A.V.D., J. J. B. Benson, and H. M. Phipson.

H. E. THE GOVERNOR AT BARODA.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

BARODA, JAN. 4.

ON the afternoon of Thursday, the 2nd inst., his Excellency drove out to Ajwa, to inspect the water-works, now under construction at that place. The weather was very far from cool, as, indeed, had been the case during the whole of our stay at Baroda, but the distance, over twelve miles, made an early start imperative, and accordingly it took place a little after 2 p.m. The Resident, Mr. Reynolds, the State Engineer; Mr. Manibhai, Minister for Public Works; and Mr. Jugannath Sadashiv, Executive Engineer of the water-works, received his Excellency, who inspected the works in progress, and was much interested in all he saw. It must be a source of great satisfaction for his Excellency to contemplate the progress of sanitation in this province during his tenure of office, not the least important branch of which is the provision of an ample supply of good drinking water to large towns. This question had long been under consideration by the Baroda Durbar when his Highness the present Gaekwar ascended the *gadi.* He took it up in earnest, and in 1883, Mr. Reynolds, the Executive Engineer for Irrigations, Ahmedabad, was called on to report on a project for a storage lake at Muwal, 21 miles north of the city, whence water could be brought by gravitation. Mr. Reynolds had more extended surveys made, with the result that eventually the present Ajwa site was selected for the lake on the Surza Nullah, a branch of the Vishvamitri river, on which Baroda stands. This reservoir, which is now approaching completion, may be briefly described as follows :—An embankment, 3½ miles long, with a maximum height of 42 feet, has with the exception of a small gap across the Surza Nullah, been made from north to south to intercept and store flood waters, and will impound a lake when full of about ten square miles. At the northern end is the waste-weir, and waste-weir channel 800 feet long, on which it is calculated that the maximum floods will not rise to a greater height than 4 feet, the top of the bund being 7 feet higher. Half a mile from the southern extremity is the outlet to the main, which is to convey water to Baroda, fitted with the usual valves and other appliances for regulating the discharge. The capacity of the reservoir is 8,000 million gallons, enough to provide 20 gallons for each inhabitant of Baroda. The main is a cart-iron pipe of 30" diametre, and is laid in a perfectly straight line to the settling, filtering, and pure water tanks at Mineta, 7 miles from and about 60 feet higher than the city. Before this the water passes through Easton and Anderson's patent filters or purifiers, on which being brought into intimate contact with iron borings it will be deprived of all organic impurities, by the chemical action of minutely subdivided iron, a system which is merely a modification of Dr. Bischoff's spongy iron filter. There are three of these purifiers, each capable of filtering chemically one and a half million gallons daily. The third filter is merely to supplement the other two when one is under repair, as two suffice for present requirements. From there the water will pass to the two settling tanks there to undergo further cleansing, and thence through sand and gravel filters to the service reservoir, which is capable of holding two days' supply. From here the main passes on to the city, which it enters by the prophetically named Pani Durwaza, finally ending in the Mandvi, whence the distribution pipes ramify in every direction, penetrating into every street, lane, and courtyard, carrying the blessing of pure water to almost every door. Along the main pipes are sluice valves, air valves, and scour valves; and numerous wells and stand-pipes, and bullock services are provided for the convenience of the public. The original estimate was about 30 lakhs, and this would not have been exceeded had not delay been caused by two outbreaks of cholera, and complications arisen in the puddle trenches by underground springs. One common cause of delay—want of funds—has not been met with; the munificence of H. H. the Gaekwar has averted that; and this water-supply, which is his free gift to his people, should be a far more satisfactory monument to his memory than the proudest palace or mausoleum that the genius of man could devise. The opening ceremony, which was the laying of the first basketful of earth of the embankment, was performed by Lady Watson, wife of the then Resident in January, 1887, and the time spent in the construction of so large a work does not seem excessive. The work has been well carried out by Mr. Sadashiv, under the supervision of Mr. Reynolds, and in this as well as in many other undertakings, his Highness is to be congratulated in having secured the services of so competent a co-operator as the latter officer who belongs to the Public Works Department, but has been lent to the Baroda State. The inspection took a long time, and it was dark before his Excellency reached Baroda. The same afternoon her Excellency Lady Reay, accompanied by Colonel and Mrs. Lyttelton, Mr. Edgerley, and Captain Forbes paid his Highness a visit at his country palace, Makarpura, which is his favourite residence. Originally built for Maharaja Khunderao, it has been largely added to by the present Gaekwar. A totally new wing, connected with the old one by a colonnade and bridge, has been built and decorated under Mr. Chisholm's skilful supervision, and forms a comfortable dwelling-house, more in the English fashion than we are accustomed to see in this country. On the walls of the rooms and staircases are suspended many pictures by European artists—Constant, Neuberg, and others. It is fitted with electric light, and it is far from improbable that, when the Luximon Vilas palace is finished, the Gaekwar will prefer the more compact comforts of his country-house to the somewhat gaunt splendour of that in the town. The garden and grounds under the able manipulation of Mr. Goldring, are rapidly being re-claimed from the dreary waste they once belonged to. He has completed a very pretty grotto, situated on a piece of water in one corner, which, though a little suggestive of snakes, promises to be a deliciously cool resort in the hot weather. Mr. Goldring's resources are great, but they will be sorely taxed to make the electric and pumping engine a pleasing feature in the landscape. We believe his idea is to construct a small hill round the chimney, and to utilize the smoke to give an imitation of Vesuvius, but this ingenious notion has not yet taken shape. Before leaving, Lady Reay paid an informal visit to the Maharani. Their Excellencies left Baroda by the 9-45 p.m. train, and H. H. the Gaekwar, the Resident, and a large number of officials and residents, assembled at the station to see them off. The journey passed without incident, and as already noticed in your columns, the party reached Bombay on the morning of the 3rd. This is probably the last of the more extended tours which Lord Reay will make during his tenure of office. He has visited nearly the whole of the Presidency, Sind twice; Kathiawar three times; Ahmedabad twice; Bijapur, Sholapur, Ratnagiri, Satara, Belgaum, Dharwar, Kanara, Broach, Surat, Ahmadnagar, once each, besides Goa, Baroda, and Kolhapur; so that he has acquired a very extensive personal knowledge of nearly all his collectorate head-quarters, the spread of railways having made this a far easier task than it used to be.

A LONDON correspondent reports a noteworthy case of skin-grafting by a surgeon. A boy aged ten was admitted into an infirmary in consequence of having lost the whole of the integument of one of his legs, from the knee to the ankle, the result of a burn which he had received some weeks previously. A fortnight after admission, skin-grafting was carried out, the skin used being that obtained from a young greyhound. Several strips of the borrowed integument were applied to the wound, about six inches in length and half an inch in width. After the lapse of some days, the grafts were inspected, and all but one were found to have firmly united. In six weeks' time the boy was discharged with the immense wound soundly healed.

SIR LYON PLAYFAIR, addressing his constituents in South Leeds, dealt especially with social topics. Strikes, he said, were powerful engines as a last resort, as lockouts were amongst employers. They were not all justifiable. They were purely destructive agencies; but they were sometimes a rude way of breaking through the crust of custom which might have gathered around the rate of wages. Strikes would never cease until all persons engaged in industry had sufficient leisure and opportunity to cultivate their intelligence so that they could understand the complicated question of social economics.

PRIZE-GIVING AT RAJKOT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RAJKOT, JAN. 3.

A VERY interesting ceremony took place in the college grounds at Rajkot on the afternoon of Monday, the 30th ultimo, *viz.*, the distribution of prizes to the successful students of the Lang Girls' School in the town of Rajkot, and of the Girls' School of the Rajkot Civil Station. A handsome *shamiana* had been pitched in the front of the College, and the whole of Rajkot society turned out to grace the occasion. Among those present may be named the Political Agent, and Mrs. Lely, Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Candy from Bombay, the Principal of the Rajkumar College and Mrs. Macnaghten, Mrs. and the Misses Booth, Mr. and Mrs. G. M. H. Fulton, Mr. Fitzgerald (Assistant Political Agent), Major Morse, Mrs. H. A. Wadya, Miss Goldney, the Honourable Mr. Budrudin Tyabjee, Mr. S. N. Pandit, Kumar Shri Samatsangji of Palitana, Khan Bahadur Dhanjishah Hormasji (Deputy Assistant Political Agent), Rao Bahadur Chamanrai (Agency Daftdardar), Mr. Chunilal Sarabhai (Diwan of Palitana), the Agency Pleaders and State Vakils, and many officials, and other native gentlemen. The proceedings commenced with the following interesting report, which was read by Rao Bahadur Gopalji Surbhai Desai, the Assistant Educational Inspector for Kathiawar. He said :—

Mr. Lely, Ladies, Princes, and Gentlemen,—The number on the rolls and the daily average attendance in the Town Lang Girls' School, which now teaches up to the 5th standard are 104 and 55 against 143 and 78 respectively of last year. Of 36 girls presented for examination 25 or 69 per cent. have passed under the standards. In the Station Girls' School, the number on the register has risen from 70 to 76, though the daily average attendance has remained nearly stationary. I am glad to be able to state that this school though opened in 1877, has been teaching for some years past with great success up to the sixth or the highest standard. This year two girls have passed under the sixth standard in all heads. The needle-work in both the schools is remarkably good. I may here mention that the Mahomedan community does not still, it is to be regretted, show as much interest in female education as they do in educating their sons. There being only three Mahomedan girls in the Civil Station Girls' School; of these 3 girls, two have passed in the infant class. The prosperity of the Town Girls' School and the high state of efficiency of the Station Girls' School are due to the diligent and untiring efforts of Mrs. Hewett and their present head-masters. It is very gratifying to note that many European ladies take a warm interest in female education in Kathiawar. Among these may gratefully be mentioned the names of Mrs. Lely, Mrs. Macnaghten, and Mrs. MacClelland. The Girls' Schools of Porbandar and Nowanagar, which are now in a very thriving condition, owe their prosperity to the kind and incessant exertions of Mrs. Lely and Mrs. MacClelland respectively. And I should be wanting in my duty if I did not particularly mention in very grateful terms the name of Mrs. Macnaghten in connection with the Rajkot Girls' Schools. She has not only always evinced a lively interest in the well-being of the schools, but has materially helped it in various ways. At her kind instance his Highness the Thakor Saheb of Rajkot has contributed Rs. 50 for prizes, and she herself is to give away 12 work-boxes and 2 picture-books. It is also very kind of Mrs. Candy and Miss Booth that they have contributed to the Prize Fund this year for the Lang Girls' School. Mrs. H. A. Wadia, the only native lady who takes a warm interest in the Station Girls' School has, this year with a view to commemorate Miss Manning's visit in February last to this girls' school, endowed the school with a respectable sum of Rs. 250 to found a permanent annual prize of Rs. 10 in the school to be styled the "Miss Manning Prize." (Loud applause.) For which I beg to express my best thanks to that kind lady on behalf of the Educational Department. This prize is in addition to the permanent annual prizes already established during the last four years by the Dr. and Mrs. McDougall Memorial Fund Committee, the Victoria Jubilee Committee, and Khan Bahadur Dhanjishah, to whom the school is not less indebted.

The following are the names of the few girls who have been found deserving of the above-mentioned prizes :—

FOR PROFICIENCY.

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Shirinbai Rattonji ...	10	0	0	McDougal Prize No. 1
Mani Ranchhodlal ...	5	0	0	Victoria Jubilee Prize
Samaratbai Tribhowan	5	0	0	McDougal Prize No. 2
Ganga Bhagwandas ...	5	0	0	Do. No. 3

Miss Manning Prize Rs. 10 distributed amongst 5 girls.

FOR ATTENDANCE.

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Jamnabai Vasta ...	5	0	0	Dhanjishah Victoria Jubilee prize No. 1
Rewa Parbhu ...	3	0	0	Do. No. 2
Samaratbai Tribhowan...	2	0	0	Do. No. 3

In conclusion I beg to express my warm acknowledgements to Mr. and Mrs. Macnaghten and Mr. Fitzgerald, and to Khan Bahadur Dhanjishah and Mr. Motichand Tulshi, who always evince a warm interest in the welfare of these girls' schools.

At the conclusion of the Inspector's report the girls sang some native songs, of which two from Mrs. Davies' vernacular song book met with well-merited applause. Mrs. Candy then distributed the prizes of the total value of about Rs. 200, including Rs. 31 kindly given by Mrs. Macnaghten amongst the teachers of the two school, in appreciation of their good work. Mr. E. T. Candy then made the following remarks :—

Mr. Lely, Ladies, and Gentlemen,—I hope you will not think me an interloper, or guilty of disorderly conduct in rising to make a short speech which is not down on the official programme. But I claim your indulgence while I make a few remarks, because I wish to express on behalf of Mrs. Candy her grateful thanks for your kindness in giving to her the pleasure as well as the privilege of distributing the prizes this afternoon. Coming back to these well-known haunts, where we spent so many happy years, and realising the great pleasure which every true Kathiawari must experience in visiting his old province and seeing many friends, we feel that one of our greatest enjoyments in our short visit has been the opportunity afforded to us of joining in this afternoon's ceremony. And my second excuse, my apology, Sir, if one is needed from me, is with your permission to join in the chorus of admiration and regard for Mrs. Macnaghten's unwearied and kindly labours on behalf of the little girls before you. All of us who take an interest in this province, and especially in the cause of education, owe a debt of gratitude to the ladies who have done so much for our girls' schools. The name which first deserves mention is that of one who, I am sorry to say is no longer in India, but who is warmly remembered by us all, I mean Mrs. Macdougall. Then there is Mrs. MacClelland, whose labours in the cause at Jamnagar are so well known. And Kathiawar is fortunate in having present here to-day Mrs. Lely, whose efforts at Porbunder will, I am sure, be repeated in Rajkot and elsewhere in Kathiawar. Last but not least we are indebted to Mrs. Macnaghten for her unselfish devotion in the good work, the results of which you have seen this afternoon. To her no doubt it is a labour of love, but none the less can we refrain from expressing our gratitude. Realise for one moment what an ordinary town school must be without the cheering influence and supervision of an English lady, and then in the bright intelligent little faces before us you see what is due to Mrs. Macnaghten. (Loud applause.)

At the conclusion of Mr. Candy's remarks, Mr. Lely, the Political Agent, rose and said :—

Ladies and Gentlemen,—I am sure I shall be right in saying on behalf of all present that we have had a most pleasant evening. I have been specially pleased to see that you have discarded the custom of giving every child a prize whether she deserves it or not. Such a plan reminds one of the man who raised a Volunteer Regiment, and made all its members Colonels to avoid jealousy. As matters stand now we can safely say to those who have gained a prize "well done," and encourage those who have not, to do better next time. There are two drawbacks to the year's work, one of which was mentioned by Mr. Gopalji, and the other of which was omitted, I think, from his report. The first is the almost total absence of the children of our Mahomedan friends from the schools. The second is the want of a suitable building in Rajkot town. On the other hand is a pleasant picture of progress. It is difficult to believe that more girls are now under education in Rajkot alone than in the whole of Kathiawar some thirty years ago. You will allow me to return our thanks on this pleasant evening to Mrs. Candy for so kindly giving away the prizes, to Mrs. Macnaghten for making the arrangements in addition to her more persistent aid given in the schools week by week, to Mrs. Wadia and other ladies and gentlemen, such as Mr. Dhunjishah for providing the prizes, and lastly to all who by their presence here have encouraged a good work.

Mr. Lely's speech was loudly applauded, and after the usual distribution of flowers the proceedings concluded with the singing of the National Anthem.

LORD HARRIS AND THE KENTISH CONSERVATIVES.

AT the Canterbury Conservative Club on the 7th ult. the members of the East Kent and Canterbury Conservative Association presented Lord Harris with the following address of congratulation on his appointment as Governor of Bombay :—

To the Right Honourable Lord Harris,

We, the Chairman and Vice-Chairmen of the East Kent and Canterbury Conservative Club, the Canterbury Conservative Association, and the Canterbury Habitation of the Primrose League (No. 292), unite in tendering our most hearty congratulations on your Lordship's appointment to the honourable and important post of Governor of Bombay.

Few names are probably as popular, few figures well known in the County of Kent as your Lordship's. Possessed of a rapidity of vision, of untiring industry and energy, and the power of giving clear expression to your views, you have acquired the esteem of those more intimately associated with you, and the confidence of all classes in the county and in this city.

Belonging to a family which has for three generations past rendered conspicuous services in India there seems a peculiar fitness in the fact that your talent should be employed in that great dependency.

We offer our most sincere wishes for the success and happiness of Lady Harris and yourself, and trust that it may please God you will return, both of you, at the expiration of your period of service, in health and strength, while if we may be pardoned for looking somewhat into the future we venture to hope that at a still later period of your lives, her Ladyship and yourself may have the legitimate pride and blessing of seeing reproduced in the youthful scion of your house and name that vigour and manliness of character worthy of one in whose veins flow the blood alike of the soldier of Seringapatam, and of the sailor victor of Cape St. Vincent.—We have the honour to remain, your Lordship's most obedient servants,

EDWARD PLUMMER, Chairman, E.K. & C.C.C.
WILLIAM MOUNT, Vice-Chairman.
THOMAS LAMBERT, Chairman, C.C.A.
EDWARD PLUMMER, Vice-Chairman.
THOMAS LAMBERT, Ruling Councillor, C.H.P.L.
G. T. SCOTT HUXLEY, Secretary.

Captain Lambert, Ruling Councillor of the local Primrose Habitation, addressing a numerous audience, said :—

Lord Harris had maintained in his political career a position such as no other, even in the House of Lords, had exceeded him in. (Applause). He had shown zeal, energy, and perseverance in the performance of the duties which he had been called upon by his country to perform. (Loud applause.) In his own country he had distinguished himself as a hard working man (cheers), and in his political career he had taken as much trouble to forward the interests of the Conservative party as any man in England. (Cheers.) Everyone knew the high esteem in which Lord Harris was held in the county. In his position as grand Councillor of the Primrose League he had done much to assist the Conservative cause (Cheers.) He felt he must be brief, but his love and respect for the noble lord was such that could he not say before his face what he might have said at a Conservative meeting at which Lord Harris was not present. It was impossible for him to sufficiently convey the feelings that they all expressed towards Lord Harris. He would now ask the Secretary to read the address, and then he would have the pleasure of showing Lord Harris what the loyalty and the feeling of the citizens of Canterbury were towards him. (Loud cheers.) Then addressing Lord Harris, the Gallant Captain said : Let me say in presenting this to you that the County of Kent and the citizens of Canterbury are proud of you. (Cheers.) The citizens of Canterbury are proud of the honour which has been bestowed upon you by her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen (cheers) and Empress of India. (Renewed cheers.) I must congratulate you, gentlemen of the Committee, on the happy idea of placing the noble lord on this platform as the future representative of her Most Gracious Majesty in Bombay. I am sure you will echo my feeling when I say we wish you God-speed (applause), and we wish health and happiness to her ladyship and yourself. (Applause.) I do not doubt that success will attend your efforts in that Province to which you have been selected to go. I do not doubt that you will add lustre to a name so well known as your family in India (cheers), and I may add one word more. When you return home, you will be received nowhere with more loyalty or have a heartier welcome than you will within the walls of this Club. (Loud cheers.)

Lord Harris, who was received with cheers, in the course of his reply, said :—

He had for something over 20 years been engaged in the Government of the county. (Applause.) Before the County Council was appointed he was a member of the Finance Committee of General Sessions. For 15 or 16 years he had been connected with the Chartham Lunatic Asylum in their immediate neighbourhood. It was partly through his instrumentality that that great institution was retained by the County Council. (Applause.) Another institution in which he had taken more interest perhaps than anything else was the East Kent Yeomanry (applause), of which they ought to be proud, and he was glad to think that notwithstanding the hard times they had to fight against it was still in existence and in a more flourishing condition than it had been for some years. (Applause.) They had been good enough to allude to his active participation in the game of cricket. (Cheers.) Well he would never be ashamed of having been a cricketer. (Loud cheers.) He thought it a good thing to be brought into relation with all classes and all ranks of Society, and he knew of no amusement, he was not sure he knew of any profession, that brought one more closely or more often in connection with all ranks and classes of society that a popular game of that kind. (Applause.) He was very grateful for the opportunity it had given him to find out what the views of many people were and whose society he should never have had had it not been for the game. He was very much touched at them asking him to be there that night to receive their congratulations and that beautiful present. He thought he need hardly say that wherever he was or whatever he might be doing his thoughts must largely return to the country in which he had lived, as far as he could, during the greater part of his life and in which he had endeavoured, as far as it lay in his power, to set what he thought was a necessary example in this way, that the ownership of land entailed something more than the enjoyment of such advantages as it brought with it (cheers), and that it was the bounden duty of owners of land to endeavour to set a tone to society and to lead the opinions and feelings of the neighbourhood in which they lived. (Applause.) He might have done far less than he should have done. He might have been unsuccessful in the example he had endeavoured to set (no, no), but he had done his best (cheers), and he took it that the reception he had been accorded that evening was a sign of their appreciation and recognition of that fact. (Cheers.) They had also been good enough to allude to his family connection with the great Dependency to which he was to go next year. It was a fact, as stated in the address, that for three generations his family had been connected with the Government of India. (Cheers.) Having alluded to the connection of his grandfather, great uncle, Stephen Rumbold Lushington, at one time member for the City, and his father with India, he said when this offer was made to him he confessed it was only after very careful deliberation and with some misgiving that he undertook a post so responsible, and it was very much due to a feeling of sincere affection for India and its people (applause), an affection which he took the liberty of thinking was based on the hereditary connection to which he had alluded. He fully recognised the very onerous and responsible duties which he had been called upon to fill. It was in no light spirit that he accepted the offer made to him. On the other hand, he felt he was cutting himself adrift for some years from many ties and many pursuits in which he had been engaged for many years, and there was the not unnatural feeling, that possibly when he came back he might find himself unable to renew them (no, no), and that would naturally cause a feeling of sincere regret. But he felt he would be unworthy of the name he bore—a name of which he was proud (cheers), especially in connection with the Empire of India (cheers)—if he shirked the duty, as he considered it to be, that was placed on his shoulders if he choose to accept it. They had been good enough in the address to congratulate him on the honour awarded to him. He would much rather, although he appreciated their kindness very much, that they would be able to say when he came back that they could congratulate him on what he had done. It was impossible for him, in sufficiently grateful terms, to thank them for the kind terms of the address and their kindness of heart that prompted them to present it to him. It was but a continuation of the invariable courtesy her Ladyship and himself had always received in and about that neighbourhood. (Applause.) He could only say, in the fewest and simplest words, that he thanked them on behalf of both her ladyship and himself most sincerely. (Applause.)

H. E. THE GOVERNOR'S LEVEE.

LORD REAY held his fifth, and probably the last, Levèe in Bombay at the New Secretariat yesterday afternoon. The first Levèe was held in the same place on the 9th April, 1885, soon after his Excellency assumed charge of the office of Governor of Bombay; the second on the 5th January, 1886; the third on the 24th January, 1888; and the fourth on the 17th December of the same year. Yesterday's Levèe was very well attended by those having the public *entree*; and the ante-rooms, leading to the Council Hall where the presentations took place, were filled to overcrowding as the clock chimed the hour for presentation, and the doors of the Council Hall were thrown open. In the latter, those entitled to the private *entree* were present, among them being members of the Executive Council, the former and present members of the Legislative Council, Judges of the High Court, the Lord Bishop of Bombay, the Municipal Commissioner, the President of the Municipal Corporation, the young Aga Khan, Aga Jenghi Shah, the Foreign Consuls in Bombay, and others. The arrangements in the Council Hall were similar to those of former Levèes. A guard-of-honour, consisting of a detachment of 100 rank-and-file of a native regiment, with band and colours, paraded in the compound; and the Governor's Band played a selection of music. A rather unusual feature was the presence of a large number of Officers of the Royal Artillery and the Gloster Regiment, dressed in their respective uniforms. The following gentlemen attended the Levèe :—

PRIVATE ENTREE.

EUROPEANS.

Acworth, Harry Arbuthnot
Adam, The Hon Sir Frank Forbes, Kt
Bayley, Mr Lyttelton H
Birdwood, Mr H
Bishop of Bombay
Blaxland, J E, Comdr RN
Bozzoni, Francesco
Brinkmann, Lieut Zur See
Collingwood, Lieut-Col H
Cox, Mr Arthur F
Cooper, Mr C P
Da Costa, D Antonio Pedro, Bishop of Damaun.
De Quadros, M R, Kt
Deane, Lieut-Col T
Do Canto, F M
Firebrace, Lieut-Col F
Forjett, Maj F
Geary, Mr Grattan
Greig, Rev Thomas H
Gues, H
Hughes, Mr Walter E
Humfrey, Major
Janni, Joseph
Latham, F L, Advocate-General
Lewis, Goldwyer Rev
Little, Mr T D
Lugard, Maj H T
Mackichan, Rev Dr
Mackenzie, Mr T D
Marshall, Mr John
Merewether, Col
Merriman, Col W
Monteath, Mr J
Morland, Sir Henry, Capt
Ollivant, Mr E C K
Parsons, Mr Justice,
Pemberton, Col C C
Pernet, Charles
Phipps Hornby, Capt E J
Pinkerton, Surg-Genl J
Pitman, E Charles, CIE
Porter, Capt Geoffrey M
Pottinger, Maj-Genl, RA
Pramler, Charles B
Richard Weik, Dr
Richey, Hon J B
Riddell, Lieut-Col R V
Roughton, Major G W
Sassoon, Mr S D
Scott, Mr Justice
Starling, Mr M H
Steel, Mr John
Stopford, Major A B
Studnitz, Von, Lieut Zur See
Syburg, Frederick Von
Tintner, Mr Joseph
Tritsch, Mr Heinrich
Valette, Kapitain Karvetton

NATIVES.

Mr Abajirao Krishna Pratinidhi
Aga Jungee Shah
Mr Baba Saheb Narayanrao Ghorpade
Mr Dosabhai Framjee, CSI
H H Aga Khan
Mr Javerilal Umiashankar Yajnik
Mr Kashinath Trimbak Telang
Mr Pestonjee Jehangir, CIE
Mr Sorabjee Shapurjee, Bengallee
Nawab Abdul Tabrezkhan Diler Jang Bahadur
Mr Pherozeshah M Mehta
Mr Rahimtula Mohamed Sayani
Rao Bahadur Mahadev Wasudev Barve, CIE
Rao Bahadur Yeshwant M Kelkar
Sidi Ahmad Khan of Janjira
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit
Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy
Sub-Major and Bahadur Sheikh M Cassim, Hony ADC to H E the Governor

PUBLIC ENTREE.

EUROPEANS.

Abercrombie, Mr
Adams, Mr J
Allen, Mr F C
Almeida, Dr L D
Almon, Mr W
Anderson, Mr J C
Anderson, Mr H R F, BSC
Arbuthnot, Comdr CR, RN
Ashley, Mr Geo
Aitkins, Mr J DeC, CS
Aves, Capt W, FM
Bagnell, Mr H W J, CS
Baird, Capt J P, BVR
Bake, Mr G W
Baker, Mr R H
Banks, Brig-Surg
Barrow, Mr H W
Barry, Surg T D C, IMS
Baxter, Capt C F, 2nd Glos Regt
Beaufort, Mr A F
Becher, Mr A R
Bell, Mr K D, RA
Benn, Mr P
Bennett, Mr T J
Benson, Mr J J
Bentinck, Mr R J
Beville, Mr F G, BSC
Bisset, Major W S S, RE
Bocarro, Dr A
Bocarro, Mr J
Bode, Capt L W, Mid Regt
Boyd, Surg-Major, IMD
Boyd, Mr W H, RA
Branson, Mr J T
Breul, Mr A
Britto, Dr A
Bromley, Mr H
Brooks, Mr G H
Brown, Major R, BVR
Burges, Mr F
Burroughs, Surg-Major E, Marine Battn
Burne, Mr C H
Calejo, Rev A M
Cates, Depy Surg-Gen
Campbell, Lord Colin
Carnac, Mr Rivett
Carstensen, Mr G
Carroll, Mr E B
Cassels, Mr J A
Castelli, Mr X
Chambers, Mr C
Childe, Surg L F
Clark, A C, Capt BVA
Collie, Surg
Collister, Mr J G H
Conry, Mr T
Corbett, Major R H, 2nd Glos
Crewe-Read, R O, Glos Regt
Cunha, Dr J De
Curwen, Mr Henry
D'Andrade, Dr A P
Daintree, Lieut R N
Dalhoff, Very Rev T S J
Dallas, Capt R E
D'Monte, Dr D A
Dennys, Mr S H, Mar Bat
Denso, Mr Max
Dixon, Dr G M
Duxbury, Mr J R
Dyson, Mr R C
Eardley-Wilmot, Capt A, RA
Elsworthy, Mr E H
Edgell, Mr G S, RE
English, Lieut F W, BVR
Ezekiel, Mr Joseph
Fernandez, Mr J F
Fischer, Mr F
Flower, Mr F M
Forrest, Mr L R W
Fowle, Capt T R A
Fox, Mr C
Freyvogel, Mr B
Fyffe, Mr B A, 2nd Glos Regt
Gallagher, Mr J
Gama, Mr Accacio Da
Garrett, Mr Alfred J
Gell, Mr H G
Geoghegan, Mr FE, Glos Reg
Gilbert, Mr R
Gonsalves, Dr G F
Gonsalves, Mr J F
Gray, Dr
Grayfoot, Surg B B
Greaves, Mr W
Griffiths, Mr J
Gubbay, Mr A M
Hall, Rev E S
Hall, Mr J G
Hetch, Surg-Maj W K
Hay, Surg-Maj
Hewett, Mr G B
Hewitt, Mr J
Hughes, Col C F, B S C
Hussey, Lieut W H, G I P R Vol
Hutchinson, Mr S
Hudson, Surgeon C T
Hume, Mr G
Ingle, Mr I F
Isaacs, Mr R H S
Jefferson, Mr
Jenney, Surgeon G W, I M D
Jones, Mr E T
Jones, Lieut H H
Kemball, Mr C A
Kenny, 2nd Lt J, B V R C
Kenworthy, Mr C W
Keown, Mr J C
Kidd, Mr C J
King, Mr A
King, Mr A R
King, Mr H R
Kingsmill, Mr J
Klingelhofer, Mr J
Kleinknecht, Mr
Langley, Brig-Surg
Leash, Mr J
Leathem, Capt C, Adjt, B V R
Leigh-Lye, Rev S
Leslie, Capt A, B V A
Lisboa, Dr J C
Little, Mr F S
Lloyd-Dickin, Major, Glst Regt
Lochee, Rev A C
Lovell, Mr E
Lovett, Mr A C
Lugard, Col E J, Bl Lanc Regt
Lund, Mr E
Lund, Capt G, B V R
Lynn, Mr G R
MacCartie, Surg F F
Macdonald, Mr S
Macdonald, Mr
Macdonald, Dr D
Macdonald, Mr J
Mackenzie, Mr A G
Mant, Mr R N
Major, Rev J, S J
MacOmish, Rev R
Marquis, Dr M, V C
Maidment, Mr J S
Martin, Major
MacLaren, Mr G
Meiffre, Mr E
Meredith, Mr J A
Merrett, Mr W
Meyer, Surg C H L
Mills, Mr G J, R N
Miles, Mr H J
Mitchell, Mr J T
Montgomery, Capt
Morris, Mr D
Moss, Mr C, Glos Reg
Murray, Mr A
Murdoch, Capt J B, RE
Newborn, Capt
Nicholson, Capt E F
Nicholas, Lieut R N
Noott, Mr C C
Nuthall, Major
O'Connell, Mr J
Oliver, Mr A K
Oliveira, Dr B A
Olivier, Capt H D, R E
Ormiston, Mr G E
Orr, Mr
Osborn, Lieut-Col W, R E
Painter, Mr C A, R E
Parker, Surg-Major J I M
Parmenides, Mr A C
Pedraza, Mr O S
Penny, 2nd-Lieut Louis, B V A
Peterson, Mr P
Phillips, Mr F A
Phillips, Lieut T R, R A
Pires, Surg, G I P Ry
Place, Mr F
Quentin, Capt W
Raikes, Mr E B
Reifferscheid, Mr G
Reynolds, Mr P
Richardson, Mr C W
Richardson, Mr W
Robertson, Mr C M, R A
Rodrigues, Mr V S
Rountree, Rev H
Rowe, Mr W C
Rosario, L P Do
Russell, Mr L P
Ryan, Mr P
Stone, Mr G Prior De

Sawyer, Major C E, D S
Schofield, Mr G E
Shopland, Capt E B, IM
Simeon, Mr A
Singer, Mr R, R A
Slater, Mr D McL
Slater, Mr J S
Slater, Capt H H, R A
Sleater, Mr J M
Smetham, Mr E R
Smith, Mr F Y
Smith, Mr J W
Smythe, Mr A
Solomon, Mr H
Spencer, Mr F A
Squire, Mr W W
Stacey, Mr G B
Steele, Capt L L, D S
Stevens, Mr F W
Terry, Mr G W
Thacker, Mr W
Townsend, Capt C, R A
Trevithick, Capt, G I P R Vols
Turner, Mr C A
Turner, Mr M
Turner, Mr A F
Turner, Mr F C
Tufnell, Capt, Glos Regt
Twiss, Mr J H, RE
Uloth, Mr H W
Underwood, Dr E F
Underwood, Dr C F
Valladares, Dr L A
Valladares, Mr L M
Venables, Mr
Walks, Mr J F
Walker, Col T, R A
Wallace, Mr J
White, Mr F
Wilford, Major
Willcocks, Mr J
Wilkinson, Mr H R H
Wilson, Brig-Surg W D, AMS
Wilson, Mr P R
Williamson, Mr O C
Wisden, Mr T F M
Yates, Lieut-Col C F A
Young, Mr W E

NATIVES.

Dr A D Mody
Dr A P Cama
Mr Abdulla M Dharamsi
Mr Abdool Karim Munshi
Khan Sahib Aderjee Jamsetjee Bhajiwalla
Mr Ahmedbhoy Habibhoy
Mr Ali Akbar
Mr Ameeroodeen Tyabjee
Mr A B Soonderjee
Mr A Narayan Vasudev
Mr A Framjee Moos
Dr Atmaram Pandurang
Mr B A Gupte
Mr B S Shroff
Mr Babajee Cassinathjee
Mr Babu Ramchandra
Mr Bhaishanker Nanabhai
Mr B Byramjee Patell
Mr B Dinshaw Patell
Mr B C Bhandoopwalla
Khan Bahadur Byramjee Dadabhoy
Mr B N Servai
Mr C Harilal Setalwad.
Dr Cowasjee Hormusjee
Mr Cursondas Vullubdas
Mr Currimbhoy Ebrahim
Dr Dadabhoy D Bode
Mr D Nusserwanjee Dady
Rao Saheb D P Khakhar
Mr Damoderdas Tapidas
Mr D Thackersey Mooljee
Mr D D Peshotan Sanjana
Mr D Dorabjee Reporter
Mr Dayabhai Jaduram
Mr D Shamrao Garud
Mr D Morarjee Gouldas
Mr Dhunjeebhoy Framjee
Mr D M Panthaky
Mr Dosabhoy M Karaka
Mr D M Allana Munjee
Mr D Dadabhoy Boottee
Dr Edaljee Nashirwanjee
Mr Ellapa Balaram
Khan Saheb F Jewajee
Mr Fazulbhoy C Gangjee
Mr Fazulbhoy Visram
Mr Framjee Dinshaw Petit
Mr Framjee R Viccajee
Mr Framroze Rastamjee
Mr F M Banajee
Mr F J Furdoonjee
Mr Futehally Shaikamed
Mr G M Sathe
Rao Saheb G M Pitale
Mr Ganpatrao Bhasker
Mr Ghanasham Nilkanth
Mr Ghellabhai Hurridas
Mr G Dorabjee Pudunjee
Mr G Gocouldas Tejpal
Mr G Khuttao Mucconjee
Mr Gulamhusen Allana
Mr G Mohamed B Munsi
Dr H M Masina
Mr H K Tavaria
Mr Hussumbhoy Visram
Mr H C Bhandoopwalla
Mr H C Coorlavala
Mr Hormusjee Dadabhoy
Mr H Narotumdas
Mr H Sadasewjee
Rai Bahadoor H Yadowjee
Mr I Jagjivandas Store
Dr J M J Dastur, MA, Ph D, DCL
Mr J E Kohiyar
Mr J N Framjee Patel
Mr Jamietram Nanabhai
Khan Saheb J Rustomjee
Mr J Dhunjeebhoy Wadia
Mr J Dosabhoy Framjee
Mr J H Mody
Mr J Jamshedjee Mody
Mr K R Cama
Dr K N Bahadhurji
Mr K B Wagle
Mr K N Seervai
Mr Kavasji Merwanji Sett
Mr Karsondas Chubildas
Mr K M I Chilmai
Mr K N Kabrajee
Assist Surg K Sorabji
Rao Bahadoor K Heralal
Mr Keshave K Acharya
Mr K Gulabhai Dessai LCE
Mr K Nassarvanji Wadya
Mr K Jairam Narronji
Dr Krishnarao B Bullel
Mr Krishnamukh A Mehta
Mr Lakhmidas Khimjee
Mr L Ramchandra Vaidya
Mr L Jairam Narronji
Rai Bahadur L Singh
Mr Luchminarain Issurdas
Mr M C Ebrahim
Mr M B Dadabhoy
Mr M S Tripathi
Dewan Bahadur Manibhai Jasbhai
Mr Mansukhlal M Munshi
Mr Mirza Hoossein Khan
Mr Moochool Shah
Mr M S S Abdul Futteh
Mr M B Barbhaya
Khan Bahadur Muncherji C Murzban
Mr M Nowroji Banaji
Mr N A Moos
Mr N I Vaishnav
Assist-Surg N H E Sukhia
Rao Nana Moroba
Mr N B Jeejeebhoy
Mr Nanabhai R Ranina
Rao Bahadur N B Bhise
Mr Narayen Pandurang
Mr N Pestonjee Cama
Mr N Mahadeo Mogre
Mr N M J Peerbhoy
Mr N Maneckjee J Mody
Mr N Byramjee Secretary
Dustoor P B Sunjana
Mr Pestonjee N Wadia
Mr P Culliandas
Rao Bahadur P K Mody
Mr R A Tarkhad
Mr R D Sethna
Mr R S Taki
Mr Rahimtoola Khairaz
Mr Rajaram Govindram
Mr R V J Sunkersett
Mr A Ratanshaw Dadabhoy A M I C E
Mr R V Purshotumdas
Mr R Mathuradas Lowji
Mr Rustom K R Cama
Dr Rustom N R Ranina
Dr R Nusserwanjee Khory
Khan Saheb R Maneckjee
Mr R N B Jeejeebhoy
Mr Ruttonjee J Parukh
Mr S B Sute
S G Ajinkya, BA, LLB
Khan Bahadur S A F Moulvi
Mr S Trimbakjee Kale
Mr Shamrao M Rele
Mr Shantaram Jagonnath
Mr Shantaram Narayan
Mr Shantaram V Kantak
Mr Shivajee Dhurmajee
Dr Shivdas P Broker
Mr S R Bhandarkar
Mr S D Waslekar
Mr S V Sukthankar
Mr S V Patwardhan
Dr Sorab Nariman
Mr S Navarojee Cooper
Mr S F A E Edroos
Sulliman Abdul Wahed
Dr Temuljee B Nariman
Mr T Manmohandas
Mr V Santokrai Desai
Mr V Deepchund
Mr V N Bhagvat
Mr V Atmaram
Mr V Purshotumdas

THE MURDER AT COOLYWADA.

THE adjourned inquest was resumed yesterday by the Coroner, Dr. T. Blaney, at the Morgue, into the circumstances connected with the death of the woman, Rukmee, who was murdered on the afternoon of Monday, the 30th ultimo.

The following further evidence was recorded :—

Cumlee, the wife of one Rama Soobana, a labourer who works at the bunder and lives at Coolywada, said: The deceased was also a wife of Rama Soobana, and she lived with us on the ground-floor of the house. We had only one room. On Monday before last, about 2 p. m. I and a woman named Gowbai were asleep in the passage in front of our room, when I was awakened by a noise in the passage. I and Gowbai awoke, when I saw Crishna Govind, my brother, and the deceased quarreling there. They were quarrelling about me. The deceased accused Crishna of having seduced me. Gowbai and a woman named Succoobai interfered to stop the quarrel, and it then ceased, when Succoobai went out. Crishna and the deceased then sat with them, and I sat down to grind corn in the same passage, Gowbai also sat down, Gowbai then asked the deceased to go out with her to collect fuel. She said it was yet too early to go. The deceased then got up and went into our room to get out some rice and Crishna followed her. A woman named Bhaghee, and another woman, named Chimnee, were present when the quarrel took place between Crishna and the deceased. They were both sitting in the passage when the deceased went into her room. From the passage they went and sat down in the verandah. Almost immediately Crishna rushed out of the room, and deceased also came out of her room, holding her throat, which was bleeding. She could not speak. Gowbai told me to fetch a rag and wet it in water. The deceased sat down in the passage and I tied the rug round her throat which was cut. A crowd of people collected and a policeman came with them. He picked up the knife, the blade of which was stained with blood. A victoria was brought, into which the deceased was placed, and as she was being taken by the policeman, my husband came there, and he went away in the victoria with the deceased.

Dr. Sidney Smith, Surgeon to the Coroner, said : On the 31st of December last, I made an examination of the body of the deceased woman, Rukmee, aged about 30 or 32 years, at the Morgue, at 10 a.m. There was a wound extending right across the front of the neck from ear to ear. There were no other external marks of violence on the body. From the post-mortem appearance, I am of opinion that death was due to hœmorrhage consequent on the wound of the neck. I do not think it was self-inflicted. It could have been inflicted by the knife shown to me.

Luximon Govind, police constable No. 430 B, said : On Monday, the 30th of last month, I was at my post, when about 2 p.m., a passer-by told me that a woman's throat had been cut in Coolywada. I went into that street and followed a crowd to a house, where I saw deceased sitting with her throat cut. A woman named Gowbai showed me a knife, which was lying in the verandah. I picked it up. The blade was open, and covered with fresh blood. I took charge of it, and when I went to the G. T. Hospital with the deceased, I there met Inspector Butterfield and gave it into his custody. I took the deceased away from the house in a victoria, but before I left the house, two policemen came there, and I left them in charge.

Other witnesses gave corroborative statements of the above evidence, upon which the jury returned the following verdict unanimously :—That the death of Rukmee was caused by hœmorrhage from the throat, the result of a wound inflicted on her with a knife by one Crishna Govind, under such circumstances that the act of Crishna Govind was culpable homicide amounting to murder.

RATNAGIRI SCHOOL OF INDUSTRY.

THE annual prize distribution in connection with the Ratnagiri School of Industry took place recently under the presidency of Mr. G. F. M. Grant, C.S., the Revenue Commissioner of the Southern Division. The school compound was decorated with coloured draping and bunting. Over the main entrance was constructed an arch with the devise "Welcome to all;" and the foot-path from the entrance gate to the school-house was lined with rows of plantain trees and flower pots on either side. The school hall was also artistically decorated with evergreens, and flowers, and hung with framed drawings by the students. Among those present were :—Mr. J. H. Todd C.S., the District Collector; Mr. R. S. Tifnis, C.S., the Assistant Judge; Dr. H. McColman, Civil Surgeon; Mrs. McColman; Mr. Alban, the Police Officer in charge; ex-King Theebaw; Mr. Mongpo, the interpreter to ex-King Theebaw; Rao Bahadoor Fadke, President of the Local Municipality; R. B. Bhangaokar, Assistant Commissioner; R. B. Desai, Native Assistant to the Commissioner; R. B. Joshi, Huzur Deputy Collector; R. S. Kelkar, Head Master of the High School; R. S. Yatgiry, Mamlatdar; R. S. Showche; Mr. K. G. Shetey, Acting Superintendent of the School; Messrs. Damle, Namjoshi, Katre, Bhate, Dhapre, Lalla, and many other leading inhabitants of the town.

At the request of Mr. K. G. Shetey, Mr. G. F. M. Grant, C.S., the Revenue Commissioner, S.D., occupied the chair. The proceedings were opened by the head-master Mr. R. G. Joshi, who read a very interesting report on the origin and development of the school and its working in the year 1888-89. In giving the results of instruction, he remarked that the school was visited and examined by Professor Soorgie, of the College of Science, Poona, in carpentry, inlaying, polishing, and the various subjects of drawing; and by Rao Saheb Nadkarni, in vernacular studies, both of whom recorded their perfect satisfaction about the general progress of the school, in their inspection report. He pointed out by comparing the figures of the past five years, that in the year under report, the out-turn on furniture exceeded any previous amount by more than a thousand rupees, and showed a marked improvement in decorative art applied to furniture, manufactured in the school, speaking highly about the public appreciation thereof. In further support of this he also gave a convincing proof of the finish and excellence of the wood-work manufactured here by quoting the most encouraging remark on the efficiency and improvement of the school from the learned, instructive, and interesting speech of his Excellency Lord Reay, the Governor of Bombay, at the presentation of medals to the winners at the last Arts Exhibition, Poona, on the 10th September, 1889, and invited the kind attention of the gathering to the silver medal and the accompanying certificates from the Exhibition Committee to the superintendent of the school for the excellent woodwork sent for the exhibition. He tendered his thanks to the kind Government and the local Board for increasing the grant from Rs. 6,000 to Rs. 11,500, and paid a tribute of sincere gratitude to the late Sir Barrow Ellis, K.C.S.I., and the late Judge C. B. Izon, for their most liberal donations of Rs. 25,000 and Rs. 1,040, respectively, the interest on which sums is made available to the institution for awarding scholarships and prizes to the deserving boys of the school. He also accorded his best thanks to the benevolent founders and patrons of the school; to the worthy and enlightened president, and to all high officials, and non-officials, who graced the hall with their presence.

Then followed some recitations by boys of the school. Certificates of the First and Second Grade Art Examinations from Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay, the school certificates of proficiency and the prizes in books, tools, instruments, and also in cash were awarded to the successful students by the president, who expressed his great satisfaction as to the general advancement of the institution in its various ramifications and eulogised the superintendent and all his hard working staff for maintaining the prosperity of the institution with their so much zeal and interest. Pan-supari, attar, and golab were then distributed, and after a very hearty vote of thanks to the president the gathering dispersed.

PRIZE-DISTRIBUTION AT NAVSARI.

THE distribution of prizes to the successful students of the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Navsari Zarthoshti Madressa took place in the Madressa Hall on New Year's Day. Among those present were :—Rao Bahadur Suba Sahib R. V. Damnasker (chairman), Messrs Kharsetji Rustamji Kama, Cowasji Nusserwanji Kanga, Hormusji Dadabhoy, Darashah Chichgar, Bomanji Patel, Nanabhoy Byramji Jejeebhoy, Dr. Cowasji Hormusji, Mr. Framji Cowasji Banaji, M.A., the Head Priest and the head Desai of the Navsari Parsis, Mr. Burjorji Palonji Desai, Mr. Boga, the Judge and the Munsif of Navsari, and Messrs. Ratanji Tata and Nasarwanji Patel.

The Suba Sahib having taken the chair, Mr. Cowasji Nusserwanji Kanga, honorary secretary to the Madressa, read the report. He said that the number of students had increased from 48 to 166 in the course of the last ten years. The annual average of students who passed the Matriculation examination during this period was four, although only one passed this year. The Madressa had six scholarships and ten free-studentships.

Mr. Tait, the Director of Anglo-Vernacular Instruction in the Baroda State, after tabulating the general result of the examination of the Madressa, remarked: "This compared favourably with the similar table of last year, and thought the trustees had very good reason to be satisfied with the condition of the school and the efficiency of the staff."

After about a dozen select poems had been recited, and the prizes distributed, the Suba Sahib said that those present would agree with him that they had passed the hour in a pleasant way. The recitations were highly interesting, and did great credit to the school. Mr. Tait's report furnished every ground for satisfaction. It was one of the many proofs of the liberal educational policy of his Highness the Gaekwar that he had increased the grant-in-aid to this madressa from Rs. 2,600 to Rs. 3,500 in the course of the last ten years. The presence of such a large number of Parsi ladies and gentlemen was an unmistakable sign of the keen interest their whole community, and not only some particular section of it, took in matters of education. He congratulated the Parsis on having made so much progress in the course of the twelve centuries of their residence in India—that little band of Persians who, escaping from the hands of their fierce and savage persecutors, had received protection from the mild Hindus, but seemed destined to protect the Hindus themselves from social ruin. Both these communities were descendants of one common ancestral race, but they were separated for centuries by a Providence which had now brought them back to live together and, he hoped, to reunite for ever. (Applause.) He sincerely hoped that the Government of his Highness would help the managing committee in carrying out the scheme for a new building and for a technical class. (Applause.)

Mr. K. R. Kama, the president of the managing committee, said that the Suba Sahib had laid the Parsis under an obligation by presiding at the prize-exhibition of the madressa. Ten years ago the Government of his Highness the Gaekwar gave a grant of Rs. 2,600, which was raised to Rs. 3,200 after the visit of his Highness to Navsari, and recently to Rs. 3,500 at the recommendation of the Director of Anglo-Vernacular Instruction in the Baroda State. The managing committee had always fulfilled the condition laid down by his Highness that the head-master should be a graduate, and had even exceeded the wishes of his Highness by appointing M. A.'s whenever possible. "An altogether new school building" was, in the words of Mr. Tait, "the great desideratum for Nowsari," and the managing committee hoped that his Highness would kindly help it in supplying the want. Mr. Kama hoped to witness the next year's prize exhibition in the new building, of which a plan had already been prepared by Mr. Chisholm, the architect to his Highness.

Mr. Hormusji Dadabhoy made a short but effective speech, in which he suggested that there should be a debating society in connection with the madressa.

A vote of thanks to the president concluded the proceedings.

THE failure of the supply of natural gas at Pittsburg and its neighbourhood is no longer in doubt. All sorts of explanations have been given by the companies to account for the falling-off, notably changes going on in replacing old pipes and the like, but all those improvements have been made, and still the deficiency exists. The companies supplying the natural gas evidently hoped, Micawber-like, that something would "turn up" to put an end to their difficulties, but matters have gone from bad to worse, until at last they have been compelled to admit the real state of the case. A good many establishments have decided to return to the use of coal. Some have already made the change. The worst feature in the outlook is that the falling-off in the gas supply extends to the surrounding district.

THE FISK JUBILEE SINGERS.

THIS company were again most successful in their concert on Monday evening, on which occasion his Excellency Lord Reay was present. The hall was literally packed, even to the spiral staircase, which offered seats for a few who could not reach the gallery. Every item on the programme, and many additions, owing to encores, were rendered in a perfectly artistic and finished manner, showing how studiously each member must have worked to furnish us with so grand a musical treat. One feels assured whenever those sweet, perfectly trained voices blend together, that a mistake, a false note or tone, is out of the question; all goes smoothly from beginning to end without the slightest hesitation. It is simply marvellous to see a group of singers rendering a number of pieces night after night, without a line of music to guide them, and beyond which the accuracy with which each piece is commenced, each member "striking" his or her note exactly. The time, too, is another feature, there being neither conductor nor, as a rule, instrument to guide them. One sits and listens to their grand strains, now *forte*, now *piano*, floating through the air, and feels carried away with a perfect harmony which, undoubtedly, soothes "the troubled mind." Music, without a doubt, hath charms; and certainly in such music as we hear from the Fisk Jubilee Singers, because the charm lies in the spell, and we think very few, if any, who have heard this company, can leave the hall without feeling greatly and deeply impressed, and particularly so in the sacred melodies and the *pianissimo* passages. When needed, there is the *staccato* as brisk and accurate as can be sung, while the words are distinctly heard—a feature in part singing which cannot be too highly commended. Mr. Loudin's deep bass voice is, in itself, a grand treat, and his inimitable "laugh" is that which sets the audience fairly laughing aloud in the song he has favoured us with once or twice, "A jolly good hearty laugh"! The whole company seem to be beyond criticism, one feels inclined to combine the sublime with the ridiculous and compare their singing to a sound good "kick,"—something which can be felt, and not described. A word of praise must be said for Miss Henson, who must have the keynote of all the music by heart, everything being dependent upon one soft tone given from the small organ. Her pianoforte accompaniments are splendidly performed, and must be a great assistance to those who know what "time" is, and how the slightest variance may put a vocalist to some inconvenience. Not so here; accompanyist and vocalist are one, as the whole company seem, like one grand vocal organ in their part singing, governed by the "stops" at the performer's discretion. We regret their stay is so short in Bombay, but express a hope such an opportunity may again be given us of hearing the talented Fisk Jubilee Singers, who have charmed the ears and hearts of many of us during the past week.

Last evening there was again a large attendance and the part singing was again and again loudly applauded.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

DISPUTE BETWEEN A SON AND HIS ADOPTIVE MOTHER.

NARAYEN PURSHOTUM *vs.* SATYABHAMABAI.

THE hearing of this case was proceeded with. The plaintiff claimed that it may be declared that the release, dated 15th September, 1883, is void; that as the adopted son, he is entitled to the whole estate of Purshotum Canoba; that an account may be taken of the estate come to the hands of defendant, his widow and executrix; that the defendant may be decreed to deliver up to him the whole of the estate, &c. Mr. Lang and Mr. Vicajee, instructed by Mr. D. S. Garud, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Jardine and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland, and Bayley, appeared for the defendant, the adoptive mother of the plaintiff.

At the close of the plaintiff's case, Mr. Inverarity, on behalf of the defendant, said he would like to prove his case, and that the Rs. 1,500 were actually paid to the plaintiff.

His Lordship said it was quite unnecessary to call on the defendant to proceed with her case. The plaintiff's case failed entirely. The evidence he gave in Court and the case he tried to make out of it, were inconsistent with the allegations of the plaintiff. In his plaint he alleged that the defendant, taking advantage of his embarrassed circumstances, represented to him that she would pay him a certain sum of money in cash, and settle with all his creditors if he would release in her favour all his claims upon the estate of his adoptive father; and that he, believing these representations, executed the release; but that he was not paid the Rs. 1,500, and the defendant never settled with his creditors. Now, these allegations in themselves, his lordship thought, would hardly justify a cancellation of the release, though they might justify an action for breach of contract. Assuming, however, the former contention to be correct, the plaintiff's own evidence distinctly contradicted the allegations in his plaint. In the release itself not a word was said about any settlement with the creditors. It provided only that Rs. 1,500 were to be paid to the plaintiff. So far from the misrepresentations set out in the plaint having been made to the plaintiff, he admitted that he knew the extent of Purshotum's estate; and he said that the release was the result of an arrangement between himself, the defendant, and other persons, arrived at in order to defraud his creditors. No money at all was to be paid to him; and the defendant was not to pay off his debts with her own monies; but the release was to be shown to the creditors, and then when they were so induced to take less than what was due to them, and their claims on him were settled, the release was to be torn up, and the plaintiff reinstated in his proper position as owner of the estate. Such a case was totally antagonistic to the case set up in the plaint and in the pleadings. His Lordship, at this stage, could not allow an amendment of the one cause of action to be substituted for the other. It was not necessary to decide whether the release was in any way binding on the plaintiff; it was sufficient to say that it could not be set aside for the reasons alleged in the plaint. His lordship found that the plaintiff was entitled to no relief in the present suit, which was, therefore, dismissed with costs.

MILITARY NEWS.

THE death of Major-General Henry de Renzy Pigott is reported as having occurred in Manitoba. He saw considerable Indian service in the 83rd, 2nd and 1st Battalions 19th and 70th Regiments, and was with the latter corps under Sir M. Biddulph at Kandahar in 1878.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL J. S. F. MACKENZIE, Military Accounts Department, lately employed on special duty on Sapper and Miner forms has proceeded on sick leave to England, and will retire from the service at the end of his leave.

THE new rank of Major in the Guards has been introduced into the Coldstreams, but not yet into the Grenadiers or Scots Guards. Vesey Dawson is the first officer to hold the rank of Major in the Brigade of Guards.

THE infantry armourer sergeants at Aldershot have all been ordered to Enfield for practical instruction in the parts of the new army rifle and its magazine attachment.

THE 2nd Battalion Yorkshire Regiment (late 2-19th) embarked at Portsmouth on the 31st ultimo, and is expected to arrive at Bombay on the 28th instant, and will be quartered at Bangalore, where the battalion formerly served in 1868.

THE 15th, 31st and 34th Batteries, Southern Division, Royal Artillery, on arrival from India have been quartered at Portsmouth. The 1st Battalion West Riding Regiment on arrival from Aden will be quartered at York, the 1st Battalion York and Lancashire Regiment making room for them by proceeding to Birr.

THE 2nd Battalion King's Own Scottish Borderers embark at Alexandria on the 2nd January in the *Serapis*, arrive at Bombay on the 14th idem, and will be quartered at Sabathu.

AT the annual meeting of the South London Rifle Club, held at Nunhead, on the 2nd ultimo, some damaging statements in regard to the new service revolver were made. A committee of expert shots with the weapon arrived at the opinion that the cartridge is too light to stop a man effectually at close quarters, that the barrel of the revolver is too short for accurate shooting, and that the whole weapon is too light for effective service in the field. This strong opinion should carry some weight when it is considered that the men giving it had won the first prize in every competition in Great Britain with the revolver, in which the club had been represented, and one had won the first prize in each of the two revolver competitions at Wimbledon for three years in succession. In this country frequent misfires are experienced in using the army revolver, but whether they are due to the cap being placed too deep in the socket in the manufacture of the cartridge, or to weakness due to climatic influence in the action of the revolver, has not yet been determined. Both causes may perhaps be answerable for what undoubtedly is a very serious defect, but in what proportion has yet to be determined.

SIR EDWIN ARNOLD AT THE TOKIO CLUB.

WE take from the *Japan Mail* the following summary of Sir Edwin Arnold's address in response to the toast of his health proposed by Mr. Watanabe at the banquet at the Rokumeikan, Tokia, on the 26th Nov. :—

I blush indeed,—if a newspaper editor of thirty years can still successfully blush,—to speak at all of my four weeks' experience of Japan in presence of those who live here, but I feel that the impression will be endruing when I say that Japan astonishes, absorbs, delights, fascinates, and wholly contents me. I have never before visited any land where I envied so much the inhabitants and the residents. I doubt not that there is here, as everywhere, another side to this sunny, gay, and picturesque existence which I see you all leading. Besides summer heats, earthquakes, and the distance from Pall Mall, whispers come to me of official dreams haunted by Treaty Revision, of administrative caprices, of political agitations, of diplomatic rivalries, and of religious discords. Yet, if Japan be not exactly a Paradise, it appears to me as close an approach to Lotus-land as I shall ever find. By many a pool of water lilies in temple grounds and in fairy-like gardens, amid the beautiful rural scenery of Kamakura or Nikko; under long avenues of majestic cryptomeria; in weird and dreamy Shinto shrines; on the white matting of the tea-houses; in the bright bazaars; by your sleeping lakes, and under your stately mountains, I have felt farther removed than ever before from the flurry and vulgarity of our European life. I have repeated to myself, again and again, those Greek verses from the Odyssey, which I may thus translate :—

> Whoso has tasted the honey sweet fruit from the stem of the lotus,
> Never once wishes to leave it, and never once seeks to go homeward :
> There would he stay, if he could, content with the eaters of lotus,
> Plucking and eating the lotus, forgetting that he was returning.

And that I may clear myself from seeming too fanciful, I must be allowed to note, gentlemen, that you also have fallen under this inevitable charm. Your houses are embellished with the exquisite webs from the looms of Japan, with her delicate and playful conceits in ivory and in bronze, with lovely trophies of your taste and her charm in lacquer and enamel. You condescend to the gay jinricsha, and you like, as all must, the soft ways and musical voices of your Japanese attendants. Best and noblest of all the proofs that this fair land enchants and constrains you is the devotion to its service in public matters, in science, art, journalism, literature, and philology, abundantly illustrated by the many distinguished Englishmen present this evening. I am not forgetting the estimable work wrought by our foreign friends in most or all of these branches, when I declare that England and Japan are both of them deeply indebted to the English professors, teachers, engineers, editors, art lovers, and students who have linked their names so closely with the great Japanese *renaissance*. The discovery and research into Sanscrit by Anglo-Indians has done more to keep England and India permanently together than would another army of 100,000 men. If it might be without wrong or offence to other flags, I could earnestly wish that English might become the second language of Japan. Already I see with pride that it is not impossible, and, speaking on behalf of very many at home, I respectfully thank those gentlemen whose labours have bestowed upon England so large a hope. To come down from great tokens to small, the inscriptions on the signboards, I observe, are mainly translated into English. Sometimes these are a little comic, but passing one such the other day in a remote village, when my companion smiled, I remarked that five out of those funny eight words were of Sanscrit derivation, and I reflected how natural it would be that, as her religion came of old to Japan from India, the guardians of India, themselves Aryan, should now become foremost in developing her literature, her resources, and her prosperity. I am honoured by the presence here this evening of many Japanese gentlemen whom I cordially thank for this proof of interest in the name and writings of one whose sole real title to the favour of so many Eastern friends is his earnest and abiding good-will. I shall venture even more boldly to tell them than I have dared to tell my countrymen, that Professor Chamberlain's wonderful grammar in nowise misled me, and that I am glad I have lived to visit their great, beautiful, and friendly country. Yet what I find here more marvellous to me than Fujisan, lovelier than the embroidered and gilded silks, precious beyond all the daintily carved ivories, more delicate than the cloistered enamel, is that ceaseless grace in the popular manners, that simple joy of life, that universal alacrity to please and be pleased, that almost divine sweetness of disposition which, I frankly believe, places Japan in these respects higher than in any other nation. This sounds like exaggeration, and I shall be reproached, perhaps, for praising so warmly from the depth of that ignorance which my friend here, Mr. Gubbins, so well knows to be fathomless, a land where the women, who seem to me almost semi-angelic, enjoy by no means their proper rights, and where feudal laws have still left traces much too deep. But either I am an incompetent observer or else there is to be met within all ranks of this country an entirely special charm of demeanour, an exquisite *finesse* of mutual consideration, a politeness humble without servility and elaborate without affectation, palpably springing from graceful good-will, all which lend a finer atmosphere to life and render the courtliness of less naturally polished peoples well nigh a vulgarity. Retain, I beseech you, gentlemen, this national characteristic, which you did not import, and can never, alas, export. Old Will Adams, the pilot of Queen Elizabeth, whose name is preserved in a street in this city and whose grave is on your shores, the first Englishman that ever saw them, wrote of Japan: "This countrie is gouerned with greate civilitie," So it is still! I cannot express to you the subtle pleasure I have derived from contact with your common people in cities and railway stations, in villages, in tea houses and country roads. I have nowhere passed without learning lessons of finer manners than I knew before, and without being instructed in that delicacy of heart which springs from true good-will and lies above all precept. How did Japan acquire this supreme social refinement? In my ignorance I attribute it to three chief causes—the happy mixture of blood which nature and history have blended in your veins; the settled peace of two centuries given you by your renowned secular rulers; and the ever softening and ever humanising influence of that religion about which I at least can never speak without reverence. I must, indeed, be bold to say that wherever the doctrines of the Great Teacher of India have passed, they bring to the people adopting them, or partially adopting them, more or less of embellishment and elevation. Nay, I believe it impossible that the religious tenets of the Buddha should ever enter into the life of any large body of people without stamping on the national character ineffaceable mark of the placidity, the kindliness, the glad beliefs, and the vast consolations embodied in the faith of Sakya Muni. Nor, believe me, is it ever possible, in spite of the grave authorities which assert the contrary to me, that Buddhism once entering a land should ever altogether and finally depart from it. You will instantly think of India and remind me that the professed Buddhists there are to be numbered by scores or hundreds, but I must answer that all Hindoo India is Buddhist in heart and essence. The sea does not mark the sand more surely with its tokens than Gautama has conquered, changed, and crystallised the religious views of the Vedas and Vedantas, and so far from encouraging anyone to hope that Buddhism will pass away from Japan, or from any other of its homes, I announce my conviction that it will remain here long enough to reconcile its sublime declarations with the lofty ethics of Christianity and with the discoveries of Science, and will be for all of you who love and serve the East, no enemy, but a potent, necessary, and constant ally. I have refused numerous influential invitations to address the Buddhists of Japan on the topics of "The Light of Asia," and I beg you to tell them for me that this was not from any want of respect or interest, but because I am a learner here and not a teacher. Otherwise I should have said how little it troubles me to find here twelve sects of Buddhism, four of them comparatively modern—the *Jodoshu*, the *Zen-shu*, the *Shin-shu*, and the *Nichi-ren-shu*. My slender study of these divergent systems makes me regard them as very much like the four walls of one of your paper houses, from each *shoji* of which you look towards different quarters but see one and the same light of Heaven. For, gentlemen (European as well as Japanese), is it not the heavenly light of Love, of Pity, of Renunciation which we see shining in the eighteenth of the forty-eight prayers of Amitabha. "If any of the living being of the ten regions who have believed in good with true thought and desire to be born again in my land of peace and joy, and who have, even unto ten times, repeated that thought, if one of these should fail to be born again there, then may I myself never attain *Sam Buddha*, The Perfect Knowledge."

ALL those who appreciate Lily-white Teeth purity of the Mouth, and a Breath of Flowers, should use Kemp & Co.'s FLORAL MOUTH ELIXIR, which is both a perfect dentifrice and at the same time a delicious Mouth-Wash. Per bot Is, Rs. [illegible]-4 and Rs. 3-4.

MAJOR-GENERAL TREVOR ON INDIAN RAILWAY EXTENSION.

IN his speech at the half yearly meeting of the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Company, in London, on the 20th December, Major-General Trevor, the Chairman of the Board, in moving the adoption of the report, said :—

A report like that you have received tells its own tale. It needs no defence, and I do not suppose any of you will express dissatisfaction. We have, as paragraph 20 shows, increased our gross earnings on the whole system, compared with the same period of 1888, by about 9½ per cent., while our working charges have only risen a little more than 5 per cent., and that rise is simply due to increased work in the locomotive department in hauling trains, to increases in the cost of coal, and to heavier charges for loss by exchange. Such increases are not preventable. They rise from causes beyond our control. Where our staff can regulate expenditure, there is practically no increase of charge, although we have moved 400,000 passengers, and about 35,000 tons of goods more than we did in the corresponding half of 1888.

What will interest you more, however, than these details is to learn the prospects of the current half-year. This is the bad half of the year, and last year we were only able to give you for it 5s. in excess of your guarantee. For the current half-year, payable in July next, the amount will be the same, or with the guarantee £2 15s. per cent. on your stock, making the dividend for the year 1889 £6 17s. 6d., against £3 11s. in 1888, and £6 10s. in 1887. We had hoped for a slightly better result for this half-year, but traffic in grain and seeds has been slack, showing a decrease of about Rs. 12½ lakhs, made up, however, by increases in coaching cotton, and miscellaneous articles, the net result being very much the same, so far as we can now judge, as in the corresponding half of 1888.

In paragraph 4 of our report, you will observe that about 316 miles of new railway in extension of our system are either in hand or about to be undertaken. The lines of H. H. the Guicowar we both construct and work. Those of the Maharajahs of Jodhpore and Bikaneer will be constructed and worked by their own staff, we only giving assistance when asked to do so. The Godra-Rutlam Railway (which will, I believe, be on the broad gauge, but the point is not definitely settled), will be constructed as part of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, and under the same agreement. This line we have been persistently urging on the Secretary of State for many years past, and it is only now sanctioned because a very large expenditure in doubling parts of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway would otherwise be inevitable. The line will be a very valuable one to us, more especially if hereafter prolonged, as it is certain to be, into what is called the Garden of Malwa, by the Secretary of State for India, and connected by branches to their respective capitals by some of the native Princes of the Central India or Rajputana Political Agencies. These Pinces are now beginning to appreciate the benefits railways confer, and it is probable, year by year, that they will build extensions to our system, so as to bring their States into contact with other provinces.

The benefit these branches are to us will be best illustrated if I compare our position in 1869, when our trunk line from Bombay to Ahemdabad was alone in existence, and before we began to build branches, and Government and Native Princes to construct extensions, with our position on the 30th of June last.

I will first take our own line. In June 1869, it was 308 miles in length; its gross revenue for the year ending in that month, converting Indian currency into sterling at 1s. 10d. Exchange (which rate of Exchange I shall adhere to in all subsequent figures), was £445,391; and its net revenue was £130,998, equal to 1½ per cent. per annum on the capital, than amounting to £7,483,489. The number of ordinary passengers it carried then (excluding season-ticket holders) was 1,698,951, and the tons of public merchandise handled were 141,717. In the year ending 30th June, 1889, our line had got extended to 461 miles, our gross revenue had expanded to £1,208,067 and our net revenue to £688,393 equal to 7¾ per cent. on our present capital of £8,807,218. The number of passengers carried had increased to 10,213,851, and the tons of public goods handled to 1,023,129. In other words, with an increase in length of open line of about 50 per cent., and in expended capital of 18 per cent., the gross revenue rose in the twenty years 171 per cent., the net revenue 425 per cent., and the dividend earned on the capital 243 per cent. The number of ordinary passengers carried has increased 500 per cent., besides a growth in season-ticket traffic now representing 3,000,000 journeys per annum; whilst the tons of public goods handled have increased by 620 per cent.

These are, I think, marvellous results, and are, in the main, though not wholly, attributable to the construction of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway which we now work. That railway has been built in the period of twenty years which I am contrasting. It stands in our adjusted accounts with Government as costing, with the Cawnpore-Achnera Railway, also worked by us, Rs. 1,275 lakhs, or say £11,688,000; and even if it had yielded nothing, still the increased net revenue of our own line would have paid 3½ per cent. on both our present capital and the cost of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, against the 1½ per cent. paid in 1869 on our own capital only. But the Rajputana-Malwa Railway with its branches is far from yielding nothing on its own traffic. It actually cleared net last year 8¼ per cent. on its cost.

Perhaps, if I lump together both our own line and the lines we work for Government, leaving out H. H. the Guicowar's Railways, you will get a better view of the actual condition of the undertakings we control. The total length of the railways is 2,205 miles. Their gross cost, up to 30th June last, was £20,396,000. The gross revenue in the year ending at that date was £3,028,680, and the net revenue was £1,653,738, equal to 8 1-10 per cent. on the invested capital. The number of ordinary passengers carried was 18,752,600, and the number of tons of public goods handled was 1,724,000.

The Secretary of State for India can now raise money at 3 per cent. If he were to borrow now at that rate for the construction of railway extensions equal in profit to the combined undertakings under our charge, he would gain 5 per cent. over and above the interest payable on the capital; or, in other words, he would make for the State a clear net profit of a million sterling per annum on a capital outlay of twenty millions. One such railway may, I consider, be found in an extension of the Godra-Rutlam Railway through Malwa and Rajputana to the North-West Provinces, a line that would pass through a richer and better-populated district than the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, which skirts the southern edge of the great Indian desert, and though it will not have a salt trade, like the Rajputana-Malwa Railway, it will have a larger grain and passenger traffic in proportion to its length. In my mind there is little or no doubt of its being relatively as profitable soon after completion as the Rajputana-Malwa Railway undertaking, but that profit may have to be sought mainly on the State or allied guaranteed lines, not solely on the new offshoot of its branches, for it is on the trunk lines that the profit chiefly gathers, while new extensions with their branches may get left out in the cold if no credit is given to them for their effect on the earnings of the parent stem or stems.

From year to year, Gentlemen, we see doleful predictions of the state of the Indian finances, of heavy losses by fall of Exchange, and of the impossibility of raising additional revenue by new taxes. In their railway system, if extended with a view to commercial profit, the Government have before them a perfect mine of wealth. But this is not the object Government aim at in railway construction. They are building railways, not to make money, but guard against Russian invasion, to exploit Burma, and to protect people from the scourge of famine. I do not complain of this course; all these measures, the last especially, are most desirable; but what I complain about, and that bitterly, on account of the retardation, it is causing in the building of the Godra-Rutlam Railday, as well as the stoppage of all capital works needed to meet the growing traffic of the Rajputana-Malwa Railway (the allowance for that purpose during the year 1890-91 being limited to £10 per mile), is that commercial and imperial objects are not kept separate, and that the commercial prosperity of India, as well as the improvement of its revenues, is sacrificed to an inability to discriminate between works on which generous outlay is true economy, and works which should only be carried out with cautious decision. The same argument is used against both kinds of expenditure, viz., that expenditure for which capital cannot be raised in India, but must be found in England, will enhance the yearly drawings of the Secretary of State on India, and thus tend to lower the value of the rupee. But though this argument may have some weight when applied to expenditure on military, or what I may call famine district railways, it has no weight when applied to commercial lines, for rates of Exchange are governed by differences between the exports and imports of a country, and it is impossible to conceive that if railways for purely commercial purposes are built, costing, say, thirty-four millions sterling, involving a payment in England for interest of, say, a million a year, that their construction, extending as they would to a length of about 6,000 miles broad-gauge, or 7,500 miles metre-gauge, would not in a purely agricultural country add more than a million a year to the difference in value between Indian exports and imports, and as long as they did [illegible] payment of interest on that expenditure in England [illegible] would not disturb the rate of Exchange. Of course, there is behind the law of exchange, in the case [illegible] India, the difference of value as metals [illegible] gold and silver at different periods, but [illegible] difference is governed by production, utilization [illegible] hoarding, and may turn first against one metal [illegible] then against the other. Lately, the appreciati[illegible] been in gold, but it may hereafter be in silver, [illegible] metal appears to have nearly, if not quite, [illegible] bottom. I can call to mind the day in which [illegible] rupee was just as much, if not more, above the [illegible] rate I have been using as it is now below, [illegible] when the then Finance Minister of India [illegible] endeavouring—and with success—to get a hig[illegible] than 1s. 10d. fixed in railway contracts as a [illegible] of justice to that country. This is, indeed, [illegible] speculation, but if silver rises, and the probabil[illegible] in its favour, the more the Secretary of State [illegible] borrow in gold for railway construction, t[illegible] will be his eventual bargain, as he would ge[illegible] rupees for his gold now than he will later on, a[illegible] principally with rupees that railways in India a[illegible]ilt.

Sir Edward Watkin [illegible] been, I believe, urging Viscount Cross to look a[illegible] Indian Railway system from a commercial poi[illegible] view, using the low rate of interest at which In[illegible] can now borrow money to open the country out i[illegible] directions.

In dealing with this ad[illegible]e, I hope it will be remembered that the railway commercial development of India lies almost exclusively in the hands of the Secretary of State. It is of little or no use appealing to private enterprise, which when brought into play can only scratch here and there the vast surface of India, gleaning what small scraps have been left of local commercial profit hitherto uncollected by Government. The great avenues of commerce, the roads to seaports, belong to Government, either as State Railways or as guaranteed undertakings, which are to all intents and purposes State Railways, being treated by Government under their contract powers (powers which were conceded to suit widely different circumstances to those now in existence on our own and some other Indian Railways) on the same footing, totally regardless of the interests and wishes of the co-proprietors, the shareholders, who, on lines like ours, take an equal share in the profits over 5 per cent., as well as incur an equal risk. The Secretary of State is also the great landlord of India, and what further profits may accrue from Railway development must largely fall to him; no matter by whomsoever the extensions may be built. Under these circumstances, it does not seem too much to ask the Secretary of State to look at the question before him in the same way as commercial questions are treated by other railway owners of our race, and as they would be treated by the large guaranteed companies of India if they were free of Government control.

The present commercial position of our race in the world is due, not to the wisdom of the office chamber, but to love of adventure and indomitable perseverance in struggles in the road to success that are the predominant characteristics of the great Anglo-Saxon nations. If Lord Cross will be guided in developing the Indian Railway systems, not by official forecasts of probable results, which are, I can vouch, usually wrong, nor by proposals which change from day to day with every change in administrative heads, the indispensable condition of the one year being the insuperable objection in the following one, but by the spirit of the race to which we are all so proud to belong —a spirit which teaches us never to retrace our steps, but to seize any coign of advantage to get forward—I am sure that when he looks back on his Indian administration he will feel like Lord Dalhousie might have felt had he survived to see the outcome of the railway policy he inaugurated, that he was gratified he had not been deterred from doing what was his duty to the millions of people who looked upon him as their protector, by dismal prognostications which will be as little remembered a few years hence, and prove to be of similar weight, as the prognostications of olden Indian days, when railways were first commenced, that they would never be used on account of prejudices of caste.

THE ARMY.

THE Queen has approved of the following admissions to the Staff Corps made by the Governments in India :—

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenants—Lieut V B Vane, from the Manchester Regt; Lieut F A Smith, from the Yorkshire Light Infantry; Lieut H C Edwards, from the 3rd Dragoon Guards; Lieut G M Baldwin, from the North Lancashire Regt; Lieut C W H Symonds, from the Wiltshire Regt; Lieut A R Barwell from the Manchester Regt; Lieut T C M T Hogg, from the Connaught Rangers; Lieut L M Bell, from the Lincolnshire Regt; Lieut F C Laing, from the Border Regt; Lieut the Hon A F Napier, from the Border Regt; Sec Lieut N J H Powell, from the East Surrey Regt; Sec Lieut H G Maxwell, from the Connaught Rangers; Sec Lieut J Hill, from the Oxfordshire Light Infantry; Sec Lieut W H Prendergast from the North Lancashire Regt; Sec Lieut G W Robinson, from the West India Regt; Sec Lieut A C S Clarke, from the Border Regt; Sec Lieut H L Stanton, from the King's Own Scottish Borderers; Sec Lieut J P C Hennessy, from the South Wales Borderers; Sec Lieut F Shakespear, from the Manchester Regt.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenants—Lieut K J G Dunolly, from the Essex Regt; Sec Lieut J W Ross, from the South Lancashire Regt; Sec Lieut D F N Priestley, from the Welsh Regiment; Sec Lieut F Bruce, from the Welsh Regt; Sec Lieut G H G Mockler, from the Dorsetshire Regt; Sec Lieut R J T Savi, from the Dorsetshire Regt; Sec Lieut G R Oakes, from the Bedfordshire Regt.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenants—Lieut A C. Le Bailly, from the York and Lancaster Regt; Lieut G C F Sartorius, from the North Staffordshire Regt; Lieut C Cook, from the Royal Artillery; Lieut F L Vincent, from the Yorkshire Light Infantry; Lieut. R. P. C. Schneider, from the Middlesex Regiment; Lieut. C. O. O. Tanner, from the North Staffordshire; Lieut A H Bolton, from the Royal Dublin Fusiliers; Sec Lieut J R B G Carter, from the South Staffordshire Regt.; Sec Lieut H G Brown, from the Manchester Regt.; Sec Lieut N G Fraser, from the Royal Warickshire Regt; Sec Lieut W. W. Warner, from the Royal Warwickshire Regt; Sec Lieut J. J. D. Sillery, from the Yorkshire Regt; Sec Lieut E F Twigg, from the Yorkshire Regt.; Sec Lieut P H Cunningham, from the Royal Scots Fusiliers; Sec Lieut T X Britten, from the Gloucestershire Regt.

LINE BATTALIONS.

The Norfolk Regt.—The undermentioned Sec. Lieuts to be Lieuts, to complete establishment:—E W Vernor, W R Brakspear, probationer Indian Staff Corps; and F L Northcott.

The Devonshire Regt.—Sec. Lieut C S Warwick has been seconded for service with the Indian Staff Corps; Sec Lieut E F M Wood, from the Northumberland Fusiliers to be Sec. Lieut, vice C S Warwick.

The Cheshire Regt.—Sec. Lieut. C.H. Davies has been seconded for service with the Indian Staff Corps.

The Worcestershire Regt.—The promotion to the rank of Lieut. of Sec. Lieut. A. H. D. Creagh, which was notified in the *Gazette* of May 7, 1889, is cancelled, that officer having been transferred to the Indian Staff Corps with an anterior date.

The Oxfordshire Lt Inf.—Sec. Lieut F W Bagshawe has been seconded for service with the Indian Staff Corps.

The Duke of Edinburgh's (Wiltshire Regt.)—Sec Lieut J H Whitehead has been seconded for service with the Indian Staff Corps.

The Manchester Regt.—Lieut L H Prioleau to be Capt, vice W Tenison seconded. The undermentioned Sec Lieuts to be Lieuts to complete establishment :—J C Crawford; C S D Leslie, probationer, India Staff Corps; and V N Fitzgibbon

Princess Victoria's (Royal Irish) Fusilirs—The undermentioned Sec. Lieuts. to be Lieut to complete establishment :—W F Templer; A S R Annesley, probationer, Indian Staff Corps; J. E. R. Brush, probationer, Indian Staff Corps; and T. E. Scott.

MEMORIAL TO SIR HENRY MAINE.

THE memorial which has been erected in Westminster Abbey to the late Sir Henry Maine was on Tuesday afternoon (Dec. 17) uncovered by Viscount Cross, Chairman of the Memorial Committee. Dean Bradley attended and offered up a short prayer, after which the memorial was formally unveiled. Among those who witnessed the ceremony were Sir M. E. Grant-Duff, Sir Frederick Pollock, Mr. Ilbert, and Mr. Seton-Karr. The memorial, which has been admirably executed by Sir J. E. Boehm, R.A., occupies a place upon the wall of the west aisle of the north transept, just above the memorials of Major-General Coote Manningham and of Cobden. It consists of a medallion head carved in white marble and let in to a black marble tablet. Round the medallion are the names "Henry Summer Maine, K.C.S.I," with the dates "1822-1888," while below it are the words "Member of the Council of India" and "Master of Trinity Hall, Cambridge," together with the following inscription, written by Sir F. Pollock :—"Veterum prudentiam indagavit Indis leges novas condidit suis antiqui juris fontes reclusit." The words of the inscription, which have yet to be painted in gold, are at present somewhat indistinct.

MILITARY AND NAVAL NOTES.

This is the form in which an old story is reproduced in a service paper at home:—"Apparently the Surveyor's life in India is not all beer and skittles. The Pathans are not familiar with the theodolite and flag of the Surveyor. At Kilah Abdulla, beyond Quetta, on the Frontier, a Surveyor was the victim of a terrible suspicion. The Pathans believed that the theodolite was a kind of photographic camera, and, like the camera, it took pictures upside down. More than this, they think a person using the theodolite, can see through the walls of houses, with the appalling result that the ladies of their families are photographed by the infidel standing on their heads. It is not surprising, therefore, to hear that the Surveyor is highly unpopular, and is apt to be shot at."

The *Admiralty and Horse Guards Gazette* referring to the accident to the Turkish war-vessel which was recently in Bombay harbour says:—"That the Turkish Navy is in a bad way we have long been aware, but we should have thought the officials would have been able to select a ship capable of proceeding to Japan on a State mission. Her duty was to convey decorations from the Sultan to the Mikado, but she broke down, and could not proceed beyond Singapore, and had to send on the decorations and the mission by mail steamer. This will not impress the Japanese nation greatly with the weight of Turkey as a naval Power."

The French Minister of War has appealed to the patriotism of the Press with the following paragraph, published in the *Temps*:—For some time past various journals have been publishing information concerning our military organization and the proceedings in the Superior War Council, which are, fortunately, for the most part incorrect. Nevertheless, certain details might prove prejudicial to the interests of the national defence, the *St. James's Gazette* observes "the enterprising editor may fairly reply that any information which can be obtained by a journalist is accessible to the paid and skilled agents of a foreign Power. It is doubtful whether so much mischief can be done in France as in England by newspaper indiscretions. There is a certain kind of information which ought to be kept secret, and could be kept secret if the officials were faithful to their duty; but every now and then, in England and in France, we hear talk about an official scandal—that is to say, an underpaid officer has been bribed to betray some important secret.

This year will see the compulsory retirement of the following General Officers, some under the age clause, and some from the non-employment regulation. They include General Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar, General Sir George Willis, Lieutenant-General Sargent, C.B., Lieutenant-General Luard, C.B., Lieutenant-General Sayer, C.B., Lieutenant-General Macdonald, Lieutenant-General Sir Peter Lumsden, Sir W. Hamilton, R.A., Sir J. C. McNeill, V.C., Major-General W. J. Williams, R.A., Major-Generals Black and Clephane (of the Indian Civil Service), and Major-General Mainwaring. Some of these may, of course, obtain employment before their time expires, and in the case of Sir J. McNeill we hear that this is likely.

Lieutenant Henry Sharp may well complain that a stern fate dogs his heels. It was he who had the misfortune to be Navigating Officer of the Lily when she was so recently lost in a fog, and we hear he had only just joined the Watchful when she also grounded in a fog. There will, we presume, be a Court-martial, and evidence will be adduced to prove the eddying currents off Lowestoft, where she grounded; but, whatever view the Court may take, we fear that Lieutenant Sharp will be recognised as being unlucky.

The remarkable protected cruiser *Reina Regente*, built rather more than two years ago on the Clyde for the Spanish Navy, a vessel which for speed and general efficiency has scarcely been excelled by any others of her type, was produced for £250,000, or not much more than one-half the cost of one of the American vessels. Coming down to the smaller class of cruisers, writes the *Broad Arrow*, it appears that the *Baltimore* cost £210,000; *Philadelphia*, £260,000; *San Francisco*, £270,000; and *Newark*, £250,000; while corresponding vessels in the British Navy cost from £145,000 to £223,000. From these figures, and others relating to the same subject which our contemporary adduces, it would appear that in the matter of shipbuilding, at least, if not in all other branches of manufacture, the American people have to pay dearly for the blessing of protection. If they would like to have their navy built at a lower price than they are now paying, there are scores of shipbuilding firms in Great Britain who would be happy to oblige, even in the present period of costly production. It seems, however, that the American people prefer to squander their resources among themselves, than to expend them economically abroad.

A step has been taken by the War Office to increase the efficiency of the volunteers, observes the *Army and Navy Gazette*. If successful, it will mark a distinct advance. A circular has been issued from the Horse Guards, signed by Sir Redvers Buller, as Quartermaster-General of the Forces, calling upon officers commanding regiments to form supply detachments, to carry out the supply and issue duties, on the lines laid down for the Army Service Corps. Each detachment will consist of one captain as supply officer, one non-commissioned officer as assistant, four non-commissioned officers as clerks and issuers, and one non-commissioned officer and three privates as butchers and issuers. The members of these detachments will continue to belong to their own regiments. Should the officer desire it, arrangements will be made to give him and his clerks a short course of instruction in the duties required. Endeavours will also be made during the ensuing summer to attach the supply officer to one of the field columns at Aldershhot, in order that he may gain practical experience of supply work. The idea is an excellent one, and the new departure will go a long way to increase the military value of the volunteers.

It seems that the French submarine torpedo-boat Gymnote has been delayed for a long time by the difficulty of properly insulating the cases containing the eletric accumulators. These were at first of metal, and neither glass nor pottery were being thought advisable as substitutes, on account of their fragility, but at length a composition principally consisting of indiarubber, has been adopted and seems to answer its purpose. Advantage has been taken of this unavoidable delay to make many other improvements in the equipment of the Gymnote's electrical apparatus, both for steering and lighting, but I doubt if those on board a submerged boat will ever be able to see their way properly.

The Australia, the commissioned trial of which recently was brought to an abrupt conclusion by the breaking down of her air pump and eccentric gear, went out again on Wednesday (Dec 18th), and developed defects in another direction. This time her funnel-casing became red hot and her boilers have been ordered to be surveyed, Meanwhile, she is detained at Portsmouth. I hear that Sir Anthony Hoskins is exceedingly anxious for the arrival of both the Collingwood and the Australia to strengthen his squadron. The Camperdown he is in no hurry for, and, failing the Victoria, would prefer to retain the Dreadnought as his flagship.

The *Argus* writes:—It was at the conclusion of the Crimean War, with a view to providing for the future against a scarcity of men for the Royal Navy that the Royal Naval Reserve was created. This body, which now numbers about 20,000 men and officers, is employed in the merchant service, and very largely in manning a class of merchant vessels subsidised by the Admiralty, and to be at its service in case of war. These vessels are constructed in conformity with certain official regulations as to water-tight compartments, speed, suitability for carrying an armament, &c., and are among the finest in our merchant service. It is supposed that the guns they are to carry in case of employment by the Admiralty, are somewhere, though no one seems to know exactly where, and it has been hinted that many of them have still to be manufactured. Certainly, if the necessary armament is not to be forthcoming when wanted, it is simply a waste of public money to subsidise these vessels at all. The French Fleet has a similar class of ships; but France has not created for its benefit the intermediate status that is claimed by our blue ensign. The Messagiries Maritimes, although engaged in commerce are commanded by French naval officers, and claim and receive in foreign ports the status and privileges of men-of-war; they carry their guns, and are no doubt, fully equipped to act in any emergency at a moment's notice. On the outbreak of hostilities in 1854, a six weeks' immunity from capture was allowed to merchantmen on both sides, to give them time to reach a friendly port; but is, at least, doubtful whether in the next European war this precedent would be followed. Time will count for so much in the next war, that it is, perhaps, unlikely that any concession of this sort will be agreed upon.

TO REGIMENTS & SHIPS.—Edward's Desiccated Soup, very portable and extremely good. A six-anna tin makes three pints of delicious healthy Soup. Special Terms for quantities. Sole Agents, PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

FAGGED, WEARY & WORN OUT!!

Anyone whose duties require them to undergo mental or unnatural excitement or strain should use

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT."

It allays nervous excitement, depression, and restores the nervous system to its proper condition (by natural means). It is the best preventive and cure for biliousness, sick headache, skin eruptions, impure blood, pimples on the face, giddiness, feverishness, mental depression, want of appetite, sourness of the stomach, constipation, vomiting, thirst, &c., and to remove the effects of errors of eating and drinking.

DRAWING AN OVERDRAFT ON THE BANK OF LIFE. [illegible] fagged, unnatural excitement, breathing impure air, too rich food, alcoholic drink, gouty, rheumatic, and other blood poisons, biliousness, sick headache, skin eruptions, pimples on the face, want of appetite, heartburn, accidental indigestion, sourness of the stomach, &c., use ENO'S "FRUIT SALT."

OUT OF SORTS!—Extract of letter from a Provincial Chemist:—"We have a great sale for your 'FRUIT SALT.' Indeed, I should not like to be without it for my own use; I seldom, if ever, take anything else when out of sorts."

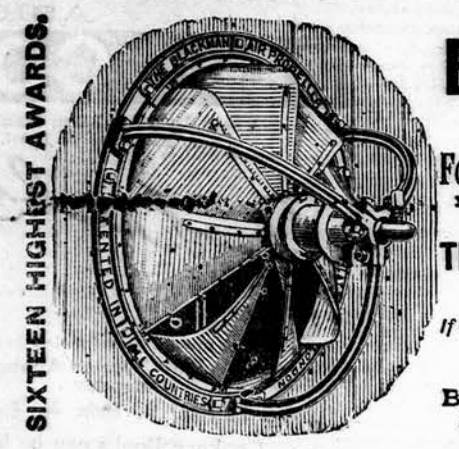
PHYSICAL AND MENTAL TOIL.—"I am working from between six and seven in the morning until ten or eleven at night, and on Sunday morning I wake up as usual a little after six o'clock; but I am glad that it is a day of rest. My head feels large and heavy. I take two teaspoonfuls of your 'Fruit Salt' half an hour before breakfast, and after breakfast it has removed the load from my head, and I feel 'like a giant refreshed with wine.' For years I have received much benefit from your 'Fruit Salt.' I have recommended it to many.—Yours, &c., A SON OF TOIL.—March, 1885. Mr. J. C. ENO."

IMPORTANT TO MISSIONARIES, NEW GUINEA.—"How I wish I had a dozen bottles of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT!' It is the best medicin I ever had, and the most refreshing drink I have yet tried."—*Explorations by Rev. J. Chalmers, London Missionary Society.*

"THOUSANDS OF MILES IN INDIA."—ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" I have found for many years of the utmost value in the hot and dry seasons, also in the monsoons. I have travelled some thousands of miles in India during the last thirteen years, and in all the various changes of climate I have always found ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" the most refreshing beverage I could get, especially after long heavy marches and other fatiguing duties to which the British soldier of late has been exposed to. I am yours, &c., A Warder, at Central Military Prison, Poonah. Bombay, Jan. 30, 1884. To Mr. J. C. ENO.

CAUTION.—*Legal Rights are protected in every civilised country. Examine each bottle and see that the Capsule is marked ENO'S "FRUIT SALT." Without it you have been imposed on by a* **WORTHLESS IMITATION.** *Sold by all Chemists, &c. Prepared only at*
ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, Pomeroy St., London, S.E., by J. C. ENO'S Patent.

SIXTEEN HIGHEST AWARDS.



THE
BLACKMAN
Air Propeller
For VENTILATING and COOLING Purposes,
Moves Air in any direction at the rate of about 15,000 cubic feet per horse-power per minute.

THE "BLACKMAN ROTARY PUNKAH" FOR HAND POWER.

If the necessary data be furnished, we supply free with each Blackman a working tracing of its application, based on wide and successful special experience.

BLACKMAN VENTILATING CO., LTD.,
63, FORE STREET, LONDON, E.C.

S. & H. HARRIS'S

HARNESS COMPOSITION (Waterproof) IN CONSTANT USE FOR 50 YEARS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED KINGDOM.	EBONITE BLACKING (Waterproof) FOR BOOTS, SHOES, HARNESS AND ALL BLACK LEATHER ARTICLES.
SADDLE PASTE (Waterproof).	JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.
HARNESS LIQUID or Self-shining Jet.	POLISHING PASTE FOR CLEANING METALS.

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers,
Manufactory: 57, MANSELL STREET, LONDON, E.

Telegraphic Address: "CAMBRIAN," LIVERPOOL.

C. W. FIELD, WHOLESALE CHEMIST,
IMPORTER AND DISTILLER OF
ESSENTIAL OILS,
AND MANUFACTURER OF
SOLUBLE FRUIT FLAVOURING ESSENCES,

Directs the attention of the Aerated Water Makers to the following:—

Soluble Essences	Of the Greatest Strength consistent with Solubility.
Heading Liquid	Producing a Creamy Head upon Aerated Waters and Fermented Liquors.
Anti-Ferment	For preserving Syrups, Cordials, or Fruit Juices in all climates.

PURE PHOSPHORIC ACID

Is recommended as an Acidulant in preference to the Compound Acids of indefinite composition offered as Citric substitutes; it being not only free from lead, *but from Sulphuric Acid and all similar admixtures.*
Price—In 10-gallon Casks and Carboys, 10d. per lb. In Jars or Winchester Quarts, 11d. per lb.

FIELD'S HEADING LIQUID

Will be found Economical because of its Great Strength.
C. W. FIELD, CAMBRIAN MILLS, WOOD STREET, LIVERPOOL.

MORRIS'S SPRING MATTRESSES

HARD OR SOFT
AT PLEASURE

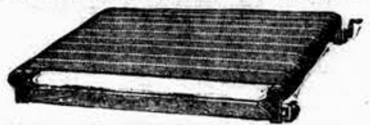
DOUBLE WOVEN WIRE

Beware of Worthless Imitations.

J. M. & S. TRADE MARK.

None genuine unless stamped with Registered Mark.

HAVE THE LARGEST SALE IN INDIA.



A great luxury in hot climates.
Unrivalled for elasticity, coolness, and cleanliness.
Never get out of order! Never lose their shape!! Never need repair!!!

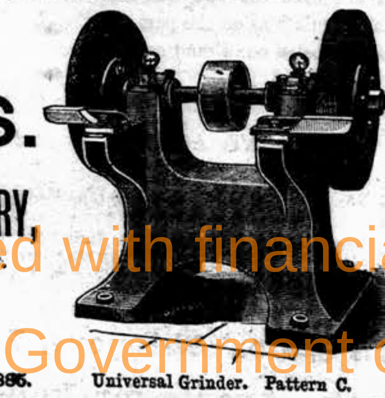
ANOTHER GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICE.
Sold by First-Class Merchants throughout India.
JOHN MORRIS & SONS, ENGINEERS, MANCHESTER.

LUKE & SPENCER, LIMITED,
ARDWICK, MANCHESTER.

Manufacturers of
Improved Patent Consolidated
EMERY DISCS.
GRINDING AND POLISHING MACHINERY,
For Engineers, Machinists, Tool Makers, &c., &c.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE ON APPLICATION.

PRIZE MEDALS:
Amsterdam, 1883; International Inventions (London), 1885.



Universal Grinder. Pattern C.

GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS.
IMPORTANT TO ALL.

IT IS generally admitted that the climate of India is trying to all constitutions and we have much pleasure in calling attention to one of the simplest, yet most effectual, preparations yet dispensed. We refer to

GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS.

THIS preparation has been before the public for many years and has steadily gained in popular favour. These Bitters contain a suitable quantity of Quinine in each dose, combined with the active principles of other well-known medicinal plants, viz., Gentian, Lavender, Burdock, Sarsaparilla, Saffron, and Dandelion, mixed scientifically and in happy proportions, thereby forming a Tonic Bitter *positively unequalled.*

The QUININE are not recommended to cure "all ills that flesh is heir to," but they are strongly recommended as a bracing, invigorating, and agreeable "pick-me-up."

The QUININE BITTERS give tone.
QUININE BITTERS strengthen the system.
QUININE BITTERS improve the appetite and make a man feel that he has nerves of steel.
QUININE BITTERS give new heart and "go" to all who have lost strength and spirit through long illness, such as fevers or constant residence in hot countries.
QUININE BITTERS revive the spirits, and as such are recommended to people who wish to avoid or abstain from intoxicants.
QUININE BITTERS steady the nerves, as patients who have suffered from sleeplessness arising from over-exertion and anxiety frequently testify.
QUININE BITTERS reduce the temperature, and consequently reduce thirst, and are a specific against fevers.
QUININE BITTERS are purely vegetable, and are suitable to all ages, from the infant to the adult, and are peculiarly adapted to delicate females.

Ladies compelled to live in hot climates like India cannot readily conceive the benefits derivable from this preparation.

The great secret of the success of GWILYM EVAN'S QUININE BITTERS is that many people who dare not take *Quinine* can take it in its present combination with other medicinal plants without producing headache or other unpleasantness.

QUININE BITTERS are confidently recommended to Clergymen, Officers, Civil Servants, Lawyers, Merchants, and Professional Men generally who have to devote themselves to Study and Brain Work. To Clerks, Shop Assistants, Sempstresses, and all who Work Long Hours in Close Rooms.

TO THE SOLDIERS OF THE FIELD,
TO THE SAILORS OF THE DEEP,
TO THE SHEPHERDS OF THE BUSH,
WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND THEM;
They give
STRENGTH TO THE WEAK,
HEALTH TO THE SICK,
and
ENJOYMENT IN LIFE TO ALL.

"QUININE BITTERS"—NOTHING MORE.

Once upon a midnight dreary, ill in bed quite weak and weary,
With sleeplessness, lone spirits, and indigestion sore;
While I strove in vain at napping, suddenly there came a tapping,
As of some one gently rapping—rapping at my chamber door!
"It's Doctor Draughts, I muttered, "tapping at my chamber door."
'T was the Doctor, nothing more.
Oh distinctly I remember; it was in the bleak December,
And in every single member of my body pains I bore;
Eagerly I wished the morrow—vainly had I sought to borrow
From drugs surcease of sorrow—sorrow for my pains, galore:
And I asked if I should ever be as healthy as before:
Quoth the Doctor—"Never more!"
"Your chest is bad, that's certain; your neuralgia's always hurting,
And your liver is so sluggish that life's to you a bore;
And your heart's so bad at beating that in vain you're sleep entreating.
While from weakness even now you perspire from every pore"—
But, Doctor, when shall I be fit to pass the threshold of my door?"
Quoth the Doctor—"Never more!"
Presently my soul grew stronger; hesitating then no longer:
"Nurse, send for GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS, implore!"
And the fact is, after tapping one bottle I was napping
In the sweet refreshing napping I had known in days of yore
And with neuralgia, palpitation, indigestion, and bronchitis.
I was troubled never more
Now, to all within my hearing who are now these ailments fearing.
I will give the good advice I received myself before;
See that Evans' stamp's unbroken, and the bottle bears the token
Of "GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS," so well known and praised of yore.
Merely this, and nothing more.

FRAUDULENT COUNTERFEITS.

WE are particularly anxious to caution the public against the attempts of some members of the trade to pass substitutes or even counterfeits of our preparation. Ask plainly for GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS, and see that the name GWILYM EVANS' is on label, capsule, and bottle. Every bottle sent out of the laboratory is prepared according to his recipe and under his direct management. Sold in bottles at Rs. 1 and Rs. 2 by all chemists and native dealers in patent medicines.

N.B.—Every bottle is capsuled and each capsule bears the words "GWILYM EVANS' QUININE BITTERS."

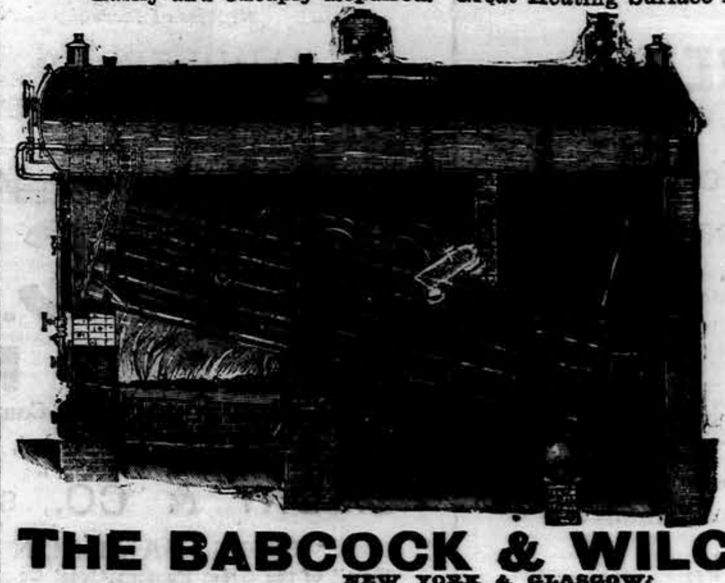
SPECIAL AGENTS:—
Messrs. KEMP & Co., Ld.; TREACHER & Co., Ld., PHILLIPS & Co., Ld.; THOMSON & TAYLOR.
Messrs. HEERALAL MOOLJEE, HURJEE MOOLJEE F. S. MADON, J. BROTHERS (Market.)

Any persons desiring to see a list of *bona fide* testimonials will receive copy on application to any of the Chemists and Druggists in Bombay.

Reference for the above can be made to
MR. NARSILAL DAMODERDAS MAPARA,
No. 7, 3rd BHOIWADA, BOMBAY.
Or QUININE BITTERS MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Limited, Llnally, S. Wales.

PATENT WATER-TUBE STEAM BOILERS.
A REVOLUTION IN STEAM PRODUCERS
BEST PROOF OF THIS STATEMENT,
OVER 400,000 H.P. ALREADY IN USE.

ADVANTAGES.—Great Economy; Great Durability; Perfect Safety. Disastrous Explosions Impossible. Equally Safe at Highest Pressures. Easily Cleaned; Easily and Cheaply Repaired. Great Heating Surface in Small Space.



FOR
MOUNTAIN TRANSPORT,
Parts not exceeding 300 lbs. weight.

GREAT SAVING IN FREIGHT.

THE BABCOCK & WILCOX CO.,
NEW YORK & GLASGOW:
107, HOPE ST., GLASGOW. 114, NEWGATE ST., LONDON, E.C.
European Works—Kilbowie, near Glasgow. Manchester—3, Victoria Buildings. Paris—Boulevard Voltaire.

NOTICE FOR INDIA.—A copy of the Company's Book, "STEAM," will be sent free on application. It contains tables and much information; but is only valuable to those interested in steam.
Apply to NORRIE MITCHELL & Co., 78, Tamarind Lane, Fort Bombay.

BEETHAM'S GLYCERINE -AND- CUCUMBER

For INDIA and all HOT CLIMATES this sweetly scented emollient Milk is INVALUABLE
IT KEEPS the SKIN COOL and REFRESHED in the HOTTEST WEATHER,
Removes and prevents all SUNBURN, REDNESS, FRECKLES, TAN, etc., and
RENDERS the SKIN DELICATELY SOFT, SMOOTH and WHITE.

It entirely prevents it from becoming DRY and WRINKLED, and PRESERVES the COMPLEXION from the scorching effects of the SUN and WIND more effectually than any other preparation. The IRRITATION caused by the BITES and STINGS of INSECTS is wonderfully allayed by its use. For imparting that soft velvety feeling to the skin, this delightful preparation has no equal! Sold by all Chemists.

Sole Makers M. BEETHAM & SON, Chemists, Cheltenham, England.

EXTRACT FROM PRIVATE LETTER.

"The infant was very delicate; our medical adviser ordered your Food. The result in a short time was wonderful; the little fellow grew strong and fat, and is now in a thriving condition—in fact, 'the flower of the flock.'"

GOLD MEDAL AWARDED INTERNATIONAL HEALTH EXHIBITION!

BENGER'S
FOR INFANTS, CHILDREN, INVALIDS AND DYSPEPTICS.
FOOD

"It is palatable and excellent in every way. We have given it in very many cases with the most marked benefit, patients frequently retaining it after every other food has been rejected. For Children who throw up their food in curdled masses it is invaluable."—*London Medical Record.*

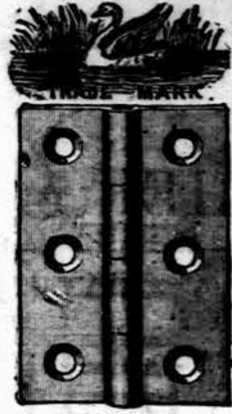
BENGER'S FOOD differs entirely from any other Food obtainable. It may be had of leading Chemists, &c., in tins at 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d. and 5s.; or will be forwarded free by Parcels Post direct from the Manufacturers.

MOTTERSHEAD & CO. (S. Paine & F. B. Benger),
7, EXCHANGE STREET, MANCHESTER.

Agents. { TREACHER & Co., Ld., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA
KEMP & Co., Ld., 7, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY

NOTICES.

GOLD & CO.'S



BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND,
WROUGHT IRON HINGES
ARE THE CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE MARKET.

Indentors can obtain same through all respectable British Merchants.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS, &c.

MÖLLER'S COD LIVER OIL.

Perfected in One Operation by the process invented by Möller in 1852, Incomparable, Palatable, Perfect, Pure,

Do not be induced to accept any other ONLY Möller's ever took 20 Prizes,

MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL — REGIST'D TRADE MK.

CAPSULED BOTTLES ONLY.

Be wary of recent Imitations! so extensively puffed now.

Is simply a *pure* OIL! it contains none of the 50-60 per cent. of water necessarily in emulsions—cheap commodities usually charged at THE PRICE OF PURE OIL.

Be sure you have *NEW* oil!
EVERY BOTTLE OF RECENT PRODUCTION HAS THE DATE PERFORATED ON BOTH LABELS.

WEAK AND LANGUID

feelings, so prevalent in tropical countries, may be speedily overcome by wearing

HARNESS' ELECTROPATHIC BELT.

Doctors recommend it as positively the only *bonâ fide* reliable means for the self-application of mild continuous currents of Electricity. It is cool and comfortable to wear, produces no shock, and acts like magic in the cure of **Nervous Exhaustion,** Melancholia, Impaired Vitality, Nervous Dyspepsia, Torpid Liver, Rheumatic Affections, Kidney Disorders, Ladies' Ailments, &c. *Vide* **Thousands of Testimonials.** This world-famed Belt is also a safeguard against Cholera, Ague, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, and other disorders specially incidental to tropical climates. **Descriptive Pamphlet,** "*Galvanic Electricity,*" sent to any address **free** on application to **MR. C. B. HARNESS,** *Consulting Medical Electrician* (President of the British Assn. of Medical Electricians), THE MEDICAL BATTERY Co., Ltd.,
52, OXFORD ST., LONDON, W.
Largest Curative Electrical Establishment in World
Advice by correspondence free of charge.

SAFEST DRINK

ROSS'S ROYAL BELFAST GINGER ALE IRELAND
W. A. Ross
By Her Majesty's Royal Letters Patent.

IN A HOT CLIMATE.

ATKINSON'S ENGLISH PERFUMERY,

surpasses all others for its natural fragrance.

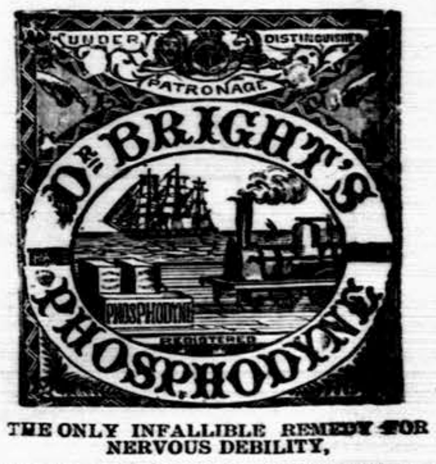
ESSENCE OF WHITE ROSE

FRANGIPANNE	YLANG YLANG
STEPHANOTIS	OPOPANAX

and other well-known Perfumes are unequalled for their delightful and lasting odour.

Of all Dealers, and of the Manufacturers,
J. & E. ATKINSON,
24, Old Bond Street, London.
Trade Mark—A "White Rose" on a Golden Lyre," with Address in full.

A BOON TO THOUSANDS.
HEALTH, STRENGTH AND THE VIGOUR OF LIFE RESTORED
BY THE USE OF



THE ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Loss of Energy and Appetite, Mental and Physical Depression, Incapacity for Study or Business, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Female Complaints, Flatulence, Dyspepsia, Shortness of Breath, Eruptions of the Skin, Impoverished Blood, Premature Decline, and all Diseases caused by residence in tropical climates.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Is a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It operates on the system without exciting care or thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, kidney, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony vigour, yet mildness unparalleled in medicine.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or animating element of life, which has been wasted and at once imparts new energy and life to the enfeebled constitution.

Dr. Bright's Phosphodyne

Is patronized by Aristocracy and the *Elite*, extensively used in the Army and Navy, and highly recommended by the leading Medical Practitioners.

☞ CAUTION.—DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

The ONLY Medicine of that name granted [illegible] by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Mark. Beware of VILE worthless Imitations made up to trade upon the reputation of Dr. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE. [illegible] for DR. BRIGHT'S, and refuse Useless Substitute.

DR. BRIGHT'S WORLD-RENOWNED PHOSPHODYNE
Is sold in CASES at 6s. 6d. by all Medicine Vendors throughout the Globe.

Full Directions for use in 16 Languages accompany each case.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA: BOMBAY—Kemp & Co. CALCUTTA—Smith, Stanistreet & Co.; Bathgate & Co.; Scott Thompson & Co. MADRAS—[illegible] & Co. SIMLA & LAHORE—Plomer & Co.; [illegible] Co.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 19 June, 2017

ROMFORD LIGHT BITTER BEER

(IND COOPE & Co.'s.)

Per dozen Qts.........................Rs. 5 | Per case of 3 dozen Qts. ....Rs. 14 10
Per dozen Pts.........................Rs. 4 | Per case of 6 dozen Pts. ....Rs. 23 4

Bottled specially for TREACHER & Co., Ld., who have been appointed Agents for the Bombay Presidency.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,

WINE MERCHANTS,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

GRAND JEWEL SALE.

Under Instructions from the

DOWAGER MAHARANI OF BURDWAN,

On an Early Date,

MESSRS. HAMILTON & CO.

Will sell by PUBLIC AUCTION

A MAGNIFICENT COLLECTION OF RARE

And HISTORICAL JEWELS, Many of

which are ABSOLUTELY MATCHLESS,

Further Particulars will shortly be Announced.

HAMILTON & CO.,

GOVERNMENT JEWELLERS,

CALCUTTA.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

NEAVE'S FOOD

FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, AND THE AGED.

BEST AND CHEAPEST.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Tart Fruits, Potted Meats.

PURVEYORS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

Preserved Fish, Soups, Game, Sausages, Hams, Bacon and Cheese

May be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India.

ALL GENUINE GOODS ARE LABELLED

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,

PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,

SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

SPECIAL AGENTS FOR

LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Dr. DE JONGH'S

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in* CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognized."

DR. R. G. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS'S Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

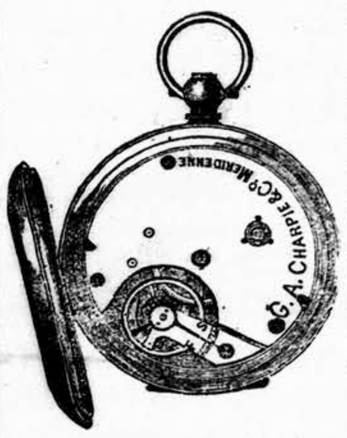
Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,

ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., 210, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON.

G. A. CHARPIE & CO.,

WATCH MANUFACTURERS, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKERS AND AGENTS.


G. A. CHARPIE & Co. MERIDIENNE

THE universal favour that the Watches of our own manufacture have met with, under whatever name or style they have been offered in every part of the world, fully justifies us in stating that they are the best, especially the most honest articles in the market. They are warranted free from such common materials as the "garnet stone" for jewelling, which wear out and grind away the pivots and acting surfaces in sometimes less than 5 years.

We do not actually manufacture for the Trade, not being able to compete with the imitation Watches now so largely advertised and sold in India, where Traders and Retailers want "Profits" and the least costly goods to make money with. In sending your orders to us you are certain to get a genuine Watch.

The following Ruby Jewelled Watches, from our new Illustrated Catalogue, are recommended:—

No. 36.—	New style (as illustration.) Hunter sterling silver, ¾ plate, Lever movement, 6 ruby holes, 11 ruby jewels, adjusted	Rs. 25 0
	Chased and engraved cases	„ 26 8
No. 38a.—	Half Hunter, very heavy and massive sterling silver case, ¾ plate, Lever movement, 10 ruby holes, 15 ruby jewels, adjusted...	„ 35 0
	Chased and richly engraved cases	„ 37 0
No. 46.—	"Longines," 1st Quality, Hunter, Ladies' Watch, ¾ plate, Lever movement, 10 ruby holes, 15 ruby jewels, adjusted ...	„ 38 0
	Chased and richly engraved cases	„ 40 0
No. 50.—	"Longines," 1st Quality, Half Hunter, Ladies' Watch, ¾ plate, Lever movement, 10 ruby holes, 15 ruby jewels, adjusted...	„ 40 0
	Chased and richly engraved cases	„ 43 0
	These are the highest quality Ladies' Silver Watches procurable.	
No. 34.—	Massive sterling silver case, ¾ plate, Lever movement, 6 ruby holes, 11 ruby jewels, adjusted	„ 20 8
	Chased and engraved cases	„ 22 0
No. 74 & 74a.—	Keyless Lever Calendar Watches, small medium size, pure nickel cases (not plated), warranted to keep always the same white bright colour... Rs. 23 and	„ 30 0
No. 69.—	"The Empress," 1st quality, a fine, high class keyless Watch. Much approved and tried ..	Rs. 12-8 ne

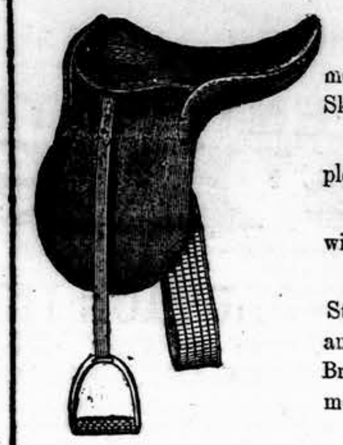
New Illustrated Catalogue, sent free on Application, gives full particulars about above Watches and Warranty Periods.

G. A. CHARPIE AND CO.,

Bombay:
15, Hornby Road.

Calcutta:
2, Chowringhee.

BADHAM, PILE & CO., LD.

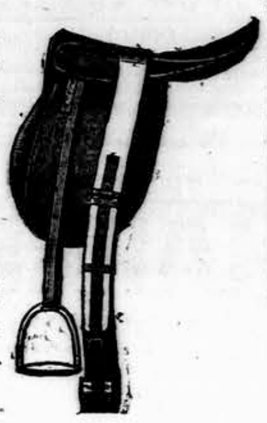


We have received a large Consignment of Hunting Saddles, with Buck Skin Seat, from .....Rs. 45 0 to Rs. 50.

Curb Bridles, complete with Bits......Rs. 14 0

Pelham Bridles with Bit ....Rs. 9 8

A large Selection of Girths, Bits, Stable Brushes, Horse Clothing, Spurs and Stable Requisites, Sundries, Sam Brown Belts, and Military Accoutrements.



Repairs of every description executed in a superior manner.

SADDLERS & HARNESS MAKERS.

BOMBAY, POONA & SECUNDERABAD.

VAUGHAN-JONES'

EXTRA **"C.I.C"** OLD

(Registered Trade Mark)

HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY

Special Blend of the Finest Campbeltown, Islay, and Blended Glenlivets.

Two Grades { Black Label, Very Old.
White „ Special Reserve, Extra Old.

C. DAY & CO., SOLE AGENTS, LONDON;

ALSO FOR THE FAMOUS

"JOHN JAMESON" BOTTLED WHISKEY.

Retail of the Great Eastern Hotel Company, Calcutta, and all dealers throughout India.

BUYING AGENTS WANTED.

Cadbury's

(REGISTERED)

Cocoa

GUARANTEED PURE GUARANTEED SOLUBLE

IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Cadbury's Cocoa is guaranteed to be pure Cocoa.

Cadbury's Cocoa is Soluble in Boiling Milk and Water.

Cadbury's Cocoa contains all the delicious aroma of the natural article, without the excessive proportions of fat.

Cadbury's Cocoa is not reduced in value by the addition of Starch, Sugar, &c.

Cadbury's Cocoa is specially rich in flesh-forming and strength-sustaining qualities.

Cadbury's Cocoa is a gentle stimulant, and sustains against hunger & bodily fatigue.

Cadbury's Cocoa is delicious, nutritious, digestible, comforting, and a refined beverage suitable for all Seasons of the year.

In the whole process of manufacturing Cadbury's pure Cocoa, the automatic machinery employed obviates the necessity for its being once touched by the human hand.

PRECAUTION & WARNING.—Always ask for CADBURY'S COCOA. Always examine your Purchase. See that you have not been induced to accept an Imitation, and be wary of highly-coloured and drugged preparations offered as pure Cocoa. Anything of a medicated character associated with Cocoa proclaims at once that it is not pure.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

CARLTON
RICHD. MATHEWS & COS.
CARLTON
TRADE MARK
WHISKEY

GOLD MEDAL, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION

We guarantee the respective ages of the two qualities we ship as 11 and 5 years old, but owing to new regulations on the part of the London Custom House, we are now *compelled* to Label our Brand as follows:—

The oldest and best (11 Years Old) } as "AWARDED GOLD MEDAL," *White Capsule.*

The next best (5 Year Old) } as "OF GREAT AGE," *Red Capsule.*

WE HAVE NOT VARIED THE QUALITY ONE IOTA, NOR SHOULD WE HAVE, WITHOUT COMPULSION MADE ANY ALTERATION IN LABEL.

CAUTION.—Owing to the popularity of our Whiskey, fraudulent imitations of our Label are not uncommon, and these are placed on bottles containing the most objectionable liquid. So that our Friends and the Public will do well to ascertain that our TRADE MARK appears engraved on CORKS, CAPSULES, and LABELS as per sketch above.

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., Shippers, London

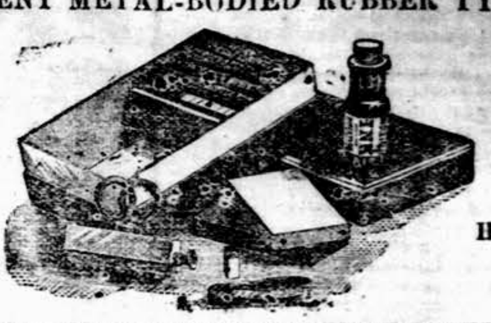
CUTLER, PALMER & Co. Agents for India.

METAL BODIED RUBBER TYPE!

JUST THE THING FOR EVERY FAMILY!

PATENT METAL-BODIED RUBBER TYPE.

PERFECTLY CLEAR, BLACK, AND INDELIBLE.



PRINTS VISITING CARDS HANDSOMELY.

THE MOST PERFECT OUTFIT FOR FAMILY PRINTING EVER PRODUCED.

A New and Radical Improvement in

CLOTHING MARKERS!

A RECENTLY PATENTED INVENTION

For RUBBER FACING METAL TYPE, enables us to offer a most complete and satisfactory Outfit for Printing Cards, Labels, &c., Marking Books, and other articles, and especially for

INDELIBLY MARKING UPON LINEN,

WITH ELEGANCE, CLEARNESS AND PERMANENCY UNSURPASSED, AND AT THE SAME TIME REQUIRING THE LEAST POSSIBLE AMOUNT OF SKILL OR TROUBLE

Rs. 7 BUYS A FAMILY OUTFIT,

Consisting of 110 pieces of PATENT METAL-BODIED RUBBER TYPE, with Holder, Ink, &c. sufficient to set up and print any name, and change any number of times.

BLOOMFIELD & Co.,

RUBBER STAMP MANUFACTURERS,

20, CHURCH-GATE STREET, BOMBAY,

(LATE BANGALORE).

Send for our Illustrated Price List, and when ordering, particular care should be taken that the Name, Address, &c., is very legibly written.

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

And see that each Jar bears Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

J. v. Liebig

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness.

Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

Cookery Books Post Free on Application to the Company.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT Co., Limited, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

Cookery Books can be had at the office of this paper.

KINAHAN'S LL WHISKY

Gold Medal, Paris Exhibition, 1878.

"THE CREAM OF OLD IRISH WHISKIES."

PURE, MILD and MELLOW.

DELICIOUS, and VERY WHOLESOME.

The Prize Medal, Dublin Exhibition. 1865,

[illegible]

BY ROYAL LETTERS PATENT.

SOUTHALLS'

SANITARY TOWELS FOR LADIES.

ANTISEPTIC AND ABSORBENT. FOR ACCOUCHEMENT AND GENERAL USE.

An Eminent Medical Authority writes:—"One of the most valuable inventions for Women's comfort I have seen in the Quarter of a Century I have been in practice. I have distributed several gross amongst my patients, and in every instance they have been most valued and appreciated."

A Desideratum of the highest importance increased comfort, cleanliness. Less Liability to Chill when in delicate health. Diminution of Risks of Disease—No washing—Advantage to Ladies travelling.

MANUFACTURED IN TWO QUALITIES,

No. 1 and 2, SUITING ALL CLASSES.

☞ *For protection against useless and injurious imitations, each Packet bears the Signature of the Patentees.*

SOUTHALL BROS. AND BARCLAY,

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.

Special wholesale and Retail Agents for the Bombay Presidency: Treacher and Co., Ld., Bombay, Byculla and Poona. *For the Bengal Presidency:* Bathgate and Co., Calcutta. *Agents in the Punjab:* Ball Habson and Co., Umballa. *Agents in Lucknow:* Peake Allen & Co. *Agents in the Bombay Presidency:* Tomson & Taylor, Bombay; Cooper Madon & Co. Ld., Bombay; Kemp and Co., Ld., Elphinstone Circle, Bombay. Mr. S. J. Noble, Bombay. *Agents for Kurrachee and Sind:* E. Speechly, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Kurrachee. Plomer & Co., Lahore.

CASCARADYNE

The New Fruit.

REGISTERED TRADE MARK.

NATURE'S REMEDY FOR CONSTIPATION.
PLEASANT TO TAKE. CERTAIN IN ACTION.
WITHOUT A RIVAL FOR CONSTIPATION.

Opinions of the Medical Press.—"We have prescribed them in cases of *Chronic Constipation*, and have found them to effect their purpose most satisfactorily.—*The Lancet*, Oct. 27th, 1888.

THE NEW FRUIT

ACTS on the LIVER.

Not only acts on the bowels, but the charm of its action is that from its invaluable great tonic properties, it at once gives tone and energy to the muscular coats of the stomach, gradually restoring to nature its long lost power. The New Fruit Stimulates the Liver, creating a natural action of the bowels and biliary secretions, &c.

Such diseases as Biliousness, Bad Breath, Congested Liver, Dizziness, Flatulence, Piles, Indigestion, Headache, Lowness of Spirits, Neuralgia, &c., are well known to emanate from Constipation.

Sandell's Antiseptic Sublimate

PELLOID

Registered Trade Mark.

The most convenient, Cheapest, and reliable Disinfectant brought before the public. The tubes can be carried in the pocket and one Pelloid dissolved in a quart of water makes a most efficient Disinfectant, free from any smell.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

SANDELL'S HAIR RESTORER.

T. O. SANDELL has at last discovered a Hair Restorer that is free from sediment, and quite harmless, which will Restore Grey Hair to its original colour, and cause New Hair to grow on bald spots, if the hair glands are not decayed and gone.

All the above Sold all over India by the leading Chemists, or by

T. O. SANDELL, (*Sole Proprietor*),

WEST KENSINGTON, LONDON.

FRAZER'S SULPHUR TABLETS

PURIFY THE BLOOD AND THUS ERADICATE FEVER, IMPROVE THE COMPLEXION, AND WARD OFF RHEUMATISM.

TRY THEM.

Sold by all Chemists at 1/1½ per Box.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

BEECHAM'S PATENT PILLS. ST. HELENS LANCASHIRE

ARE universally admitted to be worth a Guinea a Box for Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness; Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy and Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations &c. The first dose will give relief in twenty minutes. Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For females of all ages these Pills are invaluable, as a few doses of them carry off all humours, and bring about all that is required. No female should be without them. There is no medicine to be found equal to Beecham's Pills for removing any obstruction or irregularity of the system. If taken according to the directions given with each box, they will soon restore females of all ages to sound and robust health. This has been proved by thousands who have tried them, and found the benefits which are ensured by their use.

For a Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, and all Disorders of the Liver, they act like magic, and a few doses will be found to work wonders on the most important organs in human machine.

They strengthen the whole muscular system, restore the long-lost complexion, bring back the keen edge of appetite, and arouse into action, with the rosebud of health, the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are FACTS testified continually by members of all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is, BEECHAM'S PILLS *have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the world.*

Beecham's Magic Cough Pills.

As a remedy for Coughs in general, Asthma, Bronchial Affections, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, Tightness and Oppression of the Chest, Wheezing, &c., these Pills stand unrivalled. They are the best ever offered to the public, and will speedily remove that sense of oppression and difficulty of breathing which nightly deprive the patient of rest. Let any person give Beecham's Cough Pills a trial, and the most violent Cough will in a short time be removed.

The Natives of India will find **Beecham's Pills** the finest medicine ever introduced to their notice; the English residents also will find them of great value for Cooling the Blood: as for throwing off Fevers and preventing inflammations in hot climates, they stand without a Rival.

Notice.—Messrs. NAYLOR, SON, GRIMES & Co. will forward, on receipt of letters, Sample Boxes of the Pills at the following rates:—

9½d. size, 9 annas per box; 1s. 1½d. size, 14 annas per box; 2s. 9d. size, 2 Rupees per box. These rates do not include the cost of postage, which will be added to the amount.

Chemists and Storekeepers can obtain the wholesale Rates on application.

Prepared only by the Proprietor Thomas Beecham, St. Helens, Lancashire, England—in boxes 9½d., 1s. 1½d., and 2s. 9d. each, with which full directions are given.

Sold by all Druggists and Patent medicine Dealers everywhere.

Sole Agents for India:

NAYLOR, SON, GRIMES & CO.,

Wholesale Depôt, 35, Clive Street, Calcutta.

Stephens Inks

Noted all over the World for their Fluidity, Intensity and Durability.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press, Esplanade Road, Bombay.
AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E.C.—PARIS: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., Publishers, Rue de Rivoli.—CALCUTTA: Messrs. THACKER, SPINK & Co.